GOVERNMENT OF

THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

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BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT

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PUBLIC HEARING

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TUESDAY

MARCH 15, 2005

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The Public Hearing convened in Room 220 South, 441 4th Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20001, pursuant to notice at 9:30 a.m., Geoffrey H. Griffis, Chairperson, presiding.

BOARD OF ZONING ADJUSTMENT MEMBERS PRESENT:

GEOFFREY H. GRIFFIS Chairperson

RUTHANNE MILLER Vice-Chairperson CURTIS ETHERLY, JR. Board Member JOHN MANN, II NCPC

ZONING COMMISSION MEMBER PRESENT:

KEVIN HILDEBRAND Commission Member

OFFICE OF ZONING STAFF PRESENT:

CLIFFORD MOY

Deputy Secretary

JOHN NYARKU

Zoning Specialist

D.C. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL:

LORI MONROE, ESQ.

OFFICE OF PLANNING STAFF PRESENT:

Travis Parker David McGettigan

NEAL R. GROSS

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This transcript constitutes the minutes from the public hearing held on March 15, 2005.

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9:44 a.m.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. I'm going to call to order the 15th of March 2005 morning public hearing of the Board

of Zoning Adjustment for the District of Columbia.

My name is Geoff Griffis, Chairperson.

Joining me today is the Vice Chair, Ms.

Miller and representing the National Capital Planning

Commission is Mr. Mann with us.

We do not have a Zoning Commission member with us this morning and we are anticipating Mr. Etherly to be here shortly, but we shall continue on with our business.

Copies of today's hearing agenda are available for you. You can pick it up where you -- they are on the wall where you entered into the hearing. You can see where you are on our scheduled for this morning.

There are several important things to go through in the opening remarks.

First of all, all hearings and procedures before the Board of Zoning Adjustment are recorded.

They are recorded in two fashions. First, the

official transcript is being created by the court reporter who is sitting on the floor to my right.

Secondly, we are being broadcast live on the Office of Zoning's website.

Attendant to both of those, we ask that people do several things. First, I'd ask that people turn off their cell phones and beepers at this time so we don't have a disruption of the hearing procedures.

Secondly, when coming forward to speak to the Board prior to making yourself comfortable in front at the table, I would ask that you fill out two witness cards. Witness cards are available at the table where you entered into the hearing room and also the table in front of us where you will provide testimony. Those two cards go to the recorder prior to coming forward to speak to the Board.

When you are ready to address the Board, I would ask that you state your name and address once prior to starting. That way, obviously, we can give you credit for all the important things that you will state for the Board.

The order of procedure for special exceptions and variances is first we hear from the applicant and their case presentation, witnesses, and anything else that they would like to tell us that is

pertinent and germane to the case. Second, we will hear all Government 2 reports that have been submitted into the record. 3 Third, we would hear from the Advisory 5 Neighborhood Commission within which the property is located. Fourth, we'll hear from persons or parties in opposition to a -- or rather in support of the 8 9 case. 10 Fifth, would be persons or parties in 11 opposition to a case. 12 And, sixth, finally, would be closing remarks, rebuttal witnesses, and summations by the 13 14 applicant. 15 Six steps. They will go very quickly this morning I do hope. 16 Cross examination is permitted by the 17 applicant and parties within a case. The ANC within 18 19 which the property is located is automatically a party in the case and, therefore, would allow -- be allowed 20 to conduct cross examination. 21 I will give further instruction on cross 22 23 examination if it is critical or pertinent to any of the cases that we call this morning. 24

record will be closed at

The

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the

conclusion of the hearing on each case except for any material that is specifically requested by this Board and we will be very specific as to additional information that should to be submitted into the Office of Zoning and when that information should be submitted.

This would be because the Board wants further information that isn't presented in a case or wants clarification of certain issues. Again, we will be very clear as to what is to be submitted and when it is to be submitted into the Office of Zoning.

After that material is received, it should be well understood that the case and record would be closed and no other information would accepted into the record.

The Sunshine Act requires that the Board conduct its hearing and procedures in the open and before the public. This Board may enter executive sessions both during or after a hearing on a case and that would be for the purposes of reviewing the record or deliberating on a case. This would be procedure in accordance with our rules of It would also be in accordance with the regulations. Sunshine Act.

The decision of the Board in contested

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cases of which all the cases before the Board of Zoning Adjustment are and contested cases must be based exclusively on the record that's created before us. That's why I've gone on with such length of what the record is and how we're going to create the record.

That being said, we ask that people present today not engage Board members in private conversations today so that we do not give the appearance of receiving information outside of the record that's created before us in this public forum.

Let me ask all those who are here today who are proposing to give testimony today, thinking about or definitely going to give testimony, I would ask that you please stand and give your attention to Mr. Nyarku who's at the very end with the Office of Zoning. He is going to swear you in or Mr. Moy will. There it is. Mr. Moy with the Office of Zoning.

Anyone prepared to give testimony, I'm going to have you be sworn in. If you're going to speak to the Board at all, address the Board, you're going to need to be sworn in.

Ma'am, are you contemplating talking to the Board? Absolutely. Excellent. Thank you all very much.

Mr. Moy, it's all you.

MR. MOY: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. Do you solemnly swear or affirm that the testimony you're about to give in this proceeding is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth?

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you all very much and thank you, Mr. Moy, and a very good morning to you.

Mr. Moy is with the Office of Zoning. On the far right is Mr. Nyarku who is also with the Office of Zoning. Representing the Office of Attorney General is Ms. Monroe sitting between them. Mr. Etherly has joined us and a very good morning to you.

Let me continue then and the Board at this time can consider any preliminary matters. Preliminary matters are those which relate to whether a case will or should be heard today, requests for postponements, withdrawals or whether proper and adequate notice are elements of preliminary matters.

If you are not prepared to go forward with a case this morning or you believe the Board should not proceed with a case on its schedule this morning, I'd ask that you come forward and have a seat at the table in front of us as an indication of a preliminary matter.

1	Mr. Moy, let me turn to you and again say
2	a very good morning and are you aware of any
3	preliminary matters for us?
4	MR. MOY: No, sir, Mr. Chairman. They can
5	be handled individually.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank
7	you very much.
8	Good morning, ma'am. I understand that
9	you have a preliminary matter by coming forward.
10	If you wouldn't mind, just touching the
11	have a seat. Touch the base of the microphone there
12	or turn it on. If you wouldn't if you would,
13	please provide your name and address for the record.
14	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Geraldine Dalzell-
15	Payne, 3707 S Street, N.W.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent and your
17	preliminary matter is?
18	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: I I believe this
19	case does not need to be heard because I have reviewed
20	I mean I have new plans showing that we're building
21	all the way to the property line.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And your Case
23	Application is 17292.
24	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: We do not have open
25	courts. There are no open courts.

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And you're saying
2	that you've redesigned this in order to not require
3	relief from the open court. Is that correct?
4	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: That's correct.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. So, you're
6	just submitting and you're withdrawing your
7	application. Is that
8	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Yes, please.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Why
10	don't we have those plans put in. You can give it to
11	Mr. Nyarku who is the very far. He'll distribute it
12	and also put it into the official record.
13	If I understand that correctly, then the
14	application is being withdrawn. No official action
15	will be required by the Board.
16	Ms. Monroe, do you agree?
17	MS. MONROE: Yes, that's correct.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, let's get that
19	on the record. There's just some concern frankly,
20	you've if we accept, well, accept or not, you
21	stated that you're going to withdraw the application.
22	However, just for quick clarification, the
23	Office of Planning, has DCRA looked at these drawings?
24	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Yes, they did.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: The revisions?

1	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Yes, they did.
2	
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: They have? And what
4	what has DCRA indicated?
5	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Ms. Rochelle indicated
6	that there were two open courts which I cannot see. I
7	cannot see two open courts on my plans which were
8	presented to her last week.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Do you see an open
10	court? Very well.
11	This is what I suggest. If there's some
12	question about whether DCRA actually sees this as not
13	needing any sort of relief which all, of course, would
14	not allow you to come back for 90 days
15	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Oh, then I don't want
16	to I don't want to withdraw just in case.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Exactly.
18	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Yes.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, taken care of
20	you here. What we're going to do is set this for a
21	continuance with I guess we'll set this out 60
22	days. Put it on the schedule and you're going to be
23	in communication with Office of Zoning depending on
24	whether that needs to go forward or not.
25	You're also going to need to post the

posted for the amount of time. So, we couldn't go
forward with this today even if we wanted to, but that
being said, is that amenable to you?
MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Yes, that's fine, but
was I suppose to post something? I was?
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, absolutely.
MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Oh. I didn't realize.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, this will give
you plenty of time to get that requirement and pick up
your nice Halloween-colored placard
MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Okay. Okay.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: that will go onto
your property and the the staff at the Office of
Zoning right next door can give you all the indication
and requirements for that.
Okay. So, the date would be? What do we
got? March, April.
MR. MOY: May
The Field
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Twenty-fourth.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Twenty-fourth.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Twenty-fourth. MR. MOY: May 17th, sir.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Twenty-fourth. MR. MOY: May 17th, sir. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, let's go to the

1	on the 24th. That would still be 2005. Very well.
2	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Thank you.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: This is the only
4	public notice that we're going to be giving in terms
5	of the
6	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Yes.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: continuation and
8	the date. So, if there's any questions, it is your
9	responsibility obviously to keep track of everything
LO	that's in the file.
L1	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Okay.
L2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And keep track and
L3	implement all the regulations.
L4	So, probably not a bad idea just to stop
L5	next door
L6	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: Yes.
L7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: and talk to the
L8	excellent staff that's there.
L9	MS. DALZELL-PAYNE: All right. Thank you.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you very
21	much.
22	If there's nothing further on this case
23	then, Mr. Moy, why don't we move on to the next case
24	in the morning.
25	MR. MOY: Yes, sir. The next case is

Application Number 17291 of Mark Bailen and Jessica Rosenworcel pursuant to 11 DCMR 3103.2 for variance from the floor area ratio requirements under section 402 and the nonconforming structure provisions under subsection 2001.3 to allow an addition to an existing row dwelling in the DC/R-5-B District at premises 1410 21st Street, N.W. That's in Square 68, Lot 848. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Ready, Mr. Gell? MR. GELL: Yes, Mr. Chairman. Mr. Chairman, this is a request for a variance for FAR for a three-story structure plus basement on 1410 21st Street, N.W., Square 68, Lot 848 owned by Mark Bailen and Jessica Rosenworcel. It's in the Dupont Circle historic district. I'm going to ask Mr. Bailen to make a statement and then I'll have some more -- more things to say, but I think it would be good to get some of the basic facts on the -- on the record. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. MR. GELL: Oh, I'm -- I'm sorry. Before we do that, I did have a request in for Christian Zapatka, the architect --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: For an expert witness?

MR. GELL: -- to be -- to be recognize as

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1	an expert.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And I'm
3	assuming that it's an expert in architectural design.
4	Is that correct?
5	MR. GELL: That that is correct. Yes.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Any
7	difficulties with that? We did have the résumé and
8	attached yes, he has actually been established
9	before. Any other questions?
10	Give him a little bit of a hard time.
11	Right? Think I'm easy.
12	I don't see any difficulty in establishing
13	that, Mr. Gell. Let's move ahead then.
14	MR. GELL: Yes, thank you. Mr. Bailen's
15	got a statement now.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good.
17	MR. BAILEN: Mr. Chairman, members of the
18	Board, good morning. Thank you for your time this
19	morning.
20	My name is Mark Bailen. This is my wife
21	Jessica Rosenworcel. We live at 1410 21st Street.
22	Just a few doors down from P Street. Between O and P
23	Street. Right outside or right next to Dupont Circle.
24	We are seeking relief from the FAR

limitations in this -- the zoning district essentially

17 to enable us to reorganize the -- the attic floor space to permit a additional space to permit an additional bedroom. We purchased this house back in 2003, December of 2003, at the end of the year. It's a contributing building in the Dupont Circle historic district and has been featured in the annual Dupont Circle house tour. We've lived in the neighborhood for many We lived on O Street when we first moved down here about eight years ago now and we rented apartments in -- on O Street and on P Street and we then bought a condo across the street from our current residence at 1415 21st Street. We love the neighborhood and -- and we really wanted -- we hope to

This house is a -- a single-family dwelling with an apartment in the basement and also part of the first floor. Technically, it's a flat.

stay there for many more years.

The building was renovated we believe between 1977 and 1981, approximately 25 years ago.

Christian Zapatka our architect will -- will be speaking more about that renovation.

But, essentially, the way the building's designed or the townhouse is designed now we have a --

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our bedroom is on the third floor and the other bedroom in the unit is on the first floor and we want to create a bedroom in this attic space which would be directly above our bedroom to use as a children's bedroom and we believe that the only way we could feasibly do this is to actually expand this -- this attic space.

The alternative, of course, would be to put the children's bedroom in the isolated room on the first floor in the back which is two floors below our current bedroom and we obviously wouldn't be able to care a -- an infant or a young child in that -- in that arrangement.

You know, <u>The Washington Post</u> recently highlighted an article on March 10th of last week about young families leaving the District in -- in -in significant numbers. While there's obviously other, you know, people coming into the District, the children -- young families with young children continue to have -- continually are having to leave the District because of various reasons and, you know, we believe that the inflexibility urged by the -- the Office of Planning in this instance sort of disregards these other factors that we think are important for building strong communities and helping

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young families in the District thrive.

A little more about -- about the -- about the renovation. This addition is not -- is -- in our -- in our view is very minor. It's not going to, you know, cause any detriment to our neighbors.

None of them -- actually, you can't see this -- you will not be able to see this at all from the street. The -- nothing is visible from the street and depending on the line of sight, it may not even be visible from the rear apart for some -- from some hotel guests at the Residence Inn which is over eight-stories tall directly to our north and -- and west and perhaps some customers at the bar which is in the alleyway behind our -- our residence.

They will probably be the only ones who will be actually -- actually able to see the addition and it will not appear to them as a larger structure since it is -- it is mostly hidden by the existing parapet and it won't cut off anyone's light or air from our neighbors.

As a matter of fact, you know, we've received support from all of our neighbors on this. We've spoken to just about everyone on that block between O and P Street the 1400 block about our plans to renovate this property and we -- we discussed in

detail the plans, you know, what we were planning to do and everyone has supported us. We've submitted a petition with several -- numerous signatures from people that we've spoken with.

We presented this to the ANC Board and the ANC Commission voted nine to zero in our favor to support this addition and -- and there was even -- one of our neighbors felt strongly enough to actually come down to the ANC meeting to -- to voice his support.

So, I think that, you know, in terms of the community support or neighborhood support, that it's clearly there. The -- the structure that we are, you know, asking to be able to build is not going to be taller than our neighbors at 1414, two doors down. They are -- they've done -- they did something similar probably maybe 20 years ago now or 15 years ago and their's would still be -- their height would still exceed what we're planning to do.

That's essentially what I need to -- all I need to say I think this morning. If Christian perhaps would add a little about the architectural components which are very significant and I think you'll see from Christian's testimony.

MR. GELL: Mr. Chairman, I would just add that the petition that we handed you has some

additional signatures on it. We particularly wanted to get the neighbors on both sides and that -- those do appear on the ones that you have now not the one that were -- were in the package.

Christian.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Excellent. Thank you very much for the opening statement. I think it's very important what you've run across and it isn't lost on this Board, of course, the importance of -- of zoning overall in the city, but also in making a city livable and amenable to everyone. But, especially to new families or growing families that they might stay in the city.

I think the reality at times is that we can't control all of those factors and -- and have to start and stop with that which is within the zoning regulations which is obviously why we're here and our -- our point in jurisdiction.

Let me ask you very quickly. I think it's excellent the information that you put in in terms of the support of the neighbors and what's critical about that is that it -- it is -- almost in my mind it is almost the -- it -- it's the opposite of concerns that are raised. So, factors of issue might be brought to us by neighbors that say this will block light, air.

The support of the neighbors indicating that there isn't that, I think we can dispense in terms of the negative impact.

Very strong special exception case as we -- as you put together, but not variance. So, the quick question that I have for you and perhaps Mr. Zapatka can talk more about this is what -- what is the unique characteristic of your property? Because, of course, the variance test starts with what is the unique aspect of this. Our of that uniqueness there's a practical difficulty in totalling complying with the regulations and then we get into, you know, whether it impairs the public good or the comprehensive plan.

If you can answer that, that would be great. My last piece on that and you brought up an excellent point, but I wanted to make sure it was absolutely clarified, that the addition isn't -- you indicated the addition isn't any higher than your neighbors. But, actually, the addition as it's been recorded here is within the allowable height.

So, you're building within. As I understand it, you're building within the entire kind of massing areas or on expanding any of the non-conformities that are existing except for that which is the FAR.

MR. BAILEN: Yes, Mr. Chairman, that is correct. We are not exceeding -- we are not asking for any height, you know, exceptions. We're not.

And as a matter of fact, we're not, you know, we're not even going as far out of, you know, there's existing -- our existing, you know, structure now is -- is even further out, but we're not -- this addition would not go all the way out to that -- to the end of where the existing structure is now.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. BAILEN: So, we're -- it's clearly within and -- and that was I think my reference before about how this is sort of a minor -- we're not asking for a -- a tremendous addition or something. This is actually a very minor and small addition.

As for the uniqueness, I think I'm going to defer to my -- my architect --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.

MR. BAILEN: -- Mr. Zapatka because he can more articulately describe these -- the -- and in fact -- and, in fact, I think the -- the photographs that he will be showing will also be able to speak volumes as to the uniqueness and -- and certainly in a more articulate fashion than I will be able to do. So.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Good. Thank

	24
1	you.
2	Mr. Gell, before he goes on, it seems to
3	my recollection that you cited a court case that
4	talked about the de minimis nature of the relief
5	requested. Am I am I correct?
6	MR. GELL: There was a court case that
7	used that language. Yes.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What was it? It
9	wasn't Gilmartin. Was it?
10	MR. GELL: It might have been. Give me
11	just a moment. I'll find it.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Gilmartin is the
13	confluence of forgive me. I had a high fever all
14	weekend when I was reading this. So, my memory is not
15	going to be perfect. I'm citing these again. What
16	did you find? Confluence of factors is Gilmartin.
17	Indeed.
18	Well, there it is. Why don't we find it
19	for the Board's attention? But, it seems to me it was
20	in here. Either Palmer or Gilmartin. Is it
21	MR. GELL: I wish I could operate my
22	control F on this, but
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, indeed.

MR. GELL: $\operatorname{\mathsf{--}}$ I have to just find the

word.

24

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Which one was it?
2	MR. GELL: Yes.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes. Okay. Good.
4	It is Gilmartin.
5	MR. GELL: This was this was Gilmartin.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
7	MR. GELL: Right. In a footnote.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It was on the
9	remand. The BZA may consider whether a variance
10	sought is de minimis in nature or whether for that
11	reason the corresponding lesser burden of proof rests
12	on the intervener. Okay. Footnote six.
13	Let's move ahead then to the exciting
14	stuff.
15	MR. ZAPATKA: Thank you and I'm delighted
16	to have the opportunity to describe what I I do
17	think is quite unique about this structure and with
18	that, I'd like to pass out some handouts of
19	photographs. I think the best way to understand the
20	house is to to go into it
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
22	MR. ZAPATKA: and this is the best way
23	I can show it to you.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Could you have
25	someone hand those up while you keep talking?

1	MR. ZAPATKA: Yes.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So we can move this
3	along.
4	MR. ZAPATKA: Give it the secretary.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Also, can I ask
6	you're setting those up. Wow. On your sheet A1 that
7	was submitted into the record, it seems to be labeled
8	existing third floor plans. Although one is existing
9	second floor plan. Am I mistaken?
10	MR. ZAPATKA: I don't have it in front of
11	me, but it's quite probably a mistake in labeling.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. It looks
13	it looks as though it was. We're just looking at it.
14	So, we just have plans of the third floor and the
15	attic of the fourth floor. Is that correct?
16	MR. ZAPATKA: That is correct. Yes.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
18	MR. ZAPATKA: The that should say
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's fine. It's
20	fairly clear.
21	MR. ZAPATKA: existing. Yes, it's a
22	it's a
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I just wanted to
24	make sure that's exactly what it was and the partial
25	cellar basement level which is the which is the

rental unit, that's -- you're -- you're counting that as the first floor. Correct? 2 MR. ZAPATKA: Actually, there's a -- the -- the first floor of the house and its basement are 4 5 one unit together. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 6 MR. ZAPATKA: Right. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, just in terms 9 of number of floors when I'm looking at plans, we're 10 at the fourth floor which is actually the attic level 11 or is it --MR. ZAPATKA: Yes, I would -- we're 12 13 looking at the third floor and then right, an attic or penthouse level is where the addition is. 14 15 So, there's -- if you look on A3, there's a profile of the house and you see the basement, first 16 Those two are one unit and then second and 17 floor. 18 third floor above are the other unit, the owner's unit and then the vaulted central attic space is the area 19 that we're expanding and see how it pushes back on A4 20 towards the alley at -- at that level only. At the 21 22 middle of the attic or penthouse level. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: 23 Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: Yes. 24 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. 25

MR. ZAPATKA: So, right. In -- in terms of uniqueness, I would -- want to just make a -- a couple of general remarks as well as specific to this house. I -- I've been working on quite a number of row house renovations, additions in the District, Georgetown, Dupont, Logan. Really quite a number now.

And something that I noticed in almost every case is that either the house is in impeccable kind of original condition, all the original stairwells are in place, the woodwork, the ceiling moldings, doors and windows and so forth. There's -there are a couple of houses, in fact, on this block, there's one at the corner with the rounded front door, and the inside of that is -- is just remarkably So, there -- we -- we see those kind of houses on a number of occasions and it's always a delight.

And then in quite a number of other cases really far more, we've seen situations where the -- this -- these kind of turn of the century stock, you know, Washington row houses have been really butchered and -- and rebuilt in -- in a very prosaic way with lots of drywall and kind of insensitive planning and really a kind of mean rendition of what people might have thought was appropriate for the house or vaguely

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So, I was quite delighted to discover this house where the -- the front facade is so intact with its Roman brick curved at the bays and really quite a -- a remarkable and again, a contributing structure to the block and then to go inside and -- and have the surprise of this kind of soaring open space with a -a lot of volume emphasized and I guess what I would want to say specifically is in looking at this house over the past several months and -- and working with Mark and Jessica on how to gain the additional space they need in the form of a bedroom, Ι sort of certainly withheld my typical tendencies to kind of start over because I think what's here is really rather unique and I would argue that it's a very good example of -- of late 1970s, early 1980s.

This work was done by an architect named Thomas Burke-Simmons whose address is in Washington, D.C. in southeast. It's not an architect I'm familiar with, but I think it's quite clear that the work he did here in the original set of blueprints that I've been working from and these photographs, very clear that he had a -- had a design in mind and this was not a kind of run of the mill developer job where it was all, you know, as I said in other cases cleared out

and then rebuilt in a very ordinary way, but indeed a statement.

And I think you can see from the photographs that the -- the emphasis in this case was to open the house up as much as possible, give a sense of great volume and light. The skylight at the top is the beginning of or is that existing portion of the penthouse and indeed from there moving backwards would be the proposed addition we would be suggesting.

I also -- just trying to place it even historically, I mean I think something also to -- to keep in mind is it's -- it's important that we preserve our -- our 19th century heritage, but I think there's some good examples of the 20th century, too, that we should, you know, respect and take care of and, in fact, there's a -- a movement to preserve midcentury Modernism.

This is kind of late Modernism and the best thing I could compare it to would be the work of the so-called New York Five architects that any architect on the Board would be familiar with, Peter Eisenman, Michael Graves, Charles Gwathmey, John Hejduk, and Richard Meier and in flipping through this book that was produced for an exhibit at the Museum of

Modern Art in 1972, it's -- it's really uncanny the similarities in some of the -- the work.

You see the -- the kind of bow front landing of a staircase and ship rails that Richard Meier was particularly fond of. Of course, all of this was coming out of an interest in the work of the French architect Le Corbusier, but these kind of very plastic white smooth surfaces. The ship's rails that you see in the stairs here. All of that is clearly indicative of architect, a local Washington an architect who was very influenced by what was happening in his period in the late '70s.

And so, I -- I would argue that the house is extremely unique not from the sense of a -- in its volume or setbacks or size, but its design and the fact that there's this turn of the century brownstone that has this incredible late Modernist interior in it and I think it would be a terrible shame to lose it.

And really the -- the only way to gain internally would indeed practical space disassemble it and -- and start over and then, course, to provide a -- a comparably good conventional house would be exorbitantly layout for such a According to my calculations at least expensive. three times the cost of our relatively modest proposal

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for expanding the penthouse into an extra bedroom above closer to the parents' bedroom.

And also giving a little bit more -- just on an architectural level a little bit more of a destination for this incredible stair that rises up to the penthouse. Right now, you just arrive at a landing and that's it. Whereas, in our proposal, you would turn back on the -- the sequence towards the alley and find that final room.

So, again, I would reiterate that based on the photographs in front of you and the description of a -- a very studied and -- and well-designed creation of a Modernist interior, I think it would be not only a shame to lose such an example here in Washington where we really don't have enough good examples of modern architect and -- and -- and also in terms of uniqueness. Prohibitively expensive to -- to take that apart and attempt a -- a conventional layout for the house.

Yes, just right to reiterate, the -- what

-- what I said earlier. The -- the penthouse above is

in -- in the order of 100,000 -- 100 plus in terms of

expenses as we're getting quotes back.

Re-configuring the -- the third floor altogether -- the -- the second and third floor

altogether would be at least three times that and I guess one other thing to -- to point out is that on that third floor there's a -- a kind of balcony or mezzanine that goes back to the -- the only outdoor space that Mark and Jessica have access to. So, that -- that also if we attempted to put in a narrow room there, it would immediately block off the public access to that space and building over the open stairwell would -- would destroy the -- the house as well as eliminate the head clearance required there.

So, I think that's, yes, everything I'd like to say about it.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you very much.

MR. ZAPATKA: Yes, indeed.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Quite a walk through of architectural history brief as it may be and invoking the New York Five is always fascinating.

Any questions on that? No. Good.

Well, moving on then, let me ask you somewhat seriously if you -- if you're looking at this as something as a -- a takeoff of the Modernist movement and certainly Meier with its colors and its swooping shapes as are utilized in the building, how is the Modernist family suppose to live? I mean

wasn't this part of the whole package?

MR. ZAPATKA: That's -- that -- that's always a good question and when Peter Eisenman was asked in an interview well, your buildings are so unstable. He said well, it's suppose to represent the zeitgeist of our time and the reporter asked him where do you live and he said I live in an 18th century cottage in Princeton.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Exactly. Beautiful.

Okay. Well, we won't go too far down that direction.

Specific on this, there -- I have some question in -- in looking at this again going to plans and section. You talked about there's a small balcony, outside space, which I can see from the photographs. I'm not sure I'm reading these plans correctly looking at -- or maybe I am. I'm having a difficult time. It looks as though on the existing third floor there's actually an enclosed space towards the -- the very far edge. Because there's a window showing in the existing. Are you looking at what I am? Right.

So, if you look at the top one, there's actually glazing that looks like there's in an opening. On the bottom one, not.

MR. ZAPATKA: This -- yes, those -- those

1	are handrails.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Microphone.
3	MR. ZAPATKA: Those are handrails within
4	masonry
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. So, if you
6	if you look at the section then, you walk on the
7	second floor. You're walking out. Why am I looking
8	at what seems to be some fenestration there? Is that
9	an interior space on the very left side?
10	MR. BAILEN: No, the I'm sorry. You're
11	talking on the top floor there?
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Any of the floors.
13	What is that whole back? It looks
14	MR. BAILEN: It it's a the the
15	top floor is an open deck. It has it has some
16	brick structure on it though, but it is open. There's
17	no roof.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. It's in
19	it's yes, it has a side enclosure.
20	MR. BAILEN: Yes, well, it's
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, what's below it?
22	MR. BAILEN: Below it is a kitchen. It is
23	is a room.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, the kitchen
25	the section is just not cutting through that area. Is

that correct?

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MR. ZAPATKA: That is correct.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.

MR. ZAPATKA: Yes.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, on the first floor, what's that room then not cut in the section?

MR. BAILEN: The first floor is a room that's part of the basement unit. The basement unit has both floor space in the basement and on the first floor.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see.

MR. BAILEN: We have one room on the first floor. It's a -- you can imagine it is almost like a -- like a interlocking system where you have the basement and the top unit kind of come together in L shapes. Although it's not even an L shape. It's almost like a -- an H where the top of the -- the -- the -- the top unit comes down and the -- the bottom unit has a -- a room in the front of the building and a -- and a room in the rear of the building and then we have the --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: All right. So, they have a communicating stair somewhere from the basement level to the first floor for their portion.

MR. BAILEN: Right.

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1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. So, where is
2	your kitchen and main living area?
3	MR. BAILEN: On the second floor. There's
4	a kitchen, living room, and dining room and that's
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, the photograph
6	that I'm looking at which is well, this photograph.
7	MR. BAILEN: Right.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What floor is that?
9	MR. BAILEN: The here. I'll take this.
10	MR. GELL: Mr. Chairman
11	MR. PARKER: We have a model that might be
12	helpful.
13	MR. GELL: there's some confusion and -
14	- and if you look on page A1, these are both the third
15	floor. One's the existing. One's proposed.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, and that's what
17	I figured. That's what I'm trying to get a handle on
18	like what the second floor is.
19	MR. BAILEN: This is this is the second
20	floor here.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
22	MR. BAILEN: There's a fireplace.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. That's makes
24	sense.
25	MR. BAILEN: A living room. This is the

1	dining area right here and then the kitchen is here.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Here. Have a seat
3	and just put it right on the table. That may show it.
4	So, this represents actually the section
5	drawing that's submitted and that's what I'm saying is
6	that that back portion wasn't cut through on the
7	section.
8	So, what happens back there? Because even
9	on the plans, it's not showing anything.
10	So, you're living space
11	MR. BAILEN: This is incorrect here. This
12	is actually open. This is open.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Right.
14	Right. That's the top floor which is your outside
	Right. That's the top floor which is your outside balcony.
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14 15	balcony.
14 15 16	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right.
14 15 16 17	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14 15 16 17	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: This the top level is the
14 15 16 17 18	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: This the top level is the outside balcony.
14 15 16 17 18 19	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: This the top level is the outside balcony. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: This the top level is the outside balcony. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: The next level with the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: This the top level is the outside balcony. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: The next level with the round windows the kitchen and the photograph in the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	balcony. MR. BAILEN: Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: This the top level is the outside balcony. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: The next level with the round windows the kitchen and the photograph in the handout, you can see through that

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And what's in that
2	room with the round window?
3	MR. ZAPATKA: That's the kitchen.
4	
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Aside from the dog
6	dishes.
7	MR. ZAPATKA: That's the kitchen which is
8	directly under the roof terrace.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, my. Okay. And
10	that's on the second floor. Second level.
11	MR. ZAPATKA: That's right. It's right
12	here.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14	MR. ZAPATKA: In fact, it's probably
15	better not to have this.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, don't don't
17	worry about that.
18	MR. ZAPATKA: No, it's a working model.
19	We, too, are still grappling with the volume metrics
20	of this
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
22	MR. ZAPATKA: extraordinary structure.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, the first floor
24	and the basement.
25	MR. ZAPATKA: Roof, terrace, kitchen and

1	then these are
2	MR. BAILEN: Right. It's actually a loft
3	space in the basement unit.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It's a double height
5	in the basement.
6	MR. BAILEN: Right. Well, it's there's
7	a there's a loft space in there. So, there is
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Gotcha.
9	MR. BAILEN: there is a room above it,
10	but it's
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: How did you
12	calculate the FAR for that space?
13	MR. BAILEN: It's included in. It's all
14	included.
15	MR. ZAPATKA: That that question did
16	come up at one point about does a does a loft or
17	mezzanine
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Does it cover more
19	than a third of the floor below it?
20	MR. GELL: It doesn't it doesn't
21	matter. As I read the regulations, it may not count
22	as a story.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, it won't count
24	as a story.
25	MR. GELL: But, it does count in GFA.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, Ι suppose mezzanines do. That's true. 2 3 MR. ZAPATKA: And then this shows -- say 4 this is what's there currently. 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. ZAPATKA: And this is the extension for this additional room? 8 9 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, boy. 10 MR. ZAPATKA: Okay. 11 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, I'm clear. Is everyone clear on what we're actually looking at? 12 13 Fine and, you know, you have to submit your book into the record of the New York Five. So, we can have some 14 15 good reading at lunch. Okay. MR. ZAPATKA: It's a signed copy. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Even more important 18 that we get it. All right. Any other questions? 19 Have you looked at taking over the unit in 20 the basement? MR. BAILEN: Yes, I can speak to that. 21 22 Yes, as a matter of fact, we -- we did explore, you 23 know, what other options we could do and it -- it -and it turned out that that would be very tricky as 24 25 well and -- and then probably cost prohibitive.

The way it works is -- I mean we could if we -- if we took over the entire unit obviously, but then we would lose the benefit of having the rental income which was a contributing factor to the -- our ability to actually purchase the -- the townhouse back in 2003 to begin with, but if -- if we were to try to at least take over -- we -- we've explored taking over that space that you were just referring to underneath the kitchen and bringing that into our unit and that way, we would -- we would just reduce the size of the lower unit and yet, enhance the size of our unit and that was -- it was very difficult to do because the way it's designed is our unit has -- the bedroom on the first floor in our unit sort of dissects the -- the lower unit. So --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. BAILEN: -- in order to take over that bedroom, we could, but then it would just be an extent -- it would be like a railroad room because it would just be an extension of the existing bedroom that we had and that really didn't -- that wasn't really feasible I mean.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see.

MR. BAILEN: And it -- it -- in -- in terms of taking over the front room in the -- in the

43 -- in the unit because there's a room in the front in the downstairs unit, their entryway is in that -- is in the same -- we -- we both enter the front door and then there are two doors --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Two doors. MR. BAILEN: -- that -- that go off. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. BAILEN: If we took over their front room, they would then have no way to enter. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. BAILEN: And there is a -- there is a little storage space beneath the stairwell, our front stairwell, where we trash store, you know, the receptacles. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, I understand from what you're saying and also in the -- the written

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, I understand from what you're saying and also in the -- the written submissions that it would -- it would also be a fairly monumental reconfiguration and construction project, one, to move your kitchen down from the second floor to animate the second level as bedrooms. Move it to the first level. Remove the unit. Outside of the financial loss that you'd have not having the unit --

MR. BAILEN: Right.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- it's a -- a

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1	fairly complicated construction project.
2	MR. BAILEN: That is correct. I mean the
3	Christian
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let me ask then on
5	in terms of this
6	MR. BAILEN: spoke about the cost.
7	
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: the FAR
9	calculations, you calculated the entire floor as if it
10	was carrying through because it has that monumental
11	stair that rises through it and then the small kind of
12	walkway or mezzanine walkway on each of the floors.
13	Is that is that correct? Can you calculate the FAR
14	or did someone else?
15	MR. ZAPATKA: Actually, my my assistant
16	Phillip did and I I believe we were calculating
17	based on the what floor surface was there. So, we
18	didn't double, you know, anything.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, you counted the
20	stair at every level?
21	MR. ZAPATKA: I believe so.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You got to be up
23	here. Just tell Mr. Zapatka yes/no.
24	MR. ZAPATKA: The the stair was counted
25	once. Right. So, the the the footprint of the

stair was counted once going all the way through. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: 2 You mean it's 3 counted on every level? Okay. 4 MR. ZAPATKA: So, on each level, 5 floor area minus stairway plus the area of the stair Because it doesn't -- it -- it only -- it only 6 occupies a floor plate one time. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: How does the Office 9 of Planning calculate the FAR? Yes, we hadn't gotten into 10 MR. PARKER: 11 this. We count the area of the stair on each floor. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. I think it's 12 13 pretty clear. Because then the gross floor area, and the definition of which I'll pick up here, the gross 14 15 floor area determination shall include basements, elevator shafts, stairwells at each story. 16 Floor 17 space used for mechanical -- so, essentially, the communicating 18 stairwell even though it's -- it's 19 between the two levels, it counts as a solid and counts towards the floor area ratio because it's 20 obviously part of the gross floor area. 21 22 My point of it is this. In terms of -and we've had now a lot of talk about the uniqueness 23 and actually, the uniqueness is the architectural 24 design and configuration of the interior. 25

If you look at it, there's another aspect to the uniqueness that I'm starting to see with these photographs. Is sure you have this big stair. That doesn't bother me because you're going to have a stair going up no matter what. Maybe a little bit smaller, but what's interesting is that the whole volume in the center is somewhat removed to open it up all the way through. Although it starts to calculate towards the FAR because you're counting that stair which allows for this openness all the way through the levels, but it counts toward gross floor area.

Then you have that communicating kind of little mezzanine walkway across that connects the back and the front. I mean traditionally these townhouses had -- it did. It had somewhat of a railroad floor plan if -- if I can assume, but obviously, there would be one or two or two or three rooms on each level.

So, actually, the -- the -- it's almost as if the -- the -- the utilizable, if that's a word, square footage in this was removed for the design aesthetic or the -- or the design configuration under the same volume and massing as the building itself. Does that make sense?

So, basically, you're -- you know, these Modernists, I don't know what they were on, but

nonetheless, thought that this was this great thing that actually got less usable space. Does that 2 make sense? 3 MR. ZAPATKA: It does and actually, in 5 listening to your description, I'm also thinking in a way it's -- it might be thought of as an 6 internal version of the -- the ubiquitous light court, 8 but it's brought internally. 9 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, I -- you know, 10 it's in my limited understanding that Modernist light 11 played an awful large part in how it transfers and actually defines spaces and the different utilization 12 Would make sense in looking at this. 13 of spaces. How often does Office of Planning see that 14 15 as a basis of uniqueness and practical difficulty? Well, we'll get to that point, but nonetheless, any 16 17 other questions from the Board? Clarifications? Mr. Gell, is there anything further in the 18 case presentation at this time? 19 MR. GELL: I -- I think I understand what 20 you're saying that it operates --21 22 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Because somebody ought to. 23 MR. GELL: -- that the stairway operates 24 somewhat -- I'm sorry. 25

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, I'm sorry. ahead. 2 3 GELL: That the stairway operates MR. somewhat as an atrium. It has an atrium affect. 4 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. GELL: But, you have to count it as 6 you would not count an atrium. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Yes, 9 exactly. I think that -- that is very articulated, 10 that is, Mr. Gell and Mr. Zapatka. 11 So, for the Board's understanding, if you had, for instance, a commercial office building, it 12 13 had a large atrium and, you know, you walk in. can look up eight stories. It would count at the 14 15 gross floor area or the floor area ratio calculated at one level because you don't have floors 16 17 are the way through. 18 The minute you put a stairway as this is 19 and that small area way, the minute you put that into 20 the opening that goes all the way up, it's not necessarily usable, but it's now counting at every 21

floor. So, at four levels of it, it's four times the gross floor area of -- as opposed to an atrium which would just be once. Good. All right. An interesting point.

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MR. ZAPATKA: Yes, just following up on It -- this -- this -- the design of this stair 2 that. 3 with it's switchback and curved landings, in fact, takes up a lot more room than the conventional side 5 stair in a row house would. Right. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: This is substantially larger than -- how wide is this house? It is 18? I mean is it fairly standard row dwelling? 8 9 MR. ZAPATKA: It's -- I believe it's about 10 18. 11 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It looks like it. MR. ZAPATKA: Seventeen and a half. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. So, it's 18 lot or, you know, whatever it is. Yes, that was --14 15 okay. MR. ZAPATKA: Um-hum. 16 17 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Interesting. All 18 right. Anything else, Mr. Gell? ${\tt Ms.}$ Miller, 19 question? 20 VTCE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Ι have question for Mr. Gell when he gets back. 21 22 MR. GELL: Yes, Ms. Miller. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Before -- before 23 we move to Office of Planning, I'm wondering if you 24 25 can address the practical difficulty argument that --

that you're making in this case. I mean I stepped out for a minute when you referenced the Gilmartin case to go get my variances cases and I know that Office of Planning doesn't see the practical difficulty in this case and so, I'd like to hear your view in addition to having read what you wrote in your papers. MR. GELL: Very well, I -- I was going to wait until Mr. Parker's testimony to really show the difference between the way we look at this and the way the Office of Planning does, but --VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: We can do that. MR. GELL: -- if you like I can --VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Want to do that? CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okav. MR. GELL: -- I can go into it. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: No, just if you can address it just briefly. MR. GELL: Well, we have the two tests, uniqueness and practical difficulty and I'm not quite sure if the Office of Planning recognizes the They kind of say no, but at the same uniqueness. time, they say that the interior design is notable and

worthy of retention.

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On page four, they also say re-configuring the design to accommodate a bedroom in the interior of the unit would severely compromise the architecture.

Now, that strikes me as -- as going to the basis of both uniqueness and practical difficulty, but they -- they really don't explain why they don't regard the case as having been made.

They state that the layout with one bedroom on the third floor and one on the first floor is not conducive to a family with very young children, but then they seem to say well, that doesn't matter. Personal concerns of -- of a family have nothing to do with practical difficulty. Well, I suggest that they really -- they really do.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That kind of goes to my question. The practical difficulties, doesn't that go to complying with the regulations and where does it say in the regulations that the -- this property needs to accommodate a family?

MR. GELL: Well, it -- it doesn't say that in so many words in the regulations, but what the cases say as they interpret the law, and the regulations really ought to follow the -- the law as interpreted by the courts, is that there's a balancing act. That you're really looking at the burden on the

owner of having to use the property without getting the variance as opposed to getting the variance compared to what affect it has on the zone plan, what affect it has on neighborhoods and so forth.

So, it's this -- now, I don't think that's necessarily the test for a use variance, but for an area variance where the cases specifically say there's a lesser standard, there I believe that they're -- they're saying that there should this reference both to the burden and to -- to the necessity to the owner and there are cases in which the BZA and indeed the Office of Planning have looked at the needs of the -- of the families.

I have some cases I can cite and quote to you where they specifically go into that. Say Wesley Heights case where they allowed somebody to tear down a small building to build a bigger one because the family needed more room. They had a couple of children and wanted more. So, the family needed more room and that justified getting a zoning variance to build a larger house than would otherwise be permitted.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: What case is that? Is that a BZA case or a court of appeals case?

MR. GELL: BZA.

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VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do you remember what it is? 2 MR. GELL: Yes, it's 17245, 5144 Cathedral 3 Avenue, N.W., Kuck C-U -- K-U-C-K, Jeff and Sharon 4 5 It was just decided last November. Kuck. I have copies if you'd like to see. 6 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes, I don't 8 know. 9 MR. GELL: What -- what I'm giving you is 10 the -- is -- is the Office of Planning's report where 11 they go into this. Now, the BZA also approved the case and I -- I don't have a copy of the case I don't 12 13 believe, but the BZA did approve it. 14 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What is that? 15 That's a case that you're -- so, this is going to establish that OP reports have precedential value? 16 MR. GELL: Well, it's going to establish 17 18 that OP reports aren't necessarily consistent. 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Nor should they be as each application is unique, but go ahead. 20 MR. GELL: We're -- we're -- you know, 21 22 we're told about the integrity of -- of the zoning regulations and again, Mr. Parker can speak to this, 23 but he and I have had some conversations. 24 understand their thinking and that is that they simply 25

will not under any conditions recommend a variance in these kinds of cases when, in fact, they did.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Gell, maybe you can respond to something else. Because I think we're all -- I think we are very sympathetic to accommodating families in the District, but I mean our job is to meet all three prongs of that variance test and so, I'm still stuck on this practical difficulties test and I want to give you the opportunity to -- to address it.

You cited the Gilmartin case and I was skimming through it and I -- and just skimming through it, you know, there may be different paragraphs later on, but there's one paragraph in which the court cites the Myrick case and it says, in paren, the cost of renovation of interior space insufficient to justify area variance where expansion of living space could be achieved in accordance with regulations. On the other hand, 1700 block indicates that at some point economic harm becomes sufficient at least when coupled with a significant limitation on the utility of the structure.

So, I mean where I -- where I see this case at this point is people have been living in this property since the renovations for 25 years at least.

So, what's the limitation on the utility? It's -it's that it can't be used for a family versus a
couple or -- is that -- is that what your argument is?

MR. GELL: Certainly, a couple could -could live in -- in the building until they decide to
have children, but that has -- it seems to me if you
look back over BZA cases, very often the question
isn't even asked about what whether you really need
the -- the space for your own family. It's just you
want it. Does it have a -- a serious effect? Does -is -- is the condition of the property, not just the
condition of land, we can get to that in a minute as
well, but the condition of the property such that
you're not able to get sufficient use of the property?

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, there's another important Miller, there's -- Ms. important aspect that you just read in terms of the Myrick case and that indicated that the -- that the economic issue couldn't be -- isn't strong if expansion of interior could be the done within conformance of the regulations. Isn't the case in point here that the expansion can't be done based on the fact that there's no place to do it?

If you enclose on the third level that area, put a room over it. That's now your outside

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terrace. Doesn't that invoke the same variance that you're looking for now? 2 MR. GELL: You'd be adding FAR. Is that 3 4 -- is that your point? 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. GELL: Yes. 6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And I think we've 8 walked through the fact of where else would you put a 9 Right? The second level -- I'm looking at bedroom. 10 the second level. You could convert your kitchen, but 11 then the kitchen's got to go somewhere. So, you go -- you keep walking up. I mean 12 13 the point if I understand the application correction, there is no place in the interior to tuck 14 15 a bedroom. MR. GELL: Not -- I think that's been the 16 testimony and even if you can try to force a bedroom 17 somewhere on the first floor, you're still two floor 18 below the -- where the parents would be sleeping and 19 that's -- that's not going to be conducive. 20 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 21 22 MR. GELL: In the Myrick case, I think there was no testimony there that they couldn't get 23 full use of the property without the variance. 24

Here we do have testimony and that is

we've shown not only uniqueness, but a practical difficulty created by the renovation which I -- which I think makes this quite different from most of the cases that come before you.

However, we also have the other issue and that is that this lot had it -- before it -- it was truncated, before it was shortened, probably would have sustained the FAR that we're seeking, but it had been shortened in order to allow some townhouses on the other -- on the side on O Street to have access to garages behind them.

Now, you might say well, but that -- that was done by a previous owner. It didn't have to be done, but the fact is the District government permitted it to happen. Normally, they will not do that. They will not allow you to create a lot that is nonconforming without some BZA relief.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. GELL: So, you know, the --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What portion -- you -- you put in the -- the plat. What portion are we looking at that was actually sold to the adjacent property? Is it the area --

MR. GELL: It's -- it's the part that says
North 1750. That whole area where it says asphalt,

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1	concrete North 1750.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Um-hum. That whole
3	portion?
4	MR. GELL: That's right.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, how how does
6	the applicant get access to the alley?
7	MR. BAILEN: Hello. Technically, we we
8	we'd have to cross over the our neighbors
9	property, but there is no direct access to the alley.
10	That's that's open space there.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Wow. That was a
12	tough subdivision or transfer of property. So, how do
13	you? You don't?
14	MR. BAILEN: Technically, you know, the
15	times that we've, you know, gone back there was yes,
16	we I suppose we're we're going over we don't
17	have any easement or anything like that. So
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You don't have an
19	easement?
20	MR. BAILEN: we're coming over
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No no,
22	understanding at all? Do you have trash pickup out
23	front?
24	MR. BAILEN: We have trash pickup out
25	front and there is a gate. I think you can even see

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it on this where the letter G is. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 2 Right above 848. There is a 3 MR. BAILEN: gate there. We seldom use it, but it is -- it is 4 5 there. It's -- actually, the -- it's -- the basement It has a sliding glass door that unit has a door. 6 goes right out to that space there. It's really --8 9 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. 10 MR. BAILEN: -- that space in the back is 11 really used by the basement unit. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's fascinating. 12 13 So, Mr. Gell, you're saying that that should also factor into the uniqueness and practical difficulty in 14 15 terms of I guess somewhat the zoning history, but also the -- more of the -- the uniqueness of the history of 16 17 the existing structure and the existing lot. Yes, I would. I -- I -- look 18 MR. GELL: we could make the argument just based on it, but we 19 20 think we have a much stronger argument because we have this -- the whole other issue of the architectural 21 22 significance. Right. 23 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Getting to the confluence of factors and the whole 24

aspect.

1	MR. GELL: And and the cases do say
2	that you can that the factors can be from a variety
3	of sources and they need not be tied to the land in
4	fact.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure. Sure. No,
6	and that's understanding and the Board has entertained
7	that several times previously. I don't think we have
8	difficulty in doing that. It's just digesting that
9	which is presented whether it actually rises to the
10	to the level of actually meeting the test whether
11	together, separately or however it is presented.
12	This is an R-5-B zone. Is it not?
13	MR. GELL: Yes. That's right.
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is it not the
15	highest residential density zone in the District?
16	MR. GELL: Well, you have R-5-B and D and
17	so forth.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes. Yes. Okay.
19	So, it's getting there though. It's certainly
20	ratcheting up.
21	MR. GELL: It's it's certainly it's
22	certainly in the fives.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. I mean it's
24	the highest in the R-5.
25	MR. GELL: And you could put an apartment

building on that site if you could meet the FAR. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's --2 it's 3 interesting. So, here it is that the zone district allows high density for the District of Columbia, high 4 5 density residential. MR. GELL: That is correct. 6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. Okay. But, 8 based on the diminished size I mean whatever the 9 reason was to lose that back portion, you've lost 10 obviously a large area that the FAR would 11 calculated from which has actually diminished the FAR allowable on the now current property. 12 13 MR. GELL: That's correct and -- and I -return to the language unnecessarily 14 aqain, Ι 15 burdensome. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 16 MR. GELL: Which -- you know, which gives 17 18 you I think a good deal of -- of wiggle room for want 19 of a better term. I think it -- it can be -- it can be a subjective decision based on a variety of factors 20 that would support this practical difficulty. 21 22 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Okay. Enough of this bantering. Let's go right to --23 MR. GELL: And also I -- I -- I might add 24 25 that the --

1	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Wait
2	MR. GELL: the addition is of such
3	modest size that that too can be taken into account in
4	calculating the unnecessarily burdensome nature of it.
5	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That I have
6	two questions. That was my first one.
7	Are you making the argument that it's de
8	minimis, the variance that you're requesting?
9	
10	MR. GELL: I I I don't know whether
11	I could testify to whether something is de minimis or
12	not.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, what's your
14	legal your legal opinion?
15	MR. GELL: I don't I don't I think
16	de minimis in the
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You cited the court
18	case.
19	MR. GELL: I'm sorry.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I think Ms. Miller
21	is asking your legal opinion as you've cited the court
22	case that establishes de minimis which would reduce
23	the test or the threshold for the test compliance.
24	MR. GELL: Well
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: In your reading of

that, is this a de minimis application?

MR. GELL: I -- I don't think that it has to be shown to be this de -- I could argue yes, it's de minimis, but I don't even think that the test has to be that it can only be permitted if it is de minimis.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. GELL: I mean de minimis kind of sounds to me like it has absolutely no -- no substance whatsoever. That the human eye would -- would have a hard time even -- even -- even noticing it. They are expanding the attic. There's no -- no question about it.

Now, it's not -- not going to be seen by anyone and maybe the affect on the neighborhood would -- could be considered to be de minimis, but I don't think that Gilmartin necessarily says that that's the only test you can apply.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, it's not the only, but we ought to -- if you're -- if you're proposing what I understand --

MR. GELL: Or that it has to reach that level of de minimis to -- in order to -- to get the practical difficulty.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Of course, the

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counter argument to that is how could this be It's asking for a .79 variance in the FAR minimis? and a 1.8 FAR allowable. You're moving it upwards of two and a half, more than two and half, almost 2.6 --MR. GELL: That's correct. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: - at 1.8 allowable. MR. GELL: And -- and I'm not sure what -you know, if -- if -- if the measurements necessarily are even going to justify the 2.59. What do you think? CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You mean you're going to ask for more? MR. GELL: What we're asking for is -- is what the plans show and I think if the BZA permits the variance to go through that that's what the zoning administrator will -- will look at, but the precise -whether -- whether we're precisely at 2.59 at this point having heard this testimony that they didn't take into account the stairs at each level, I'm not sure if -- if we're right at 2.59. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I have one more question on this analysis with respect to the

practice difficulty.

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Is it correct that the needs of these owners could be accommodated with respect to growing their family by using the basement that's presently being rented out?

MR. GELL: As I understood Mr. Bailen, they'd have to move. They have to sell the house and move into -- into a house that's more conducive to that kind of living arrangement.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I guess my question goes to is it the cost of not renting out the basement or is it the cost of accommodating the structure to use the basement that's the factor?

MR. GELL: I'll let Mr. Bailen answer that.

MR. BAILEN: Yes, it's actually both. The cost to -- to reconfigure the house to make it livable by using the space in the -- in the basement would be prohibitive. As -- as Mr. Griffis, you know, alluded to before, we -- you know, the kitchen is now on the second level and in order to -- to redo the house, we would have to bring the kitchen down to make it on the first level I suppose and then put the bedrooms -- you know, move bedrooms up to the second level. It would -- it would -- we'd have to probably just gut the entire place, make it -- you know, carve it out --

carve a shell out of it and then just start over from 2 scratch. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you. MEMBER ETHERLY: Mr. Chair, just to be 5 sure I've resolved clearly the question of the -- of the stair, the conversation that we had was that the 6 floor area was taken for -- for all of the floors and 8 then the stairs were added once at the end and I just 9 want to make sure I'm clear what was added at the end 10 was just the floor area for the stair on one level or 11 was the floor area from the stair to each of the levels added in one lump sum at the end? 12 13 MR. ZAPATKA: Just one level. MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you. 14 Thank 15 you, Mr. Chair. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Last thing, I 16 don't know if you have it or not, but do you have the 17 total FAR of the building that was calculated? 18 however they calculated it --19 MR. GELL: The figure that -- that I got 20 was 2.59. 21 22 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, actually, a square footage number. 23 MR. GELL: I -- I may have it. 24 probably on the -- on the --25

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is it in this --MR. GELL: -- certification sheet. 2 3 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Does anyone have that in front of them? I don't know if it matters. 4 5 We can move on with it. Let's --MR. GELL: No, I'm sorry. We just give 6 the percentage --8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes. Yes, 9 percentage. 10 MR. GELL: -- number. 11 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. 12 MR. GELL: We could provide that information if --13 14 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, I don't think 15 it's needed. I mean it just -- it seems to me looking at this -- well, there it is. My quick calculation is 16 that allowable 1.8 FAR would be about 2,110 square 17 feet and if you look at this in terms of the floor --18 19 first floor is probably 1100. You're looking at two 20 story or one and a half story building allowable on Now, that's totally inaccurate in terms of its 21 22 preciseness, but it would be interesting to know maybe 23 what 1.8 actually allows, but well, let's move on. Okay. What else? Anything else? Ready 24 25 for Mr. Parker?

1	MR. GELL: I may have some other some
2	other points to make after
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Of course. We'll
4	return to you, of course, afterwards for summation
5	MR. GELL: That's fine.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: and conclusions.
7	So, let's go to the Office of Planning then. It's
8	well awaited report.
9	MR. PARKER: Good morning, Mr. Chairman
10	and members of the Board.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good morning.
12	MR. PARKER: Before I give my report, I'd
13	like to respond to one remark you made a moment ago
14	about the R-5-B District. I think for the purposes of
15	the comprehensive plan map, R-5-B falls in the
16	moderate density category and doesn't even rise to the
17	medium density much less the high.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: All right.
19	Moderate. De minimis. All right. Okay. Go ahead.
20	MR. PARKER: Thank you.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It's certainly
22	higher than R-3. Right?
23	MR. PARKER: Certainly, but actually
24	within the same density category.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed.

MR. PARKER: This case is clearly a difficult one for -- for us to decide. I've had multiple conversations with Mr. Gell and the applicants.

We understand that there does not appear and is not a negative affect of this proposed addition on the neighbors. That -- that it will not be visible from any direction.

Also, in my report, we did concede that there is -- this -- the architecture in this building is unique. The interior design of this building is -- is different from most other structures that you'll find and it is worthy of preservation on the interior of this building.

The difficulty that my office has had and that I've discussed multiple times with the applicant and in my report is the uniqueness and practical difficulty that results in requiring an extra bedroom.

We would completely agree that there would be a practical difficulty to adding a -- an additional bedroom or two additional bedrooms in this existing home. The -- what we have been looking for is a practical difficulty justifying an additional bedroom at all and that's what -- I -- I think what my office is still looking for a uniqueness resulting in a

practical difficulty to adding bedrooms to this existing home.

And the applicant makes the argument that

-- that there is a family situation where -- where

certain families should be permitted to live as -- the

problem that the office has with that is how do we

define a family? Where do we -- where do we cut off

the line? What -- what does rise to the level of

justification for a variance and what does not? And

we're hesitant to start drawing that line on our own.

We do not -- as I said before, we do not necessarily see any harm to the public good in this variance, but section 2001.3 does specifically prohibit additions to nonconforming structures. This is a nonconforming structure. So, we'd need a strong uniqueness and practical difficulty in our opinion to recommend in favor of this variance and as of right now, we haven't found a uniqueness and practical difficulty that would result in the need to add a bedroom to this home.

As far as the history of the lot, the -to the best of my research, the -- the condominiums
behind were built around the same time that the
renovations were done this house in 1979. At that
time, property was evidently sold to the condominium

and when the previous property owner sold that property, they also sold rights to the FAR calculations from the property that was given to the condominium units.

Making an argument that additional FAR should be allowed on this building based on the property that was sold in 1979 doesn't make sense to -- to OP and we don't think that argument necessarily is relevant to this case. We think the relevant arguments are the unique architecture and -- and the of arquments that that the first half our discussion today have focused on and we know the Board will have a difficult decision to make in front of them.

Happy to answer any questions.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank you very much and I think the Board understands your position and -- and well, understands it.

I think it's -- it's very articulate first of all looking at, as you've corrected me, but the moderate density as that relates to the comprehensive plan. Obviously, that's one of the parts of the analysis that you're looking to and also, that's going directly to the aspect of look is 2.6 FAR accommodated in your -- in your looking at it, in our looking at

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the R-5-B or is it actually going into a higher or less restrictive zone category. Also, in terms of the Dupont Circle district which you've indicated in your report should be -- its integrity should be a consideration of the Board.

I think you're absolutely right also in looking at the FAR and the selling off of part of the property. It is difficult for -- for my analysis in looking at that. That would be some sort of, one, uniqueness, but, two, practical difficulty in that it was -- it was something that was possibly incorrectly done. But, was done with deliberation and, therefore, the FAR of the surrounding area has not changed in mass, but has transferred to a different property. So, how could that be a basis of this application?

But, then -- well, let me open it up to others for questions. Mr. Etherly.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair. I -- I definitely want to applaud the Office of Planning's report because I think -- I -- I thought it was well thought out considering as Mr. Parker alluded to the -- the challenge, the obvious challenge of this case and perhaps a very strong desire to be sympathetic.

Let me ask a question about the earlier

sale of a portion of the lot to the condo. Because part of my concern is I understand on the one hand not necessarily relying on that sale as grounds or rationale for finding some uniqueness in the property, but at the same time by virtue of identifying and -- and I'm not necessarily sure if this is a question for you, Mr. Parker, so, I'll give you the option to respond.

But, essentially what I'm -- what I'm kind of getting at is even though the Office of Planning is perhaps suggesting that that not be taken into consideration as -- as a rationale for uniqueness just by nature of the fact that the lot nonconforming already in three distinct categories, isn't that implicitly taken into consideration what happened some years ago?

The spirit of my question is getting at, you know, I'm -- I mean some of the arguments that Mr. Gell is laying out are somewhat compelling to me when taken in their totality, but I want to just kind of peruse some of the Office of Planning's concerns and that aspect of taking into account the earlier sale of the portion of the property is somewhat problematic, but I'm not sure if it's a killer.

Fell free to respond or not or I would

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even maybe encourage some of my colleagues to help me kind of understand that. 2 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, 3 Ι as understand, the question is --4 5 MEMBER ETHERLY: Why not take that earlier -- that earlier --6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 8 MEMBER ETHERLY: transaction into 9 consideration because that is what treated -- that is 10 what created the nonconformity on those three counts. 11 Would the Office of Planning's position be different is those existing non-conformities were not 12 13 in place? Supposing that something was 14 MR. PARKER: 15 incorrectly 20 years ago/25 years created a nonconforming situation, that makes the 16 existing situation legal and I'm sure the Board has no 17 problem with anything that is in the exiting envelope 18 19 of the building that was created by that situation. 20 I don't believe that that provides any justification for going further and creating a larger 21 22 building than what existed when that process was done. original would 23 Even if the lot allowed this addition, Chairman 24 as the 25 mentioned, that FAR possibility, that extra lot area was sold away and was built elsewhere.

So, I think it's difficult to argue that because this lot was once larger we should allow a building that would fit on a lot that existed 25 years ago.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Ms. Miller.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Travis, with respect to -- Parker, with respect to the variance test, I just want to make sure I understand where -- where you are and Office of Planning is. With respect to uniqueness, it sounds like that you recognize that this is unique with respect to at least its architecture and internal layout. Is that right?

MR. PARKER: Yes, the exterior building is clearly not unique on the block. It's the size and shape and form of the others, but as far as the interior design of the building, that appears to be unique. I clearly haven't been in any of the other buildings, but I don't believe that they were all renovated in this fashion.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. And then
-- and then going to the next step then, would you
also say that the uniqueness of the layout leads to a

practical difficulty for the owner to accommodate a family or no? 2 MR. PARKER: That's -- that's debatable, 3 4 but I would -- I would support -- I would say that I 5 would have a difficult time, yes, if I was in the -in the applicant's position raising children in that. 6 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So, then is the 8 question merely then is this the type of practical 9 difficulty that rises to the level of granting a 10 variance? 11 MR. PARKER: No, I think it's -- is it a -- the applicant is stating a practical difficulty to 12 13 raising a family. The --VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: No, the -- I 14 15 think the applicant is stating a practical difficulty to accommodating this property for the needs of a 16 17 family without making the change requested. 18 MR. PARKER: But, the zoning ordinance doesn't address the needs of raising a family. 19 No, but the VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 20 zoning ordinance addresses a practical difficulty and 21 22 so, that's my question is -- is Office of Planning of the view that they're not sure or they don't think 23 that this rises to the level of practical difficulty 24 as it's been interpreted, you know, by the courts --25

MR. PARKER: That's an interesting Yes, we had a difficult time determining question. personal situations arise to the level practical difficulty when you're talking about bearing the standards of the regulations and where that comes into play and where we draw that line and we, I guess, are of the opinion that it's the Board's discretion to draw that line and not ours. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank

you.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, the important aspect that you just said was it was the Board's discretion to draw that line if I -- okay. I did hear that correctly.

Very well. Let's move ahead. Mr. Gell, unless there's any other questions of the Board of the Office of Planning, Mr. Gell, any cross examination of the Office of Planning?

MR. GELL: Yes, thank you. The words in the statute extraordinary or exceptional situation or condition, now wouldn't that define the situation Mr. Etherly alluded to which is that we have a smaller lot, that something has happened back in 1980 that created a smaller lot that made this property unable to do what its next door neighbors could do which is

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1	build much larger buildings?
2	MR. PARKER: The next door neighbors to
3	the south all of them are in the same situation I
4	believe. I think all of them lost the same property
5	and are in the same boat and allowing this situation
6	would provide justification for the next-door
7	neighbors to do the same.
8	MR. GELL: Well, I I can't say that I
9	know the precise history of that property although I
10	did live there back in 1959. Yes, back in 1959 when I
11	recall
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, the point is if
13	I understand
14	MR. GELL: but those lots were smaller.
15	They've always been smaller. Yes, I I have some -
16	-
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
18	MR. GELL: I have some old maps here
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
20	MR. GELL: that I'd be glad to show
21	you.
22	MR. ZAPATKA: When I first looked at base
23	maps, the applicant
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. But, we're at
25	cross. So, we just need questions of OP. Not
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testimony, Mr. Gell. MR. PARKER: Well, I mean even if this --2 3 this was the only lot to lose property, if in the past it had been the size of the lots to the north and now 5 it's the size of the lots to the south, either way, it doesn't create a -- a lot that's unique in this 6 neighborhood much less in this city --8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. So --9 MR. PARKER: -- in and of itself. 10 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- if we rephrase 11 the question, the question came a 1400 square foot lot in an R-5-B is that unique on its face? 12 MR. PARKER: Not on its face. 13 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. 14 15 MR. GELL: You cite 2001.3 as saying that increase in size building 16 you can't а that's 17 nonconforming, but isn't that the whole idea behind a variance and didn't we ask for a specific variance 18 from the provision? 19 20 wonder, Mr. Parker, Ι if you're confusing zoning regulation requirements with 21 I, you know. 22 tests for a variance. If possible. Right. 23 MR. PARKER: No, and you're

You did ask for a variance from that

No, I -- I understand that your variance

correct.

section.

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1	tests are meant to address both of those variances,
2	the FAR and the additions to nonconforming structures.
3	Absolutely.
4	MR. GELL: All right. Well, I think I can
5	I can let it go at that. I think most of the
6	statements have already been made that we would want
7	the Board to to know and and particularly the
8	one that Mr. Parker ended up with which is that it
9	that OP doesn't feel it can draw the line, but but
10	the BZA might and I do I do have a case in which,
11	in fact, OP was
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Save that for
13	closing, Mr. Gell.
14	MR. GELL: I'd be glad to, sir. I'm
15	sorry.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Do you want to save
17	that for closing or do you have other questions of
18	Office of Planning?
19	MR. GELL: I don't have any further
20	questions. No.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Is the ANC
22	I haven't noted or asked. Is the ANC represented
23	today? ANC-2B. I had figured not seeing them in
24	here.
25	Ms. Miller, question?

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just have one more question which basically, I think that you stated that your alternative to accommodate the property would be to do something with the basement and that would be prohibitive and I'm just wondering if you can be a little bit more specific. Do you have any idea of ballpark what -- what that would cost?

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, the --

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Or do we --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- this is perhaps the third time we're going to go through this. I don't know if it's the cost that we're actually looking at because we don't have any cost comparisons outside of 100,000 to put this up which isn't going to be a meaningful value of comparison and contrast and I mean think about the impact if I understand the testimony correctly.

It is -- it's removing all of the plumbing and the electric and all of that because it's separately metered if I recall correctly in the record that was submitted. You're removing all that. You're removing it off of a second floor. You're moving it all down.

It is in my limited capacity of understanding these things, looks to be a major

renovation if not a gut renovation of all floors that are impacted. So, we're talking about basement, 2 3 first, and second floor. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Does that about do it? 6 MR. BAILEN: Yes, that is correct. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. 9 And I think the --MR. BAILEN: the 10 stairway that goes -- that we've been discussing would 11 present the -- the initial problem of being -- I would have to tear down the stairway and rebuild that to be 12 13 able to sort of accommodate the -- a room -- you know, putting the rooms -- you know, putting it back into 14 15 its original form and I think that alone is -- is from -- you know, and we've had people -- we've had, you 16 17 know, contractors come in to -- to discuss our options with us and one of the things they said was we're not 18 touching that stairway. 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 20 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. 21 22 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Not for its architectural uniqueness, but just from --23 MR. BAILEN: Right. From a -- from a 24

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practical standpoint.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We didn't even put that on the record. Okay. What? 2 Good. All right. Last question then. 3 The stairway, does it -- it goes all the way to basement? 4 5 This is monumental. It's doesn't communicate --MR. BAILEN: No. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- from the first 8 floor to the basement level. 9 MR. BAILEN: No, it does not. The -- the 10 stairway just goes from the first floor to the second 11 floor where you see right there --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Exactly. 12 13 MR. BAILEN: -- is the second floor and then goes to the third floor. The -- the basement 14 15 stairway is a separate stairway in the separate unit. It's -- it's --16 17 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. BAILEN: -- completely different. 18 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Okay. Okay. Good. All right. Anything further? Good. 20 Let's move on to the ANC report. 21 22 ask if the ANC-2B was represented. I didn't see any indication of such and still do not. 23 Exhibit Number 23. It was timely filed 24 and it's been now a while since I looked at it since 25

this morning. However, they are in support of the application and it does meet all the tests to be granted great weight by the Board. Unless, Mr. Gell, you have any other comments on the ANC or questions from the Board.

MR. GELL: No. Yes, as -- as you know, it was unanimous.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed. Nine to zero. Okay. And one neighbor came down to testify in support if I recall correctly. The testimony that we started out with.

That being said, let's move ahead. Are there any people present today, persons to provide testimony either in support of Application 17291, in opposition to 17291. Not noting any indication of persons present to provide testimony.

Mr. Gell, let's turn it over to you for any sort of closing submission, remarks that you might have.

MR. GELL: Yes, thank you, Mr. Chairman. In Case Number 17245, the Office of Planning which Mr. Parker represents as not being able to take into account family need said the following: "The addition of two children to the applicant's family since the existing house was purchased five years ago has

increased the applicant's need for more living space. The family desire to remain at the same location, but the existing house, one story, is too small to accommodate a growing family. The applicant proposes to raze the existing house and replace it with a larger two-story dwelling with basement. It's a rationale solution for addressing the family's need for more living space short of moving to another location."

I don't know how much more clearly the Office of Planning could state that it really believes that the need of a family and here we're not asking for a third or fourth bedroom. We're only asking for a second bedroom so that there can be a child not an extraordinarily large family and we think under those conditions that the BZA can find that -- that the regulations applied to this case is unnecessarily burdensome to the family who's -- who can satisfy its needs by in a very modest way increasing the size of the attic.

Most everything else has already been presented. I won't go over it. So, thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you very much, Mr. Gell.

Just for total clarification, that report

that you were just citing was the report that you submitted into the record. Is that correct?

MR. GELL: Yes, that is correct.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And it was the Kuck or the Cluck or what was the family name?

MR. GELL: That was Kuck.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Indeed.

MR. GELL: K-U-C-K.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: If I remember that correctly, it had a -- it had a -- the lot dimension was -- the minimum lot dimension wasn't met and it was nonconforming in that. So, they needed the variance from they. They also needed a variance from the rear yard based on the confirmation of the house. I mean it's a very small lot and trying to put actually a house in there.

I guess my point is -- is that I understand the rationale and certainly OP did speak substantially on the fact of, you know, the -- the instant family that was looking to build that house, but I think it was in more general aspect in keeping with the residential nature and making it usable for a residential house.

If you -- if you -- I believe in that report if I recall correctly, there was a little shack

1	there. I mean it certainly wasn't even close to be
2	accommodating.
3	MR. GELL: I don't mean to say that the
4	case is exactly the same as ours.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
6	MR. GELL: The only reason I I cite it
7	is that OP does indeed look
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Address
9	MR. GELL: at those issues.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: family needs
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12	MR. GELL: And
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: and residential
14	needs.
15	MR. GELL: and doesn't consider them
16	irrelevant.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. I
18	don't think we're that far off in terms of my thought
19	and even in with OP's current position of this
20	which I think is an appropriate one for Office of
21	Planning to hold. I mean they they are going to be
22	well, I won't say that.
23	Let's move ahead. Any other last
24	questions from the Board? If not, we are running out
25	of time and we'll need to move on.

So, I'd entertain any sort of direction that we can go on this.

Very well. I think the record is complete on this. We've heard an awful lot. This is -- it's fascinating. Actually, a fascinating case and a bit complicated, but let's more ahead. I think the Board's prepared to rule on this today.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Mr. Chair, I would like to move approval of Application Number 17291 pursuant to 11 DCMR 3103.2 for variances from the floor area ratio requirement under section 402 and nonconforming structure provisions under section 2001.3 at premises 1410 21st Street, N.W. and would invite a second.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It's seconded.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair. If I'd like -- Mr. Chair, I'd like to kind of begin the deliberation and then wholeheartedly invite other colleagues to -- to weigh in.

I think I want to start with the Office of Planning report because Ι said during as discussion of that report, I think it was a very excellent report that did very well to highlight the difficulties in terms of reconciling zoning regs to an extent although I'm -- I'm going to kind of talk through little bit of how Ι think that a

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reconciliation has been satisfactorily made by virtue of the applicant's argument through counsel, but I -- I just want to appreciate and acknowledge the difficulty that I think the Office of Planning found itself in in terms of looking at the language of the relevant structures of the relevant zoning regulations here.

I think with respect to the issue of -- of the uniqueness of the property, I'm going to speak a little bit to -- to what I thought was -- was quite a creative and compelling case with regard to the architecture of the structure and how that architecture plays into the type of structure that we -- that the applicants kind of find themselves in.

I believe it has been satisfactorily demonstrated that this structure is indeed an asset in the -- in the Dupont Circle community as has been indicated by the property's presence on the Dupont Circle Tour for a number of years running if I recall from -- from testimony and I think once again the Office of Planning noted that and understood that in terms of -- in terms of its -- its review of the property here.

But, I believe the arguments that were put forth by the applicant, and -- and pulling the

applicant's statement in front of me, I think were --were very helpful here.

As was noted by Mr. Gell in his opening statement, the Clerics of St. Viator, Inc. case did talk about the issue of factors or events extraneous to the land at issue being viewed or being appropriate for analysis from the standpoint of looking at the uniqueness of a particular property and I think we do, indeed, see a situation here where there is a -- there is an extraneous aspect that being perhaps the architectural nature of the interior of the property that is at work here.

additionally, as you look confluence of factors as we talked a little bit under the Gilmartin case, I think a little bit of that zoning history is somewhat helpful in terms of looking I would not necessarily suggest that resting the uniqueness component on that zoning piece, but I think once again as you look at the confluence of factors here, I think that is something that is somewhat of interest to me in terms of the history of this particular property. So, Ι just wanted to highlight those two particular issues under the issue of uniqueness.

As we begin to move towards the issue of

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extraordinary or exceptional physical condition creating the practical difficulty, I think it was very helpful in the applicant's submittal that under the Palmer case there is no need to show undue hardship, but only that strict compliance would be unnecessarily burdensome.

And I think here in combination with that third prong of the variance test that gets to the issue of no adverse impacts and in particular adherence or substantial detriment and particularly to the zoning regulations. I think it is here where we begin to take into account the circumstances that -- that are extant with regard to this particular case.

Chief amongst with -- chief amongst which is a family endeavoring to continue making productive use of its property and doing that within the boundaries of the District of Columbia.

I would hate to find a -- a set of circumstances where strict adherence to the zoning regulations would necessarily compel any family, not necessarily simply the applicant, but any family to have to give consideration to leaving what is otherwise an enjoyable and very productive use of -- of -- of their current property. I just find that a little disconcerting.

I -- once again, I'm going to bend over backwards to -- to highlight the excellent work of the Office of Planning here because I think the Office of Planning's position is not -- is not an unreasonable one that when you look at the strict language of the zoning regulations there has to be perhaps some, if you will, cutoff point, but I think Mr. Parker said it best when he said it would be for the Board of Zoning Adjustment to perhaps make that determination as to how far it might be willing to go with regard to questions of these types.

But, I think when we look at the issue of compliance here, Ι think there unnecessary burden that is being dealt with in as Mr. -- as counsel for the applicant Mr. Gell indicated in a rather de minimis way. I am very -- very swayed by the language in Palmer that was offered, I'm sorry, by the language in Gilmartin that was offered by the applicant's counsel with respect to footnote number In particular, referencing that the BZA may consider whether the variance sought is de minimis in nature and whether for that reason, a correspondingly burden of proof lessor rests the intervener on according -- from footnote six.

I'm not suggesting that there's a lesser

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standard of proof here that needs to be met, but I think when you look at the -- at the relief that's sought and what this applicant being is attempting to do with the property, based on the ANC's support, based on the submittal of signature petitions which include adjacent property owners, I think we have a very strong case that at least as it relates to the impact of the proposed project on the surrounding community and -- and from the ANC's standpoint there's a very clear sense that -- that there's not a level of severity here that would raise concern with respect to the variances that are requested and the overall impact of the variance on -- on the zone plan.

Let me stop right there, Mr. Chairman. I want to take a deep breath because I've talked for about five minutes straight, but I'm happy to submit the motion and -- and would continue to encourage the support of my colleagues. Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you very much. I think you have adequately touched on the uniqueness. That being the interior design which has been as you say celebrated by the Dupont Circle community.

Whether you like it or not, it's a factor of what has been done and it is to a level of which is

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different than what one might say -- more, I think, the terminology was developer or contractor type reconfiguration of the house.

Based on that uniqueness, there practical difficulty in terms of converting Again, whether you wanted to hold the design or not, the fact of removing the systems and that which is in place in the stair to to add on а more accommodating bedroom numbers which would actually be more analogous to the adjacent townhouses or similar townhouses, certainly, it would be well within the allowable use of the -- of the zoning.

The other aspect of concern to raise is the -- the fact of we've -- we've gone back and forth on what the actual FAR is and, therefore, what the actual extent of the relief is.

I would proposed, Mr. Etherly, if it's appropriate with you and your motion, that we would, if continue with this, look to the drawings as the level of which we are in discussion allowing some flexibility as to the exact calculations for the FAR, but the massing would not be anticipated to be changed at all.

MEMBER ETHERLY: No objection, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Then let's

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let it -- I'll let it go at that and have others speak to the motion.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I would just like to address the variance tests. With respect to uniqueness which is the first prong, I don't think there's any question, Office of Planning has supported it as well, that this property is unique with respect to its layout and that that uniqueness does lead to a practical difficulty upon the owner to accommodate the structure for a family.

And so, I think the question was that I raised, that I've been grappling with, is that the type of practical difficulty that's recognized in our ordinance for granting a variance and so, I want to say that first of all, I think at one point I may have been -- we need to separate a use variance and a area variance.

This is an area variance and in a use variance, it may be appropriate to consider whether other owners could use the home who didn't have an interest in raising a family, but that's not the question here. So, I want to set that aside.

And then the -- the way the regulation reads is that it would result in peculiar and exceptional practical difficulty upon the owner of

such property and I think that the case has been made that there is a practical -- that there is a practical difficulty placed upon the owner in this case and that is that of accommodating the structure to accommodate a family and we did explore alternatives and the alternatives as -- as was presented in the evidence were prohibitive. So, basically, there is no other alternative that's realistic.

So, I think that the case has been made for a practical difficulty upon the owner.

And then the third prong that it leads to is no substantial detriment and we certainly have evidence in the record that there's no adverse impact on neighbors. We have the support of the neighbors. We have no neighbors opposing. We have the support of the ANC.

We don't have any indication that the structure's appearance with respect to the expansion is causing any adverse impact and, in fact, I think there's evidence to the contrary that it's in the public interest, that it would further the policy of encouraging families to stay within the District which is a District policy.

And -- and I think when we look at these cases, we can't say that just because somebody wants

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to do an expansion that that the tests have been
met or they can't have trouble meeting the expansion.
If they if they want to do an expansion, you still
it's the third test and if there's if there's a
substantial detriment, you don't grant it or if
there's a practical difficulty or if there's not, they
can do it another way, whatever.
But, I think that in this case that all
three prongs have been met.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank
you very much. Others?
If there's nothing else from the Board,
then we do have a motion before us. It has been
seconded. I'd ask for all those in favor signify by
saying aye.
(Ayes)
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And opposed?
Abstaining? Mr. Moy.

MR. MOY: Yes, sir, the staff would record the vote as 4-0-1. This is on the motion of Mr. Etherly to approve the application. Seconded by Mr. Griffis, the Chair. Also in support of the application, Mr. Mann and Ms. Miller and we have no Zoning Commission member participating.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you

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very much. We also have no party in opposition on this. 2 I suggest if it's not objection of the Board members that we use a summary order on this 5 case. MEMBER ETHERLY: No objection. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And we can waive our rules and regulations and move ahead. 8 9 Mr. Moy, is that appropriate? 10 MR. MOY: Yes, sir. 11 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Very well. Thank you all very much. We appreciate taking 12 time to get through all of this and the detail. 13 14 The Board's going to take just a quick 15 five-minute break and then we'll call the last case from the morning. 16 17 (Whereupon, at 11:37 a.m. off the record 18 until 11:47 a.m.) 19 MR. MOY: Yes, sir, the next and last case 20 for the morning session is Application Number 17264 of Michael and Jill Murphy pursuant to 11 DCMR 3103.2 for 21 22 a variance from the lot occupancy requirements under 23 section 403 and a variance from the rear requirements under section 404 to construct a deck at 24

the rear of a single-family row dwelling in the CAP C-

A-P/R-4 District at premises 407 E Street, That's in Square 812, Lot 42. 2 And the only other thing that the staff 3 would like to add is that there is a request for party 4 5 status, Mr. Chairman. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you 6 We do have Mr. -- Mrs. Nejad here. very much. 8 Present. Okay. 9 Any questions from the Board? We do have 10 full application in -- in front of us and also one 11 assumes a majority of their case presentation. Is there any questions at this time? 12 Does the applicant -- if you wouldn't mind 13 introducing yourself for the record with your name and 14 15 address. You just need to touch the base there. 16 17 Turn on the light. Perfect. MR. MURPHY: My name is Michael Murphy. I 18 reside at 407 E Street, N.E. 19 20 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Mr. Murphy, have any position on the 21 do you party 22 application? Are you in support or in opposition to 23 the request? MR. MURPHY: I would oppose his party 24 status. 25

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And is it based on anything of -- in terms of them no making the 2 -- reaching the requirements for establishment of --3 I -- honestly, Mr. Chairman, MR. MURPHY: 5 I cannot speak at this point to --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. 6 MR. MURPHY: -- the exact requirements of 8 party status. So. 9 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Not needed. Let me 10 reiterate some of the important aspects that I find in 11 our establishing party status. The -- the six criterion that we ask in 12 13 our application goes to whether and how a person would be significantly, uniquely, and distinctly affected if 14 15 this was allowed to proceed and I think just based on the proximity of the -- the applicant for party 16 17 it seems to meet all the criterion for status, 18 establishing party status. 19 So, let me hear from any Board members 20 that are in opposition to that position and if there's no opposition to the request for party status, I would 21 22 take it then that we would establish the Nejad family, residents of 405 E Street, N.E. 23 as a party in opposition to the application and let's move ahead 24 25 then.

Mr. Murphy, we'll turn it over to you for the presentation of the case.

MR. MURPHY: Great. Thank you, Mr. Chairman, fellow members of the Board.

I'm here seeking a variance for the deck that was constructed. It was actually constructed in 2003 and replaced -- this is a picture of the previous structure that stood from -- we went back recently through the archives, DCRA sent my wife down into the bowels of someplace on 14th and Newton or somewhere and spent the better part of the morning and best we can surmise is that this structure was built sometime before 1985. There was a -- a permitted renovation done in 1985 where this deck is referenced.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, this -- the double decks, the two decks were permitted? It looks like they might have been.

MR. MURPHY: What -- and I can get -- get the BZA a copy of this -- this paper, but basically, what it says it dealt with an interior renovation of two -- two units on the interior and it said the decks are not part of this permit. So, we couldn't find anything prior to that, but they were referenced in 1985. So, they've been standing continually since 1985.

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Or before.
2	MR. MURPHY: Or before and likely before
3	based on it
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: All right.
5	MR. MURPHY: was referring to them
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
7	MR. MURPHY: in the present tense as
8	standing.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
10	MR. MURPHY: So, the District from what I
11	could tell was on notice of a nonconforming structure
12	since, you know, at least 1985.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let me I'm sorry.
14	Let me interrupt you very briefly here so I can get a
15	full idea of what we're actually looking at.
16	So, these were existing. The first level
17	deck that was existing prior to the modification of
18	what we're looking at now, was the footprint the same
19	or was it more than the than the current deck?
20	MR. MURPHY: The footprint currently is
21	significantly less. If this extended out several more
22	feet
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, if I look at
24	your submission and and the reason why I'm asking
25	especially

1	MR. MURPHY: Yes, I mean that
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: that's the
3	submission which we can't read. But, as I look at it
4	even closer, it looks like the old deck bottom level
5	was 14 by 14, 196
6	MR. MURPHY: Yes. That was that was my
7	contractor's estimate. That was in
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: A hundred and
9	ninety-six square feet. The current deck is 8 by 14.
10	So, it's actually less.
11	MR. MURPHY: Yes, we we pulled it back.
12	We pulled it back to roughly the size of the top deck
13	and you can see a couple of houses down there's
14	there's a deck here at 411 and then there's actually
15	another one at 413 that are
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. What was the
17	structural integrity of the existing deck?
18	MR. MURPHY: It was extremely unsafe. If
19	if we didn't take it down in 2003, gravity was
20	going to take it.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, it was falling
22	down. So, you basically did a reconfiguration
23	modification and structural alterations.
24	MR. MURPHY: Yes.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let me let's

1	let's cut to the chase here.
2	There's two questions. First of all, if
3	I'm not mistaken, the Office of the Planning brought
4	up the aspect that 2001.3 would need to be added for
5	relief if we went to is that correct? Am I
6	remembering correctly?
7	MR. PARKER: Yes, that's correct, Mr.
8	Chair.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent and
10	MR. MURPHY: And that's that deal with
11	the nonconforming structure.
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13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Exactly.
14	Additions to non-conformities, but then let's go to
15	2002.4 which if I'm also not mistaken that the Capitol
16	Restoration Society cited that actually went to
17	whether this would need to be here or not.
18	MR. MURPHY: Yes, I mean if I can revisit
19	just briefly the history of
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Or 2001.2.
21	MR. MURPHY: 2001.2, yes.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I'm sorry. I don't
23	know why 2002's in my head.
24	MR. MURPHY: And just briefly the this
25	history of why we filed this BZA application was more

of less under duress. We've got -- we got -- on October 26, we got a stop work order issue -- order as part of our interior renovations under the two permits that I listed and we were right towards the end of our renovation getting ready to move back in. Our lease on our temporary place was running out.

On Wednesday at ten to 5:00, a building inspector comes by and slaps up a stop work order on our interior work which we later found out was at the behest of Mr. Nejad complaining and apparently, this is how it was conveyed to me. Is that was told that we were -- we were actually building the deck, working on the deck and, therefore, we were working off permit and we didn't have the proper permits.

So, they -- on a Wednesday afternoon, the Sunday before we were going to move back into our place, into the first floor, we got shut down and the condition at DCRA was that immediately file a BZA application in order to get the stop work order lifted.

So, the 2001.2 issue came up well after -unfortunately, because of the stop work order, we
weren't able to move back in in time. We had to take
a place at Woodley Park for an additional month
because of the -- you know, they shut us -- basically,

shut us down until the day before we were going to
move back in. So, I mean that's how we got before the
BZA at this point and then the 2001.2 issue came up as
Mr. Eccenwiler raised it as part of the Capitol Hill
Restoration Society meeting.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Was the
was the was the structural alteration of the
existing deck part of the permit that was pulled for
the interior?
MR. MURPHY: We we attached it to to
that and we actually got I think Capitol Historic
Society to sign off on it and we got the
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, it's a it was
it was permitted?
MR. MURPHY: DCRA it was we
attempted to permit it and then it got apparently
got checked after at Zoning.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. So, that's
what was held.
MR. MURPHY: So. But, when we submitted
our plans for the interior renovation under I
forget the permit numbers right now, but
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's okay.
MR. MURPHY: the deck was the deck
was part of that and the record reflects that the deck

was typed onto the permit and it was signed off on by the Capitol Hill or the Historic Review Committee. 2 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. So, in terms 3 4 of the variance before us, we're looking at the rear 5 yard which has actually been reduced from the existing condition if we call the two decks existing condition. 6 MR. MURPHY: Um-hum. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: The rear yard relief 9 has been -- well, is reduced from that which was 10 existing and so, the same would go for the lot 11 occupancy. Is that correct? MR. MURPHY: Yes, I mean I -- I don't know 12 13 how exactly you would calculate the lot occupancy based on the two levels. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And it would be the larger footprint of one below. 16 17 MR. MURPHY: Okay. Yes. Yes, it would 18 and they'd reduce it probably by a good ten percent overall the lot occupancy. 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. On 2001.3 is 20 invoked in all of those. So, obviously, it's the same 21 22 variance test and relief that's required. Okay. Any other questions? What else did you 23 want to go through if anything? 24 25 MR. MURPHY: Just a couple -- a couple of

things I'd like to quickly point out in the record --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. 2 MR. MURPHY: -- is that, you know, we've 3 received substantial support from our neighbors at 409 4 5 E Street on -- which is right here 445 4th Street have sort of sponte decided to support 6 sua application. 8 We had another neighbor I think three 9 doors down at 439 or 441 that we've actually never 10 even met and never met to this day who wrote us a nice 11 letter in support. So, generally, the outpouring of support 12 13 for the application's been fine. The people who have sign on street and stopped 14 seen our the who 15 immediately thought we were applying for some sort of liquor license or something. Once I cleared that up, 16 they were very understanding of the situation and 17 given, you know, various levels of oral support. 18 19 The opposition what you'll hear Ι addressed this in my February 23rd supplement to the 20 Board kind of lays out the general time line of the 21 22 opposition. prior to beginning work 23 interior renovations, I was informed that our work had 24

been causing damage to the residence at 405 E Street.

1	This didn't work because this was, you know, more
2	than two and a half months before we started our work
3	and after that, I mean I sort of view this as
4	degenerating into sort of a petty neighbor dispute as
5	opposed to a sort of meritorious opposition.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Well
7	MR. MURPHY: I think I've I've laid out
8	the record.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: we wont'
10	MR. MURPHY: I
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: we won't
12	degenerate into that level.
13	
14	MR. MURPHY: Yes, I I don't want to
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, we're we're
16	going to keep it at that as you say meritorious level.
17	MR. MURPHY: Yes.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Talk to me about why
19	this deck doesn't diminish the privacy of the adjacent
20	neighbor's light, air or any other aspect.
21	MR. MURPHY: Well, I think that I mean
22	I mean the air is very, very I mean the deck is
23	very open as opposed to as opposed to what it was
24	before.

I've -- I've noticed in the morning --

this is a southern exposure. So, you get a lot of -a lot of light in the back. It does -- the deck
structure does cast a bit of a shadow on the structure
of the house not the ground that has been the
complaint about not -- not drying out.

It doesn't cast into the yard a shadow above where the fence line is from what I can tell. I haven't obviously spent every minute of a solar cycle tracking it, but I've -- I do notice that it does to some degree cast onto the back vertical structure of the house. But, that -- even during the -- it was I think a low sun time in January/February and it abated completely by, you know, 11:30/11:15 between, you know, by noon everyday. So, there's very high sun in the back.

The previous structure was never subject to a complaint of light or air.

My neighbors on either side have attested that this is not an invasion of privacy.

Where I'd want to look into either anybody's house in our alley, it would just as be easy to just hang out my window. It's not -- I mean these are, you know, adjoining row houses. There's not -- there's sort of a limited expectation of privacy when you're living right on top of each other.

1	Were I interested in the least what my
2	neighbors were doing, it would be just as easy to hang
3	out my window and
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Understood. And the
5	the level at which the deck comes off of is the
6	main level of the residential use. Is that correct?
7	That's your first floor.
8	MR. MURPHY: This is actually this is
9	our second floor.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Where you have a
11	basement level. Is that correct?
12	MR. MURPHY: Well, it's it's a it's
13	a three-story walkup.
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
15	MR. MURPHY: I don't have a good front
16	shot of the house.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's all right.
18	So, your cellar level is there is there a
19	communication well, do you have a unit in the
20	basement? A a rental unit?
21	MR. MURPHY: It was originally. We've
22	we've currently it was when we when the house
23	conveyed to us in 1997, it was carved into two units.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. And you're
25	taking over the whole thing.

1	MR. MURPHY: And permitted for yes,
2	we've
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Although you're
4	MR. MURPHY: The infrastructure for a unit
5	is there.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
7	MR. MURPHY: The kitchen hookups.
8	Separate light and, you know, separate utilities.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
10	MR. MURPHY: Separate heating system.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: My point is looking
12	at this as if that was the main it's totally above
13	grade the the first level on the elevation on the
14	street frontage?
15	MR. MURPHY: Yes, I think there's a four
16	or five step walkup from the sidewalk on E Street and
17	then it then you then you walk in on that.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You walk on grade
19	into the first level? You don't walk downstairs?
20	MR. MURPHY: Yes. No. Yes, you walk in
21	straight. Yes, you walk in on grade.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, well. Go ahead.
23	MEMBER MANN: Onto the kitchen level?
24	MR. MURPHY: No, onto the first level.
25	The kitchen based on the previous renovations, the

1	kitchen now sits on the second level because that was
2	that was
3	MEMBER MANN: The level where the
4	MR. MURPHY: the primary level of the
5	top unit the way they the way they structured it
6	and the way we submitted our plans was to keep that
7	general layout with the kitchen on the second level
8	and what essentially could be it was permitted for
9	two unit. What essentially could be carved out as a,
10	you know, separate small little small little one
11	bedroom apartment downstairs.
12	MEMBER MANN: Okay. So, the front door of
13	the house is not on the same level as the kitchen and
14	deck?
15	MR. MURPHY: No. Yes. No.
16	MEMBER MANNER: I see.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Anything else
18	at this point?
19	MR. MURPHY: I'd just add that since the
20	ANC's not here, we did get a letter of support from
21	the ANC and
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good.
23	MR. MURPHY: as well as the Capitol
24	Hill Restoration Society.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. And we will

-- we'll run through that as a -- as we go through. Any initial questions from the Board? Ms. Miller. 2 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just have a 3 question about the ANC letter. We have a letter. 4 5 It's our Exhibit 41 and it just seems to say that the ANC considered the application. Unless I'm not 6 reading it --8 MR. MURPHY: Yes, they -- and I can give 9 this -- I got this from the record last week. That 10 was submitted on February 28th. There's a -- a memo from Ms. Wirt dated 3/8/05 with a duplicate copy of 11 the letter. It said previous correspondence re 407 E 12 13 Street did not note ANC vote. Letter corrected as attached. Original signed by Chairman Dixon and here 14 15 they -- they throw on the tag-on sentence that the vote was seven ayes and one nay to support the 16 17 application. 18 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Was that submitted to the record? 19 20 It -- I -- I got it from the MR. MURPHY: jacket last week and I'm happy to submit -- I got it 21 22 actually faxed to me by the BZA on March 10th. It was submitted on -- I guess resubmitted on March 8th. 23 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Does it have an 24 25 exhibit number?

	MR. MURPHY: Exhibit 41. I guess it's the
2	second page of 41.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Oh, then I'm
4	missing the second pages. We're missing okay.
5	MR. MURPHY: Okay. Would you like me to
6	submit this for can I get a copy of it back just
7	for my records?
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, but if he got
9	it from the record, it should be in our record. He
10	doesn't need to submit his. Does anyone else have it
11	in front of them? Okay.
12	Well, we'll get copies of that and return
13	the original back to the applicant and also make
14	copies for the party in opposition to to look at.
15	Let's move ahead then. Any other
16	questions from the Board? Very well.
	questions from the board: very well.
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17 18	
	If there's no other questions, then let's
18	If there's no other questions, then let's go to cross by the party in opposition of the
18 19	If there's no other questions, then let's go to cross by the party in opposition of the testimony that you've been presented today.
18 19 20	If there's no other questions, then let's go to cross by the party in opposition of the testimony that you've been presented today. Do you have cross examination questions at
18 19 20 21	If there's no other questions, then let's go to cross by the party in opposition of the testimony that you've been presented today. Do you have cross examination questions at this point?
18 19 20 21	If there's no other questions, then let's go to cross by the party in opposition of the testimony that you've been presented today. Do you have cross examination questions at this point? MR. NEJAD: I have for the Board and I'm

up here. Right at the table. You can turn the microphone on. If you wouldn't mind giving me your 2 name and address for the record. 3 4 MR. NEJAD: Sure. My name is Nasser. My last name is Nejad and our address is 405 E Street, 5 N.E. 6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. 8 MR. NEJAD: And we're opposed to the deck 9 and I've already submitted my package --10 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. 11 MR. NEJAD: -- to the Board and --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You have indeed. 12 13 This is the time and the opportunity for you. heard the testimony. You've seen the 14 written 15 testimony into the record by the applicant and this is your opportunity to ask questions of the -- questions 16 only. No presentation of your case. Questions only. 17 18 And it is for the purposes of let's say 19 bringing more information to the Board. So, you can ask questions of the applicant that would -- that 20 would essentially poke holes in the testimony that 21 22 you've heard, support your case presentation, but in the end, it's for the Board's information. 23 do you have any cross examination

questions or is it easier for you just to present your

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1	case?
2	MR. NEJAD: I can ask Mr. Murphy that
3	obviously you didn't get a permit when you were
4	building the new deck and while you were pargeting and
5	and repairing the foundation, you didn't get
6	permits for those.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is that a question?
8	MR. NEJAD: Yes. I'm asking did you get a
9	permit
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Did you get permits
11	for
12	MR. NEJAD: for those?
13	MR. MURPHY: At the time the deck was
14	built?
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Your mike.
16	MR. MURPHY: Sorry, Mr. Chair. No, at the
17	time we built the deck, no, we did not. We did not
18	get a permit. We attempted to rectify that
19	subsequently with our interior permit.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Next.
21	MR. NEJAD: The contractor who built the

uilt the deck for you, did he know that you need a deck? you need the permit to -- to build the deck and do any kind of construction in your property?

MR. MURPHY: He never informed me that we

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needed a permit and at the ANC, it was raised when he was there before the Building and Zoning Committee that from Mr. Chair, I think Anthony Rivera, of whether at the time based on and I -- and I forget the exact -- I think the minutes would reflect this, whether a permit would have been necessary at the time.

We -- based on the signals that we received early on with our interior work attempted to sort of rectify that. Just sort of put the issue behind us. So, it was not an open issue anymore.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Okay. And let me just interrupt. Because there will be -there's limited relevance to whether permits were or
weren't on this case. I mean obviously, we're looking
at -- we're looking at two things in my mind. One,
whether any relief is needed at all and we can hold
that until we're finished with this entire case, but
specifically whether a variance from the regulations
-- this is not an appeal of sorts where -- of any sort
where there's an error that was created. There should
have been permits. There should not have been, but
let's move ahead at this point.

MR. NEJAD: Well, Mr. Murphy claims that he has letter of supports from the neighborhood. The

Т	next door heighbor between Mr. Murphy at
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is this a question?
3	MR. NEJAD: 409 there is not even a
4	fence between Mr. Murphy's and theirs. So, they're so
5	close. They're like relatives. So, even it's
6	asking my friend to give me a letter. You know, they
7	don't even have a fence in there. I don't know if
8	trying their trying to convert it to a condo or
9	something. I don't know.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's the question?
11	MR. NEJAD: Their privacy is
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's the question?
13	MR. NEJAD: My question is the letter that
14	he has from the neighborhood is they're not as
15	close as me and the one that is as close as me, they
16	don't even have a fence between them. So, the letter
17	I don't think it is as effective as it's suppose to
18	be.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Do you agree? I'm
20	make that a question for you.
21	MR. MURPHY: I would I would agree that
22	there
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Do you agree, Mr.
24	Murphy?
25	MR. MURPHY: I would agree that there
1	1

1	is actually currently no fence between the two yards.
2	There is a little white picket fence to keep their
3	dog out of our yard.
4	We're in the process of we've applied.
5	We've got our plat. We've got our application filled
6	out for a for a fence to be built.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's the relevancy
8	to us?
9	MR. MURPHY: I I don't see any
10	relevancy. I mean I to say that
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Does it diminish the
12	importance to the Board of the letters of support of
13	the surrounding area?
14	
15	MR. MURPHY: I I don't believe so. I
16	mean they're
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
18	MR. MURPHY: I don't. It's
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: All right. Any
20	other questions?
21	MR. NEJAD: The question that I have is
22	is Mr. Murphy raised the question that I complain
23	about the damage inside my house before they start
24	construction.
25	CHAIDDEDGON CDIFFIG. Okay

1	MR. NEJAD: And that's a false claim.
2	Because they did work on the foundation and they build
3	a deck and the first floor was so damaged. That's why
4	they
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's the what's
6	the question to Mr. Murphy?
7	MR. NEJAD: His his claim is not right
8	because they did start the work before I complained.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Murphy, timing?
10	MR. MURPHY: The timing was such that his
11	the initial thing he came to show me we did did
12	some work to parget the foundation because of the,
13	obviously, moisture problems which was in the back of
14	the house.
15	
16	When he pulled me into his house on I
17	think it was April 18th, and my affidavit that I've
18	submitted to the to to the Board
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We have it.
20	MR. MURPHY: lays it out, was talking
21	about popped up tiles in the front of his house. I
22	meant here's sort of no no proximity in location or
23	I mean temporal proximity. This was a this was a
24	property that he rented out to recent post-college

graduates for six years.

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. But, for
2	clarity of this, you're saying in your estimation and
3	timing of the scope of work that you started, there
4	was no correlation in terms of what impact could have
5	been made on adjacent property?
6	MR. MURPHY: No, I I none none at
7	all.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And obviously, we're
9	going to hear a whole case presentation of why that
10	may well be different.
11	MR. MURPHY: Any work done in the back
12	would not have affected the
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14	MR. MURPHY: tile in the front of his
15	house.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And you also
17	submitted the inspector's report on this. Correct?
18	MR. MURPHY: Yes, sir, and this this
19	was an inspection that stemmed from I think a a
20	late July complaint.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. The inspector
22	was Mr. Meyers. Do you recall this, Mr. Nejad?
23	MR. NEJAD: Yes, I do. The only thing is
24	Mr. Meyers brought a plumbing inspector from DCRA just
25	to check if the connection is correct. That's all.

1	Connection of the drain tile.
2	You see having a drain tile in row houses
3	is not to the code. They don't let you do that.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Which code?
5	MR. NEJAD: It's it's suppose to be a
6	plumbing code or erosion code or it has to be
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: All right. Did the
8	inspector find that this wasn't to code?
9	MR. NEJAD: It it is not to the code.
10	Because you can drain tiles I mean suppose to
11	gather the the water and dump it either into the
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I'm looking at the
13	inspection report. Mr. Meyers says second paragraph,
14	the connection met all applicable codes and was
15	MR. NEJAD: Right.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: not connected to
17	Mr. Nasser's system.
18	MR. NEJAD: Exactly. That was that's
19	just the connection is correct. It doesn't mean the
20	whole thing is up to the code.
21	The only reason Mr. Meyers let it go is
22	because he was not trying to create problem of us
23	fighting
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
25	MR. NEJAD: over something.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And -- and we're not going to get into it either --2 3 MR. NEJAD: But, it doesn't mean the work 4 was done right. 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- because it -- it actually moves well outside of our jurisdiction and 6 authority. 8 But, I wanted us to put -- because I want 9 to know if I'm looking at the correct thing. Because 10 recommendation referral that was was 11 emphasizing his previous recommendation that Mr. Nasser seal up the connection between his downspout 12 13 and the storm water connection and he's indicating, you know, caulking certain areas that were patched and 14 15 repaired. Is that your understanding also? MR. NEJAD: I did not understand. 16 What was it again? I'm --17 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: His recommendation 18 to -- to --19 20 MR. NEJAD: To me. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- diminish any of 21 22 the water. Because he -- my reading of this is he 23 found that it wasn't the adjacent property's water coming over, but actually that which was created on 24 25 your property and he had --

125 NEJAD: That one was only a jab between our -- our downspout and it's already been covered. So. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. NEJAD: And I did cover it the same day that he came. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. All right. Let's move ahead then. Any other questions? Mr. Nejad, any --MR. NEJAD: Not from Mr. Murphy, but if --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Good. I'm going to call you up shortly then.

Let's move on to the Office of Planning's report and ah, Mr. McGettigan is with us and just kind of take a brief moment because it's come to my attention, not that it's relevant to you folks at all and I won't waste a lot of your time, but it's Mr. McGettigan's last day with the Office of Planning or at least before the Board of Zoning Adjustment and I know that we've all enjoyed Mr. McGettigan's reports and the -- the completeness and the thoroughness and, you know, even the strong disagreements that the Board has had with -- with his reports.

But, nonetheless, I know he's going on to bigger and fun things. I won't say better because it

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can't get better than the District of Columbia, but nonetheless, we know there's a great future and look forward to hearing from you if not of you and let's move ahead and --MR. MCGETTIGAN: Thank you, Mr. Chair. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- have a report presentation. MR. MCGETTIGAN: Thank you, Mr. Chair, members of the Board. For the record, my name's David McGettigan from the Office of Planning. Our report is predicated on the assumption that 2001.2 does not apply. Otherwise, DCRA would not be sending it to the Board. So, we didn't address that issue though I mean necessarily doesn't mean we agreed with that Just it's not addressed because we assume position. that DCRA thinks it doesn't apply in this case. addressed the tests for So, we variance and the -- there is evidence that there was a building permit that includes the deck that was issued and that is the exceptional situation I believe he's -- the -- the work was completed with the assumption that everything was okay and that -- that this was a permitted development.

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And, two, the deck affects the interior work that was done, the door from the kitchen and the cabinetry. Therefore, there's practical difficulties associated with complying with the regulations.

And, lastly, the -- the deck, we don't of this believe approval variance will be substantial detriment to the public good and will not impair the intent and purpose of the zone plan. The deck is only one story which is less than what was there before, the two story. It's a -- a smaller dimension than what was there before. It's -- if you look at the picture, it's not much higher than the privacy fence that's already there. So, it's impact on light is -- is minimal.

And the privacy, of course, it's always a question in these very small tight neighborhoods where the buildings are close together whether -- what kind of privacy is -- is available. But, nothing that couldn't be remedied if necessary with a -- a small privacy screen which has been recommended in other deck cases by the Office of Planning if that's found to be necessary.

So, overall, we find this meets the test and recommend support for the variance.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank

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_	you very much.
2	Questions from the Board.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do you recommend
4	a small privacy screen?
5	MR. MCGETTIGAN: Yes, I think based on the
6	proximity of the windows to to the deck of the
7	neighboring property, I would think that a small one
8	maybe extending out half you know, about four feet
9	would probably be helpful in increasing the privacy
10	for that neighbor.
11	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And I just also
12	want to thank you for your great service here and your
13	reports have been really very, very helpful including
14	this one. Good luck.
15	MR. MCGETTIGAN: Thank you.
16	
17	MEMBER ETHERLY: Mr. McGettigan, would
18	that recommendation for the privacy screen also extend
19	to the other side or are you just suggesting the side
20	in question relative to the party in opposition?
21	MR. MCGETTIGAN: Yes, if the it also
22	would have the same situation on the other side. So,
23	yes.
24	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you, Mr.
25	Chair. Thank you, Mr. McGettigan.

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you.
2	Okay. Any other questions from the Board? Yes? No,
3	Mr. Murphy, any cross examination of the
4	Office of Planning? Any questions? I'm assuming you
5	have their report. Is that correct?
6	MR. MURPHY: I have actually not seen
7	their report, but no questions and congratulations to
8	Mr. McGettigan.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Or condolences I
10	suppose if you're leaving the District, but
11	nonetheless all right. A copy has been handed.
12	Do you does the party in opposition
13	have a copy of Office of Planning's report? No?
14	Do we do have an extra copy? You do?
15	Excellent. If you wouldn't mind.
16	MEMBER ETHERLY: I'd just like I'd like
17	to comment, Mr. Chair, that, you know, Mr. McGettigan
18	being prepared with multiple copies of his report
19	illustrates once again on his last day his
20	preparedness every step of the way.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed. However, we
22	also would note because we are so specific to detail,
23	that Mr. McGettigan did, in fact, write the wrong case
24	number on this which added to some delay in getting it
25	into the right folder here and there.

1	MR. MCGETTIGAN: My apologies.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, why dwell on
3	the negative, Mr. McGettigan, with your last day.
4	We're all okay.
5	But, in all seriousness and directness in
6	this application. Does the applicant need additional
7	time to review this for proper cross examination?
8	MR. MURPHY: No, thank you, Mr. Chair.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Do you have
10	any any cross of the the oral presentation of
11	the report?
12	MR. MURPHY: No, sir.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Party in
14	opposition, do you have any cross of Office of
15	Planning or do you need a couple of minutes to review
16	this?
17	
18	MR. NEJAD: This
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I just need you to
20	speak into the microphone if you're going to say
21	anything.
22	MR. NEJAD: Yes, sir, I'm I'm troubled
23	with the idea of having the screen. I would like you
24	to test this is a hinge from the cabinet
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. No. No. No.

1	Sit. Sit. I can't take anything up here
2	directly.
3	MR. NEJAD: Okay.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Have a seat and let
5	me just
6	MR. NEJAD: This is the hinge from my
7	cabinets.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. Let me
9	MR. NEJAD: Kitchen cabinets.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Listen. I need to
11	interrupt you for a second.
12	MR. NEJAD: Sure.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Because I keep
14	saying this to you.
15	MR. NEJAD: Um-hum.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We're we're
17	creating an official transcript here.
18	MR. NEJAD: Um-hum.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We can hear you
20	find.
21	MR. NEJAD: Okay.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, the transcript
23	can't. Everything you say
24	MR. NEJAD: I see.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: into a

1	microphone.
2	MR. NEJAD: Thank you, sir.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Go ahead.
4	You were going to talk about you were going to ask
5	a question of the Office of Planning in their
6	regarding their recommendation or potential
7	recommendation for a privacy screening on the sides of
8	the deck.
9	MR. NEJAD: Right. It's it further is
10	going to isolate our property from the light and air
11	which is creating the moisture in our first floor.
12	It's going to make it worse.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. McGettigan, the
14	question is don't you think if you recommend a privacy
15	screen that it would actually reduce the light and air
16	into the adjacent property and exacerbate the
17	MR. NEJAD: We are trapped in back.
18	MR. MCGETTIGAN: It it can, but the
19	privacy screen is going to be it shouldn't be
20	solid. It should be 50 percent void so that light can
21	still come filter through it and while still
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And air circulate.
23	MR. MCGETTIGAN: And air circulate through
24	it while still providing some screening.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Good.

1	Follow-up question?
2	MR. NEJAD: Well, and and I have given
3	the letter from Ms. Wort. I don't know if you've all
4	seen it. Have you read it?
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What is it?
6	MR. NEJAD: This is a letter from Ms.
7	Wort, the commissioner of 6C. The agency 6C.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: All right. The
9	single member commissioner.
10	MR. NEJAD: Right. You haven't considered
11	that
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Here it is. But
13	I'm sorry, but to reemphasize, this is your
14	opportunity to give to ask questions of the Office
15	of Planning based on their we haven't gotten to
16	your case presentation yet.
17	MR. NEJAD: Well, I prepare the package
18	last time. I give it to ANC. I don't know if they
19	looked at it. I'm not sure if you guys looked at
20	everything there. Have I have I
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. But, did you
22	understand what I said?
23	MR. NEJAD: am I yes, if I have any
24	questions
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: This is your time to

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1	ask questions of the Office of Planning and then we'll
2	get to your presentation of a full
3	MR. NEJAD: Right.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: full case.
5	MR. NEJAD: Sure. Sure.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, do you have any
7	follow-up questions of the Office of Planning?
8	MR. NEJAD: Sure. If it was your
9	property, would the same thing happen to you, sir?
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Actually, it's not a
11	very relevant question to ask Mr. McGettigan to have a
12	personal opinion.
13	MR. NEJAD: Well, I don't have anything to
14	say. I mean.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, that's fine.
16	You don't have to have.
17	MR. NEJAD: My privacy is gone. My I mean
18	air and sunlight is gone and
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Let's move on
20	and then we'll get to your case presentation because I
21	think that's really what you're you're interested
22	in in getting to making sure that the Board
23	understands fully your position.
24	That being said, let's move ahead to the
25	ANC report, ANC-6C. We did indicate Exhibit Number

I did find my copy. So, it is in the record, but we have had copies made also of this -- this first 2 cover sheet of Mark Dixon. 3 the party in opposition has just 5 indicated, we also have another letter, 37, which goes to -- Exhibit Number 37 which goes to the ANC -- the 6 single member 08 commissioner which we should take 8 into consideration. 9 Any questions from the Board at this time? 10 Clarifications? Ms. Miller. 11 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want to clarify that I -- what I was missing, but it was in 12 13 the record and it was the second page to Exhibit 41 which sets forth the vote of the ANC. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Indeed. Which allows it to be given the great weight that we 16 can afford in our consideration. Is that correct? 17 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That's correct. 18 They've met the requirements. 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Very well. 20 all the reports that I have attendant to this outside 21 22 of the Capitol Hill -- the Restoration Society which did also submit a letter, Exhibit Number 35, February 23 indicating their position 24 17. It was

application unanimously to support the application and

1	they also raised the question of section the
2	applicability of section 2001.2.
3	Okay. If that is all, let's move ahead to
4	the party in opposition case presentation at this
5	time. We're all set.
6	MR. NEJAD: Well, I I mean the package
7	that I have prepared I have said most of the things
8	that I'm I was suppose to say and I'm assuming that
9	everybody has looked at it.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Absolutely looked at
11	it and read the whole thing.
12	MR. NEJAD: I have one problem with the
13	ANC conducting the meetings and and the Historic
14	Restoration Society conducting the meeting.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
16	MR. NEJAD: At the first meeting, they
17	voted for the applicant and and one gentleman named
18	Mike
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Actually,
20	let me you
21	MR. NEJAD: I can
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: you put it in
23	you put it in your your written submission and let
24	me just give you a little direction here.
25	As much as I personally would love to get

involved on how ANC's conduct themselves and should
conduct themselves, I cannot and more directly, this
Board has no authority or jurisdiction over the
workings of the ANC. What we need to do is to put
it into perspective here, we need to look at the very
specific facts in this cases. So, I think you raise
some important ones. You raise light, air, privacy.
MR. NEJAD: Exactly.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let's stick to that.
MR. NEJAD: That's the major thing.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
MR. NEJAD: Yes.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Rather than who said
what or how it was all done or
MR. NEJAD: I think I think these are
these are the basic right of every every living
species and I think I have to have that.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
MR. NEJAD: Please consider that when
you're ruling for it.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
MR. NEJAD: And I don't have nothing else
to say. This is very important to me and and our
first floor is not really livable because of it.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Because of the

1	presence of the deck?
2	MR. NEJAD: Yes.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Has it ever been
4	livable? How was it livable when there were existing
5	two decks on the house that were larger?
6	MR. NEJAD: We did not live there for
7	seven years. So, we didn't notice
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You mean you had to
9	move out of the house because there were decks on the
10	edge?
11	MR. NEJAD: Not not not because of
12	that. We had a family problem. We had to leave.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, someone lived
14	there or no?
15	MR. NEJAD: Yes, it was rented for seven
16	years.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. So, somebody
18	lived there.
19	MR. NEJAD: And then we came back. Then
20	we came back. When we came back, one day I saw
21	gentleman is demolishing the deck and I knocked on the
22	door on Mr. Murphy's door. Nobody opened the door.
23	And I knocked on the next-door neighbor who who are
24	their friends and I asked her do they know what
25	they're doing and said yes, Mr. Murphy is a lawyer and

	and the contractor and my write my nusband is a
2	is a architect and we know what we're doing.
3	So, okay, would you ask Mr. Murphy to
4	knock on my door and talk to me please. It never
5	happened.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. But, let's
7	get to back to the issue.
8	MR. NEJAD: And it never happened and all
9	of a sudden one weekend, the whole deck is up.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. But okay.
11	So, that's where we are.
12	MR. NEJAD: You know, it's
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let's
14	MR. NEJAD: They knew they're not suppose
15	to build it and they did it. That's why we are here.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let's talk about the
17	impacts of the deck. Let's
18	MR. NEJAD: The impacts of the deck is my
19	privacy, air, sunlight, and and we don't have no
20	privacy
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
22	MR. NEJAD: in one-third of our house.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But
24	MR. NEJAD: The second floor window is
25	right next to it's like their deck is zero inches

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CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. NEJAD: -- our yard.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And what type of privacy do you expect in a row dwelling when you have windows all facing out onto rear yards or you would conceivably have a staircase which would be allowable that would access the rear -- rear yard? What is --

MR. NEJAD: Well, the --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- the -- what's the threshold that we should compare?

MR. NEJAD: -- that makes sense because the time that they can use their staircase is a lot less than just sitting there and barbecuing on a wooden deck which is --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Want to see. I see.

MR. NEJAD: That's another dangerous thing that we don't like. Because all these are attached row house.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure.

MR. NEJAD: And this is a wooden deck and that's next to the kitchen. They're trying to rent the basement. They're going to have the -- the deck as a yard. They're going to use barbecue there which they did before and any -- any fire is going to take

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1	the whole block down. That's one thing.
2	Another thing is our air and light and
3	privacy and the reason we did not complain before
4	because first of all, we were not living in there for
5	a for a long time and we did not notice the damage
6	to our property before because we were not living in
7	there and it was not reported to us because there was
8	a kid going to school.
9	And as soon as we moved in, we see all of
10	our appliances are rotten. Our our kitchen
11	cabinets are peeling off. Our the hinges from
12	kitchen cabinet, these are stainless steel.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And those are how
14	far inside are those? Those hinges that you have.
15	MR. NEJAD: Just right right on that
16	wall.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right on the wall?
18	MR. NEJAD: Right on the wall adjacent to
19	the deck. It is I think identify you have that
20	in your in your package, sir.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Let me
22	well, okay. And that shed enclosure is on your side.
23	Is that correct? That little stationary.
24	MR. NEJAD: The plastic ones, yes.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Made by Rubbermaid.

MR. NEJAD: Yes, correct. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed. 2 And the 3 rear of your building faces south. Is that right? 4 MR. NEJAD: Yes. 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. NEJAD: For a good portion of the day, 6 we don't have sunlight, sir. Until like 1:00 or 2:00. 8 And the privacy I'm talking about, you're 9 sitting in the backyard and their deck is right here. 10 It's nine-feet high. It's run right here. You know, 11 they're just sitting right on top of our head. not like they're sitting somewhere we don't see them 12 13 or we just hear them. No, it's right there. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Understood. 14 15 MR. NEJAD: And another question that I have, at one point -- at what point, they can stop 16 17 covering the lot. When you given the -- if you allow 18 it to -- to -- them to leave the deck the way it is, they can have a two-story building the same way. 19 It's more than 60 percent. 20 a coverage. They can build -- they can build -- they can cover it as a --21 22 as a -- as a coverage. Well, 23 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: one can't

predict what it all is, but conceivably even if this

was found not to need any sort of relief based on

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2001.2 meaning that there was an existing deck, if
they to address your concern, if if they then
went to enclose this, it would absolutely take
additional relief to do that because that would be
another addition to a nonconforming structure. It
would actually increase the enclosed area. It would
probably do it probably would kick into other sorts
of relief that was required.
So, no, I don't think this processing
this in anyway kind of opens up an endless stream of
potential additions or construction on the property.
Very well. Any other
MR. NEJAD: Another thing I'm sorry I
did not finish.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes. Go ahead.
MR. NEJAD: On third floor, we have to
cage ourself in because of the deck that was there
before and is there now.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Cage yourself in?
MR. NEJAD: Yes, because we have to have
bars on the second floor, too, now. So, if it if
if anything
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: For security.
MR. NEJAD: window guards.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

1	MR. NEJAD: We have to have that because
2	they can walk right from the deck to our window
3	anytime they want. So, had to put a guard in there.
4	Now, if if fire happens, we have to run
5	to the front and get get out. It's dangerous.
6	Now, they can have a small ladder from the
7	deck to our window, third floor. Now, we have to have
8	another guard for the third floor, too. Because
9	before it was covered. The the the deck before,
10	it was double deck.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
12	MR. NEJAD: Nobody could get higher. Now,
13	it's single. Now, they can get higher, too.
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I don't know.
15	MR. NEJAD: See the leg.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I mean
17	MR. NEJAD: See the leg right there. You
18	see.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What would stop
20	someone from getting a ladder
21	MR. NEJAD: Okay.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: into your
23	property and getting up to any of those windows or
24	conceivably starting down at the end of the block
25	getting on the roof and walking across and coming

1	through your roof?
2	MR. NEJAD: Yes, I understand they can
3	that which they did.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I mean there's a
5	reality of attached houses.
6	MR. NEJAD: No, I understand. They did,
7	sir. As soon as they started the construction, we
8	lost two bicycle from backyard.
9	But, that I'm not accusing anybody, but
10	look at look at the gates, the guards that we have
11	on the second floor. You have to cage us in because
12	of the deck. Otherwise, we wouldn't have it.
13	Now, if any fire happens, we have to jump
14	from the third floor to backyard or go run to the
15	front from third floor.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Etherly.
17	MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you, Mr. Chair.
18	I'd like to follow up on on a couple of your
19	your questions with Mr. Nejad.
20	MR. NEJAD: Yes.
21	MEMBER ETHERLY: Correct? I want to be
22	sure I have the pronunciation correct. Under under
23	this application there's there's a very specific
24	aspect of the analysis that deals with substantial
25	detriment and I think a significant part of the

concerns that you've expressed fall under that category of concerns or allegations about substantial 2 detriment. 3 Now, based on your testimony, I've kind of 5 broken it down into a couple of things that I want to kind of walk through so I have a clear understanding 6 of what you're experience has been, but in a very 8 focused way --9 MR. NEJAD: Sure. 10 MEMBER ETHERLY: -- as it relates to the 11 decks. 12 Now, there was period of time 13 approximately seven years or so where you were not residing at the property. You had a tenant who was 14 15 residing at the property and I believe you indicated that that tenant was a student. 16 17 MR. NEJAD: Correct. 18 19 MEMBER ETHERLY: Was attending university. 20 So, that -- that tenant perhaps had a very different 21 lifestyle from what you and other members of your family may presently enjoy. 22 23 MR. NEJAD: Exactly, sir. MEMBER ETHERLY: You -- did you have or do 24 you recall any concerns or complaints expressed by 25

1	that tenant?
2	MR. NEJAD: No.
3	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. When did you move
4	back into the subject property?
5	MR. NEJAD: In August in October of
6	2003.
7	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. And at that
8	particular time, was the was the second deck still
9	was that still in existence?
10	MR. NEJAD: No.
11	MEMBER ETHERLY: That had been taken down
12	by that time. So, when
13	MR. NEJAD: Summertime when I, you know,
14	it was the house was empty for three/four months so
15	we can paint it.
16	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
17	MR. NEJAD: So, everyday I was going in
18	there
19	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
20	MR. NEJAD: to check if they're doing
21	their work and everything is okay.
22	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
23	MR. NEJAD: The deck was I think before
24	August was there. Sometime around July and August,
25	they took it down.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. The higher deck? Right. The -- I mean the 2 MR. NEJAD: 3 whole thing. MEMBER ETHERLY: The whole thing came 5 down. MR. NEJAD: Yes, this -- this deck is brand new. 8 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. So, when 9 you came into -- you -- but, you moved into your 10 property around the fall of 2003. 11 MR. NEJAD: Yes, correct. 12 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Now, the second 13 piece that you -- that you reference as relates to a 14 substantial detriment that I'm -- that I'm -- that I'm 15 hearing an allegation about concerns the -- the mold piece which I think broadly speaking might perhaps, 16 you know, speak to use and enjoyment of your property. 17 18 MR. NEJAD: Right. 19 MEMBER ETHERLY: When you -- when you 20 moved into your residence, mold and smell, did you first notice that when you moved in or is it something 21 that --22 MR. NEJAD: Once before we move in when I 23 was checking, I saw mold around the seat in the 24

toilet.

1	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
2	MR. NEJAD: I cleaned it up and I did not
3	know where is it coming from and and I thought
4	maybe because all the windows are closed because I
5	close them
6	MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
7	MR. NEJAD: because of the rain and
8	nobody is there.
9	MEMBER ETHERLY: And that particular
10	bathroom is at the rear of your property as well?
11	MR. NEJAD: No, it's in the middle.
12	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. It's in the
13	middle.
14	MR. NEJAD: It's in the middle of the
15	first floor.
16	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
17	MR. NEJAD: It's a powder room and and
18	I cleaned it up and I left the windows a little bit
19	open and and then I did not notice it and we were
20	so happy we were coming back to our house because we
21	build it for ourself in 1994.
22	MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
23	MR. NEJAD: And and it was like one
24	week or two weeks after that, we noticed the smell.
25	It's it's we can't it's too bad. The smell

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is coming so much.

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MEMBER ETHERLY: And -- and was that -- from a timing standpoint, did that coincide with the construction of the current -- of the new deck? I mean what I'm -- what I'm probing is trying to understand whether there's a connection.

MR. NEJAD: No. No, the deck was done in summer.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.

MR. NEJAD: And we were not living in there.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.

MR. NEJAD: We did not notice it until we moved in there.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. Okay. With respect to -- I -- I think I understand that issue. With respect to the privacy issue, just to be sure I'm clear in terms of your testimony and -- and the facts that we have, based on what is -- what is labeled as Supplemental Exhibit E, it's the -- it's the photographic illustrations provided by the applicant, your property, of course, is what can be described as that white building immediately adjacent to the subject property.

That window which is on what would be your

second level immediately adjacent to the deck --MR. NEJAD: Right. 2 MEMBER ETHERLY: -- is your -- is your --3 4 is your bedroom window. 5 MR. NEJAD: Right. The window above MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. 6 that, is that also a bedroom window as well? 8 MR. NEJAD: Yes. Yes. 9 MEMBER ETHERLY: And then below that, it's 10 not pictured here --11 MR. NEJAD: That's kitchen. MEMBER ETHERLY: -- in the illustration, 12 but below that, that is your kitchen window. 13 14 MR. NEJAD: Correct. 15 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. With respect to your bedroom window at this particular point, you've 16 17 now been in your property for a number of months, the deck has been up for a number of months. 18 19 MR. NEJAD: Correct. MEMBER ETHERLY: Albeit during the fall. 20 So, perhaps, you didn't get the full benefit of an 21 22 actual summer experience, but has it been your experience that you had noise or other disturbances 23 relative to your privacy since you've been back in the 24 25 property based on the existing deck now?

1	MR. NEJAD: Since we've been in our
2	property, when we sit in our backyard, we notice it.
3	We notice our privacy is not there because when they
4	used their
5	MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
6	MR. NEJAD: their deck when we're using
7	our yard, we're both at the same time hearing each
8	other, seeing each other. It's not it's not really
9	private at all.
10	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
11	MR. NEJAD: But, in the bedrooms, the
12	thing that is in your mind there is something there.
13	Somebody can be there all the time and it's just as
14	soon as you wake up, your your brain, your eyes
15	MEMBER ETHERLY: It's unsettling to you.
16	Understood.
17	MR. NEJAD: Anybody there first and then
18	you do the rest of your
19	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. Thank you.
20	I think I have an understanding of of your
21	concerns.
22	MR. NEJAD: It's not that they are there
23	all the time. Please don't get me wrong. I love Mr.
24	Murphy and his family. It's not it's not personal.
25	This is we think it's not morally right to you

1	know, our privacy it really means a lot to us.
2	MEMBER ETHERLY: And it would be your
3	sense that a screen would not necessarily satisfy your
4	concerns?
5	MR. NEJAD: I believe it's going to worsen
6	the damage to our property as I showed.
7	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you.
8	MR. NEJAD: Because of they are
9	blocking the air and light.
10	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you. Thank
11	you, Mr. Chair.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Other questions?
13	Ms. Miller.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: One very quick
15	question which I think you've just answered, but I
16	just want to clarify.
17	Mr. McGettigan from Office of Planning
18	seemed to recommend a privacy screen and if this were
19	to be approved and what I hear you say and I just want
20	to confirm is that you would prefer not that there be
21	a privacy screen. That that would infringe upon your
22	light and air and that your choice would be that there
23	wouldn't be one. Is that correct?
24	MR. NEJAD: I don't I cannot answer
25	that now unless it's up and I say yes or no because I

don't know. I don't know how much of an affect it's 2 going to have. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. 3 MR. NEJAD: Because it's something that in 5 future we trying to do something that I want -- I don't know the effect. 6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Anything else? Any 8 other questions? 9 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Murphy, I 10 just want to ask you a couple of questions. 11 MR. MURPHY: Yes. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Do you have an 12 13 opinion on this privacy screen recommendation, number 14 one? 15 MR. MURPHY: I -- I would be willing either to do it or enter into some sort of interactive 16 17 process, a collaborative process to work with the neighbors on either side to make it work. I'm sort of 18 19 agnostic on whether we do it or not. I'm -- I'm happy 20 to do it if the Board orders that. I'm happy to do it. You know, respect the wishes of the neighbors on 21 either side. 22 Okay. And I 23 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: just want to also get a -- a factual question 24 25 resolved. The deck was constructed in 2002 when?

1	MR. MURPHY: It was actually in it was
2	roughly June/July of 2003. Yes, I I
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Oh, June/July of
4	2003.
5	MR. MURPHY: Yes, I think I I I had
6	a 2002 date on on one of the one of the
7	submissions in the record. Yes, that was that was
8	a factual error.
9	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay.
LO	MR. MURPHY: And I
L1	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And when was it
L2	taken down? When was the old one taken down?
L3	MR. MURPHY: It was they were
L4	immediate. I mean one one went down and one went
L5	up. There was no there was no gap.
L6	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And it was taken
L 7	down because you think it was almost in a state of
L 8	collapse?
L 9	MR. MURPHY: It was. Yes, it was severely
20	bowing. It was stilted on 4 by 4s, you know, span on
21	2 by 6s. It was you know, it was terribly unsafe.
22	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
23	MEMBER ETHERLY: Mr. Chair, I apologize
24	for for circling back on this, but I neglected to
25	ask perhaps what is what is the most important

question for me. Is with respect to the issue of
the of the mold, have you had that looked at
professionally? Have you had anybody come out to
assess that problem? Because I'm what I'm
struggling with Mr. Nejad is the causal connection
between the deck and the mold. So, have you had
anybody take a look at that problem and advise you as
to potential causes?
MR. NEJAD: I have to say I'm an architect
for the last 20 years and I I work in D.C. for 20
years and I am a person who people come to and ask
MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
MR. NEJAD: to find their problem. So,
I assessed it myself.
MEMBER ETHERLY: But, with okay. So,
based on your own experience as as an architect
MR. NEJAD: Right.
MEMBER ETHERLY: is is it your sense
is it your sense that there is a you're alleging
that based on that experience, there is a connection
that based on that experience, there is a connection you feel between the decks the construction of the
you feel between the decks the construction of the

anybody's time, but I have to explain something.

Mr.

1	Murphy's contractor explained to me something that
2	they installed the drain tile first. Either I
3	misunderstood or he misrepresented the case. First he
4	said that he has connected it to our drain.
5	MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
6	MR. NEJAD: You know drain tile you're
7	suppose to connect it to the storm water not the sewer
8	system. In order for them to do it, they have to dig
9	from the backyard all the way to the middle of the
10	street which they did not. They connected it to the
11	to the to the sewer system.
12	MEMBER ETHERLY: So, perhaps just to
13	summarize
14	MR. NEJAD: That was wrong. First, we
15	thought that was the case, but that was wrong and
16	MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
17	MR. NEJAD: and Mr. Meyers from DCRA
18	came and cleared it out that the connection does not
19	have anything to do with your property.
20	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
21	MR. NEJAD: And another thing that comes
22	to mind is not having enough sunlight to dry out the
23	moist in that area.
24	MEMBER ETHERLY: I see. I see. Okay.
25	MR. NEJAD: And that's the result so.

1	MEMBER ETHERLY: That answers my question.
2	Okay. That answers my question. Thank you, Mr.
3	Chair.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Of course,
5	you do have central air in your house. Is that
6	correct?
7	MR. NEJAD: Yes, I do.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And also in the
9	lowest level?
10	MR. NEJAD: Yes, it's a central air. Yes.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. That would
12	that would also impact the humidity level or any sort
13	of mold in the in the space. Would it not?
14	MR. NEJAD: Well, the gas furnace usually
15	dries out instead of instead of moisten it.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. But, you're
17	concerned about the increased moisture level. I see.
18	Okay.
19	Have you you now have the Office of
20	Planning's report. Let me now, let's move ahead.
21	Any other questions from the Board? Let's
22	go to the applicant for any closing remarks you might
23	have, any summations, closing remarks.
24	MR. MURPHY: Summation I let my
25	previous statement stand.

MEMBER MANN: Can you turn on your microphone please?

MR. MURPHY: Sorry. In deference to the Board's time here, but as far as the -- the -- just address quickly the mold issue. I think the building inspector's report sums it up nicely. That he has a -- he has an impermeable brick patio with a crack between that and his foundation which is drawing in the moisture.

Our search through the archives shows that that was neither permitted nor inspected. So, the preliminary inspection is that that -- that's the cause of the problem.

The causation -- this mold problem started -- as you recall, we had the second wettest winter of all time I think and I think everybody on our row is reporting moisture problems. So, to -- there's just no causality between our deck and the dampness in his house. I mean all of these houses are damp to some degree just based on their -- their age and the nature of them.

And privacy, just in closing, I'd say that I don't recall a single incident where I've been on the deck and Mr. Nejad has been on the backyard -- been in his backyard. So, I think that's a bit of a

red herring.

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So, I just thank the Board for its time and its consideration.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you very much. Very well. I think we have the record complete in front of us. I think it's ready to move ahead with the Board's deliberation and decision today.

First of all, very typical and straightforward issues. Obviously, they go directly to portions of the test that we're looking at in terms of the variance and the impact -- the negative impact, of course, the dampness or light and air really is what I was going to and privacy. I think there's -- there is an importance for our discussion on that.

I'm not sure that I have been persuaded with the -- the case on this.

Quite frankly, I would, except for the lack of time, make a very strong case that this shouldn't even be before us. I think that provision of 2001.2 completely covers it. The fact of the matter that there was а larger deck that structurally failing as the testimony today, that it was replaced and modified and structurally altered, removing a portion of that which was above it seems to

fall directly in line and I, in fact, disagree with DCRA's position as is my ability to do the -- the requiring relief.

However, I'm amenable in moving ahead as we have the relief that's been presented before us and have had the application before us and I would move approval of Application 17264 and that would be for relief from 2001.3. Also, the relief from section 403 and also 404 which constitutes a rear yard and also the lot occupancy requirements.

I would ask for a second.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Second.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Thank you very much.

I'll let others speak to the motion at this time.

Ms. Miller.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Chairman, I think that a strong case has been made for the variance test here. I think there is a unique situation in which a building permit was issued for the interior as well as the deck and the owner in this case relied on that.

That -- that alone would not necessarily necessitate the variance release, but then it leads to the practical difficulty in this case of reconfiguring the whole kitchen and layout were this

deck not to be allowed which would be a practical difficulty to the owner and I don't think that there is a case here of substantial detriment to -- to the public.

The row houses are next to each other. This is the way urban living is and the deck has been here for awhile and it's an open deck and I don't think that a case has been made for adverse impact of light and air on the neighbors.

There was some testimony of mold, another situation that the neighbor was experiencing, but I don't think the evidence showed a clear nexus to the -- the deck being the cause of that and, in fact, I think the building inspector's report showed to the contrary.

And with respect to privacy, I think again, these are row houses. It's -- it's urban living and the windows are next door to each other and I don't think that -- that there is a big infringement on the privacy of the neighbors by this deck.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, Mr. Mann.

MEMBER MANN: Mr. Chairman, I -- I agree with you in that I don't think this case necessarily even had to be here, but since it is, I do also agree that the tests have been met.

But, I just wanted to briefly address the proposed possible condition of putting up the privacy fence.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good.

MEMBER MANN: And I would actually suggest that we do not impose that condition. There doesn't seem to be any strong agreement or disagreement by any of the neighbors that it's necessary.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent point and
-- and I -- I agree with you there. I think Mr.

McGettigan was -- was very careful in his choice of
words when he said the OP has in the past recommended,
but had not directly recommended in this case.

Certainly, it's an option. I know every Board member
here looking at this thought of it as an option based
on most often Office of Planning's recommendations
prior.

But, I agree with you. I don't see the -the real need. It certainly wouldn't be precluded or
prohibited from doing so if it was found to be
necessary, but even the party in opposition has
indicated not supporting that aspect.

Yes, others. Mr. Etherly.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair. I will also speak in support of the motion and

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-- and I wanted to echo the comments of my colleague, Mrs. Miller.

I -- I want to thank the -- the opponent Mr. Nejad for -- for he and his wife taking the time to come down and share their concerns.

I don't believe that, you know, what -what appears to be the Board's decision should
necessarily be taken as a statement that there might
not be some discomfort that you experience by virtue
of the existence of a new deck or by virtue of just
the way your property is situated in the context of
the neighborhood where -- where you've chosen to make
your home.

To the extent that it's necessary, I'll speak a little bit about my own personal experience which is somewhat similar to yours in terms of the layout of the rear of my property and what I deal with in terms of the back bedrooms of my own residence relative to the vicinity of other residences and I -- and I too am a resident on Capitol Hill.

So, I understand the concerns and I think my colleagues understand the concerns that -- that you express, but I do agree with Mrs. Miller as it relates to the issue of sun. I think the -- the overhead photographs that are included in the Office of

Planning's report are very illustrative of what the circumstances are with respect to sun and light in your immediate neighborhood.

It's fairly clear that you're going to get substantial shadows from а number of different directions both to the east and perhaps even to some extent depending on the time of day from some of the properties that are -- that are -- I'm sorry, from the west and potentially given the time of day, you may also get some additional sun coming from some of the properties that are in your same line based on where the sun -- sun is perched. I don't -- I just don't see that the deck is going to exacerbate that. believe the photos in attachment three and attachment four already demonstrate some fairly substantial shadows that come from some of the buildings that front on 4th Street, N.E.

I think with respect to the issue of privacy I think that was the biggest concern for me and -- and one of the more compelling aspects of -- of your presentation, but I would also again agree with my colleague Mrs. Miller and my other colleagues with regard to just the orientation and the situation of these properties as row properties.

It is to an extent something of a fact of

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life that the closeness and the proximity and the adjacency of these properties are one that oftentimes give themselves to perhaps having to put up with a little more noise and a little more of the urban feel if you will than a stand-alone dwelling might have to deal with in another particular area. We just live in that kind of proximity and I, too, share that kind of situation in my own personal experience in the neighborhood where I reside.

The security issue that you raised, too, is a very practical consideration, but I don't think it's that's necessarily exacerbated the one existence of the deck. I think the Chairman's were very instructive with questions regard unfortunately any creative person who desires to do some ill will in terms of violating your property rights or the property rights of any of your neighbors could utilize your roof, could utilize a ladder in quick and underhanded means very to access your property through any of your windows.

It is indeed a shame that we all have to give consideration to security measures like gates and screens and things along those lines, but that too is something of -- of a fact of life in an urban setting that I don't think is exacerbated by the introduction

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of -- or the reintroduction of the deck to -- to your neighbor's property.

So, in short, I think the outcome is a right one, but I just wanted to be sure and I'm sure I speak for my colleagues when I say thank you for your time for coming down here. It's probably not the outcome that you desire, but I -- I am hopeful that you understand the Board's reasoning.

And I'll also note just on the issue of the screening that I do tend to agree with my colleagues. I know we had a case in the past where the Office of Planning did suggest some screening. That circumstance was somewhat different, but I am sure that I haven't heard anything at Mr. Murphy's presentation that would suggest that there is not a willingness for neighbors to build on the congeniality that I've heard here.

Mr. Nejad has clearly said this is not a personal issue here. So, I am very hopeful that in the spirit of that -- of that testimony there will be ample consideration given on the part of both members of the community to addressing any concerns.

You know, if it's not a full-fledged screen, you know, there is perhaps some, you know -- I mean I'll leave it -- I'll leave it at that, but I

think that is something that can worked out in a -- in a congenial fashion.

Thank you, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you very much. Well said. Ms. Miller, last word.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes, I just want to add to the variance analysis. With respect to the uniqueness in this case and also the -- no substantial detriment. I think it's important to bring out the fact that this isn't a new deck that was being requested for the first time. In this case, there were two decks that had been there previously for over 20 years and in this case, we're talking about a replacement for one of the decks that is smaller than the footprint of that original deck. So, I think that's an important factor.

And I just want to comment. The Board isn't reaching the question of whether or not applicant should be here anyway based on 2001.2. But, I think to me it's not clear because this sounds like a replacement and the words in 2001.2 talk about ordinary repairs, alterations, and modernizations to the structure including structural alterations.

So, I mean it's -- it's possible that it could fit in there. It's possible not in my opinion.

So, I think it's the right course of action that we don't need to reach that since applicant has met the 2 3 variance test. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank 5 you very much. Anything further? Being nothing further, we have a motion 6 It has been seconded. Ask all those in 8 favor signify by saying aye. 9 (Ayes) 10 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And opposed? 11 Abstaining? Mr. Moy, if you wouldn't mind. 12 MOY: Okay. Yes, the staff would MR. 13 record the vote as 4-0-1. The is to approve the application on the motion of the Chairman Mr. Griffis, 14 15 seconded by Ms. Miller. This also includes the additional relief from 2001.3. Also in support of the 16 motion Mr. Mann and Mr. Etherly and we have no Zoning 17 18 Commission member participating. 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank Is there any other business for the 20 you very much. Board this morning? 21 22 MR. MOY: No, sir. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. If there's no 23 further business, then prior to adjourning, let me say 24 25 Mr. McGettigan it's been a pleasure and let's take a

break for some lunch. Let's come back at 1:45 Board 2 members and we'll convene in the afternoon session. That being said, thank you all very much. (Whereupon, the hearing was recessed at 5 1:01 p.m. to reconvene at 1:45 p.m. this same day.) 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 A-F-T-E-R-N-O-O-N S-E-S-S-I-O-N 20 21 2:12 p.m. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: 22 Good afternoon, 23 ladies and gentlemen. Let us call this afternoon session to order on the 15th of March 2005 of the 24 25 Board of Zoning Adjustment for the District of

Columbia.

My name is Geoff Griffis, Chairperson.

Joining me today is the Vice Chair Ms.

Miller and also our mayoral appointee Mr. Etherly.

Representing the Zoning Commission with us this afternoon is Mr. Hildebrand and representing the National Capital Planning Commission is Mr. Mann.

A very good afternoon to all of you.

Copies of today's hearing agenda are available for you.

We do have two cases scheduled for this afternoon, but the public schedule is located where you entered into the hearing room. We have a continuation of appeal and we have a new appeal this afternoon. So, I will get through my opening remarks so we can go right to it and I'll give you a little bit of estimated timing of which we will proceed with this afternoon.

Several very important aspects to all proceedings before the Board of Zoning Adjustment are, first, all proceedings are recorded. They're recorded in two fashions. First of all, we do have the court reporter who is sitting on the floor to my right that is creating the official transcript. Secondly, we are being broadcast live on the Office of Zoning's

website.

Attendant to both of those, we ask several things.

First of all, when coming forward to speak to the Board prior to addressing the Board, we will need you to state your name and address for the record. You will need to do that into a microphone. The microphone should be on. But, if it isn't, I'll remind you to turn it on.

Secondly, we would ask that everyone fill out two witness cards. Witness cards should go to the recorder prior to coming forward to speak so that we can give all the testimony on the record credit to those who actually say it and get your names spelled correctly also.

I asked that everyone present turn off their cell phones and beepers at this time so we don't have a disruption of the proceedings and transmission as we go forward.

The order of procedure for the appeal applications are as follows. First, we hear statements of the witnesses of the appellant.

Second, we'll hear from the Government's case and the Zoning Administrator's representatives.

Third, we'll hear from the lessee or

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operator of the property.

Fourth, we'll hear from the ANC.

Fifth, we'd hear from any intervener cases that have been established by the Board.

Sixth, we'll hear rebuttal and closing statements by the appellant.

Cross examination of witnesses is, of course, allowed by the appellant, appellee, and any interveners that are established in the appeals cases.

We'll be very clear on who that is and how that is to be conducted.

Nothing precludes this Board from setting limits on cross examination questions and time. Obviously, those limits would be based on the -- being germane and jurisdictional to the Board and keeping to the scope of which the appeal has already been set or will be set depending on the case.

The record will be closed at the conclusion of each case presentation before the Board except for any material that the Board keeps the record open for and we will be very specific as to the material that is to be submitted into the record and when it is to be submitted if it is, in fact, required by the Board.

The Sunshine Act requires that this Board

conduct all its proceedings in the open and before the public. This Board may enter into executive session both during or after any proceeding on a case and that would be for the procedure of reviewing the record and/or deliberating on a case and that would also be in accordance with the Sunshine Act and our rules, regulations, and procedures.

We will make every effort to conclude at some point today which brings me to the question of schedule.

We have a continuation of appeal that's started. We have a second appeal that's being called.

It is my estimation at this point that we would call the second appeal sometime between 5:30 and 6:00 this evening. The Board has indicated that they would stay long enough to get well into the appeal if not hear the entire case of the appeal, but I want to inform you of that so you're not expecting it to be called at 3:00 and maybe can accommodate other people's schedules.

I'm going to get to the last little bits of it. I'd like to take up as a preliminary matter in the second if there's any scheduling problems with any of the participants or proposed participants in the second appeal to that matter and then we get right

into the first scheduled on the agenda today. So, going to preliminary matters, 2 preliminary matters are those which relate to 3 or should be heard today. 4 a case will 5 Requests for postponements, continuances, whether adequate and proper notice has been provided, I'll 6 skip through a lot of this because I think it would 8 become evident as we get through it pretty quickly. 9 Let me ask and first say a very good 10 afternoon to Mr. Nyarku who is with the Office of 11 Zoning sitting at my far right. Mr. Moy also with the Office of Zoning. A very good afternoon to you. 12 13 Representing the Office of Attorney General is Ms. Monroe with us. 14 15 Mr. Moy, any preliminary matters for the Board's attention today? 16 MR. MOY: Yes, Mr. Chair, but I think we 17 18 can handle it as a case by case. 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. And 20 let's swear people in then. People that have not been sworn in previously or that are planning to testify 21 22 today before the Board, I'd ask you if you would please stand and give your attention to Mr. Moy. 23 going to administer the oath and then we'll take up 24 25 any preliminary matters.

1	MR. MOY: Do you solemnly swear or affirm
2	that the testimony you are about to give in this
3	proceeding is the truth, the whole truth, and nothing
4	but the truth? Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you all
6	very much.
7	Is there any questions from the second
8	appeal on the day? Yes.
9	Actually, I'm sorry. I just need you to
10	come forward. You're going to need to state your name
11	and address for the record and more importantly, I
12	need you to speak into a microphone.
13	MR. GOLDBERG: Roy Goldberg for the
14	appellant.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Could you just touch
16	that?
17	MR. GOLDBERG: It's on.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Perfect.
19	MR. GOLDBERG: Roy Goldberg, Sheppard,
20	Mullin, Richter & Hampton for the appellant Eastern
21	Trans Waste Of Maryland.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: Just to report we are here.
24	We're ready to proceed. We appreciate the ability to
25	get on today. We have witnesses coming from as far as

1	at least 200 or 300 miles away that have come into
2	town. So, we appreciate the indulgence and to try to
3	if at all possible certainly start and complete
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: They coming from up
5	north or down no, it doesn't matter honestly.
6	MR. GOLDBERG: Not not eastern. That's
7	for sure.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Right.
9	MR. GOLDBERG: Not from the water, but so,
10	we appreciate the indulgence and we'll be ready to
11	proceed when the panel's ready.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. I appreciate
13	that and as I say, you know, if there are other things
14	that you want to do. You want to sit, obviously,
15	we're going into an appeal right now, that would be
16	fine. Totally up to you. We will find you or you can
17	leave a note of where you are to be found if we get
18	if you if you decide to leave, but I would not
19	anticipate anything before 5:00 today.
20	MR. GOLDBERG: We'll keep our fingers
21	crossed.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: Thank you.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: With that then if
25	there's nothing else for the Board's attention, let's

get right into this and -- and move ahead.

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Mr. Moy, if you wouldn't mind calling the first case in the afternoon.

Yes, sir, as you said, this is MR. MOY: an appeal case that's continued from March the 1st and this is the Appeal Number 17285 of Patrick J. Carome pursuant **DCMR** 3100 and 3101 administrative decision of the Zoning Administrator of the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs. The appellant alleges that the Zoning Administrator erred by issuing a building permit which is Number B as in Bravo 460927 dated April 23rd, 2004 allowing the construction of a masonry retaining wall serving a single-family detached dwelling. The appellant contends that the retaining wall violated the Zoning Regulations, including the side yard requirements under section 405, rear yard requirements section 404, and structures in open space requirements under section 2503. The subject premise is located Slope/Wesley Heights/R-1-A within the Tree and District and is located at 4825 Dexter Terrace, N.W. That's in Square 1381, Lot 806.

As I said earlier, the -- this appeal was originally heard March 1st. The Board acted on preliminary matters at that time. What's before the

Board now are arguments from all the parties beginning with the appellant. 2 Finally, Mr. Chair, just want to alert the 3 Board that since March 1st, there have been additional 4 5 filings into the record. First is the filing dated March 14th from 6 or rather -- yes, March 14th from the appellant and 8 that's in your case folders as Exhibit 47 and 48. 9 We also have a filing from the intervener 10 representing the property owner which is in your case folders identified as Exhibit 49. In that exhibit --11 there are two motions within that exhibit. First, 12 13 objecting to the filing of the appellant for lack of timeliness and second, a request to continue the case 14 15 if the filing is accepted into the record. Finally, the last filings are from the 16 17 other intervener in the case, the National Park 18 Service which is in your case folders identified as Exhibit 50 and 51. 19 And that completes the staff's briefing, 20 Mr. Chairman. 21 Thank you 22 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Mr. Aguglia, do you want to speak briefly 23 very much. like one minute on your motion? 24

Yes,

AGUGLIA:

MR.

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Richard Aquqlia

representing the property owners with the law firm of Hunton & Williams.

I'm withdrawing my request for a continuance because having read volume four of -- of the Carome submittal, I believe it reinforces our

However, I would like to have the record open so I can at least have a written statement in opposition to it I think as a courtesy since I didn't get it until yesterday afternoon.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.

MR. AGUGLIA: All right. Second, I'm --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let me -- let me ask you on the first motion and then the substantive piece and let me be straight with you. I don't think the Board has entirely read all of it as we were delivered some of it late last night to our homes, but is it your understanding that -- that most of this is more of legislative history and -- and legal briefing on this issue?

MR. AGUGLIA: Correct.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And would you not then -- I understand you're requesting to keep the record open, but would it not also be appropriate in -- in perhaps even your findings and conclusions draft

position.

1	summations at the end of this, it might be able to be
2	incorporated.
3	MR. AGUGLIA: Yes.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
5	MR. AGUGLIA: Yes, that's true, but I
6	would still like the opportunity
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure.
8	MR. AGUGLIA: to separate it out.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed.
10	MR. AGUGLIA: Because I believe it
11	supports my position and (b) the statute is so clear
12	on this. Just reinforces the issue.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. So, then I have a
15	second point. I was just given as I walked into the
16	building the latest submission from the Park Service
17	dated today.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. We're
19	we're a couple of hours ahead of you on that one.
20	MR. AGUGLIA: I did not receive it until
21	roughly 12:30ish when we got to the building. All
22	right.
23	I I have object because of the late
24	filing. If you are inclined to accept it, then I must
25	have the right to bring in there are there are

significant misstatements here.

First of all, I note that while there's a cover letter from Sarah Blumenthal as the Regional Director, there is no signature on it as to who prepared the document. So, I'm not even sure who prepared the document, but there are such significant mistakes here that I must have the right to call our expert engineer in to rectify the situation.

He is in Pennsylvania. He's not available today. I didn't intend to put him on the stand today because I wasn't aware that this was going to filed an hour before the hearing.

So, that's where I'm at on the -- the latest Park submissions or submittal.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And I understand the two -- the second point, I absolutely concur with. The first point, I'm not sure I understand. Why would you not think that this is the Park Service's work or are you saying it has to be established that it is Ms. Blumenthal's individual work and why would that make any difference to us?

MR. AGUGLIA: Well, in order for this to have any credibility, it would have to have been prepared by an engineer who understood the engineering concepts.

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see your point.
2	Even even within the Park Service, who who came
3	up with this fairly expert analysis.
4	MR. AGUGLIA: Exactly. And my guess is
5	that Ms. Blumenthal is not that person.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Gotcha. And
7	certainly in the cross examination of the presentation
8	of their case, that's a question that you could raise.
9	Correct?
10	MR. AGUGLIA: Yes.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Good. Any
12	other concerns?
13	MR. AGUGLIA: Not at this time. Okay.
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, it's still
15	twofold in terms of the U.S. Department of Interior.
16	You would either have us strike it or keep the record
17	open for your opportunity to address?
18	MR. AGUGLIA: To address and by the
19	presentation of a witness.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Okay. Yes.
21	MR. CAROME: I have no objection to Mr.
22	Aguglia's request to submit a written response to what
23	I filed yesterday whether it's in the form of his
24	proposed findings of fact and law or otherwise.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Any opinion

1	on the Department of Interior Park Service motion?
2	MR. CAROME: I I would suggest that
3	perhaps the Park Service counsel who I know is here
4	might might want to respond, but I don't have a
5	response. No.
6	MR. MURPHY: Good day, Mr. Chairman. My
7	name is David Murphy. I'm representing the National
8	Park Service.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Um-hum.
10	MR. MURPHY: As to the preparation of the
11	document, Ms. Sarah Blumenthal was the Acting Regional
12	Director at the time of the the conveyance of this
13	document.
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, but did she
15	compile this information, draw these analysis and
16	conclusions?
17	MR. MURPHY: No, we didn't no, she did
18	not. However, these are not engineering calculations.
19	These are simply
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Right.
21	MR. MURPHY: quotes from the insuring
22	documents.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Without going into
24	who did it?
25	MR. MURPHY: This was done by staff work,

professionals and legal advisors to the National Park Service. 2 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Good. 3 We'll 4 leave it at that. Is there any opinion on the motion 5 to allow the property owner's representative to have the record kept open for their submissions in rebuttal 6 to this? Any objection to that? 8 MR. MURPHY: No, we do not object. 9 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Does the ANC have 10 any objection to that? Do any of the others? Have I 11 missed anybody? Refreshing my recollection here. Does the DCRA have any objection? That's right. 12 13 You're part of this. Aren't ya? MS. BELL: Yes, the government. 14 15 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: This whole cast of characters over here. Where's the government anyway? 16 17 Okay. afternoon. 18 MS. BELL: Good Good afternoon. Actually, the government is in the same 19 position as -- as Mr. Aguglia. 20 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. 21 22 MS. BELL: We just received this upon walking in today. We haven't had an opportunity to 23 review it and it does contain -- without making --24 without making any comments with regard to the fact, 25

it does contain, you know, substantive conclusions which we would need to address at another 2 point. So, we would like the record to remain 5 open so that we can have an opportunity to review it later and provide some response if need be. 6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Great. Okay. And I 8 think obviously anything we afford Mr. Aguglia the opportunity, we afford everybody the opportunity. 10 we'll get that into the schedule of submissions as we 11 move forward. Let's -- I think that's fairly decided 12 13 unless there's any opposition from the Board members in -- in allowing the record to be kept open for 14 15 responses to the Park Service letter. Obviously, they'll open for cross examination and 16 be 17 presentation of their case. This may well be part of 18 it, but not necessarily all together if we get to this 19 today. 20 Any objection to proceeding in In which case, let's more ahead and I don't 21 fashion? 22 think that there's any other preliminary matters. Ms. Miller, comment. 23 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Just -- just for 24

housekeeping purposes, then as I understand it, the

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motion for a continuance has been withdrawn and the motion for an opportunity to respond in writing to the appellant's latest supplemental brief is granted. that correct? CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sounds good to me. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Sounds Okay. good to me. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Everyone understand Good. Very well. An excellent point to the same? bring up. Now, the second piece, we're ready to go -- move ahead with the appellant's case. We'll then hear DCRA's case, property owner's case. We'll hear from the ANC and we'll go to the intervener and rebuttal closing. You've been limited to 30 minutes. The clock is going to be on. It's on both sides. I have it in front of me. If there's interruption for a Board question, that obviously doesn't count towards your 30 minutes. If you don't see the clock stop when a Board question comes in, I want you just to keep I will keep track of it and make sure that going.

Once 30 minutes is up, we'll move to cross

time is added back on.

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188 examination. Cross examination, of course, is not I will keep people on point and fairly times. expeditious in their questions and answers. You guys are all attorneys. So, you know it better than I do, but I will also just intervene if need be. If that's clear, are you ready to proceed?

MR. CAROME: Yes, I am.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. In which case, let's move ahead.

MR. CAROME: Thank you and good afternoon. I'm Patrick Carome of the law firm of Wilmer, Cutler, Pickering, Hale & Dorr. I'm the appellant in this matter.

Just as a quick preliminary matter, I'd like to adopt the submissions of all of the letters in the file that have been submitted in favor of the I would note that on the docket sheet a number of letters that are, in fact, in favor of the appeal are, I think, incorrectly indicated as being opposed to the appeal.

I'm speaking specifically about the ones I'm adopting are BZA Exhibits 19, 25, 30 of the Sierra Club, 33 of the Palisades Citizen Association, 38, 39, 44 and a number that are also in 85 of my volume three

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1	which is BZA Exhibit 34 including the statement of the
2	Morrisons.
3	On the merits, I'm going to turn right to.
4	There are there are five points that I'd like to
5	present this afternoon. I have a a one-page
6	bulleted five-bulleted handout which I was going to
7	use as a blowup, but I would suggest perhaps if I
8	could just hand that out
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good.
10	MR. CAROME: to the Board members, that
11	might help as we follow along.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I'm sorry. Want to
13	go straight down here. Hand it to staff, Mr. Nyarku,
14	who will put it in as an exhibit and hand it to the
15	Board, but you should proceed.
16	MR. CAROME: First let me begin by a quick
17	overview of what the structure is that is at issue
18	here.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It all needs to go
20	there.
21	MR. CAROME: I'm going to refer to the
22	model here and these photos as well as photos in in
23	my exhibit book.
24	The I think it's really important that
25	we understand at the outset exactly what this this

thing is that's at issue here.

It is an enormous nearly 400 foot -nearly 400 feet long wall that is 30 feet high at it's
-- at least 30 feet high at its highest point and it
is supporting and surrounding substantially more than
a quarter acre elevated terrace.

Using the model, what you see here in the model before you is the preexisting state of the property before this project was done. You see that this -- the -- the property slopes substantially downward from Dexter Terrace towards Wesley Heights Park or Acclamation Park at it's rear. It was previously occupied by a -- by a small -- smaller house and it was heavily treed in the backyard. In fact, the aerial photos that the Park Service I believe is going to present to you will show that it's very difficult to even have found the house from -- from the aerial shots amongst all of the trees in the -- in the backyard.

The -- what happened is that in -- in -- as part of this project all of the trees were cleared and then in -- starting in 2004, this structure which is -- which the permit referred to as a retaining wall, but which I will discuss today as being much more than a retaining wall. It is, in fact, a -- it

does have a wall on the outside, but it is a -- an enormous more than -- more than a quarter acre terrace that was previously where the air and the trees was that has now been erected in the backyard of the house.

Let me just put it in here. It's right there and it was done after the new house was -- was put there. So, that's -- that's now what we -- what we have there. This has recently been carpeted with sod.

The -- the location is extraordinary. It's -- it's right up against the property lines and I -- I covered this up too soon, but the -- it's -- it's also obviously covering the -- virtually the entire rear required yard and substantial portions of both of the side required yards. The -- and it's again right up against the property.

These trees also have to come down because a substantial amount of -- of trees have been lost through that area as well here through the construction activity and other -- and other damage.

The permit application said it was just going to be made out of mesa block. In fact, it's -- it's much more than mesa block. Mesa blocks are these large masonry blocks which make up the -- the wall

itself, but a key structural element of the structure is something known as geo-grid which is a high tension fabric material which horizontally. runs It's attached literally to the brick and runs horizontally away from the brick wall and -- and into -- horizontally into the -- into the structure.

There are some 20 layers of such geo-grid fabric. They extend back anywhere from 13 and a half feet to 27 feet according to Exhibit 24 which is the engineering diagram for drawings and plans for the --for the property.

The -- just to -- that drawing, what is -- what is shown there in green is the geo-grid that is extending backwards. The -- the dimensions there have been taken off of Exhibit 24 to show the geo-grid. The exterior around there obviously is -- is the wall. That's Wesley Heights Park and neighboring property right along here and right along here.

The -- just to -- the -- the wall -- the model shows sort of the interior of the structure and so, what you have here -- I've -- I've just -- in -- in this model here, you can see the representation of what the geo-grid is -- is like. It is these large sheets of material, porous, with holes in it, but they extend backwards. It is the geo-grid, in fact, which

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is really keeping the wall from falling down away from the terrace in many respects. It all sort of holds together the material.

So, and so, the wall -- just to be clear, this is the wall and there's obviously this huge cavity that is here. The terrace with the geo-grid running through it as in that drawing is here.

So, it's -- it really has two components to the structure. It's the -- excuse me. It's the -- it's the wall plus -- plus the terrace.

So, let me first -- now, there's -- there are many reasons why this structure violates the D.C. zoning code and there are many stated in my original appeal. There -- there are many more stated in the papers that I'm afraid I've burdened the -- this panel, but I'm going to focus on just five of them today and they're the five that are listed on the sheet that I -- that I handed out.

The first is the Wesley Heights Overlay and it's general purposes and this was a defect. This defect in the challenged DCRA permitting decision is one essentially that -- that the DCRA failed to apply, the Wesley Heights Overlay. This was a serious defect both in procedure and in substance.

Procedurally, it is apparent that DCRA did

not even consider the Wesley Heights Overlay in its decision.

Why -- why do I say that? When the DCRA correctly applies an overlay, its general practice is to note the initials of the overlay district both on the top of the permit application and on the permit itself. In this instance, neither of those things were done. Exhibit 51 is the permit application. Ordinarily, on the first page of that at the very top, there would be a designation of Wesley Heights Overlay. There is not. Exhibit 52 is the permit itself. On that, there is no reference to the Wesley Heights Overlay.

Interestingly enough, all of the other permits -- permit applications and permits that were issued in connection with this property did bear those notations of the Wesley Heights Overlay on the page one and the Wesley Heights Overlay reference on the permit itself. Not here.

Substantively, I submit that it is obvious from the fact that this structure was allowed to be put up that the DCRA could not possibly have applied the Wesley Heights Overlay because this structure is so fundamentally at odds with the purpose of the overlay and it's terms.

The key purposes of the Wesley Heights Overlay are to preserve and enhance the density, the below density character of Wesley Heights, the preserve existing trees, access to air and light, and to preserve the harmonious design and attractive appearance of the neighborhood.

The photos in the record make it abundantly clear that the massive wall structure violates these proposes, in its size, in its location, and in its appearance. I would refer in particular to Exhibits 29, 30, 32, 35, 36, 40, and 44. Those are all in my exhibit volumes.

Obviously, it greatly increases density of -- of building structures in this area. Ιt has created an enormous tree-free zone where a dense forest previously flourished. At least 15 major trees were destroyed in -- in the construction of this according to the Park Service evidence that you'll see and those trees actually cannot grow back because this has now been heavily compressed land here and -- and fill material and geo-grid material that this platform is made up of and I think you'll hear testimony from Park Service today indicating that the trees Certainly, not the substantial cannot grow there. trees that were there in this area because of the --

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the geo-grid and other compaction of the -- of the platform.

It also cuts off massive amounts of light and air and it could not be less harmonious with its park land surroundings.

Statements from the neighbors that are in the record say it all. One neighbor called this a piece of public park land to be enjoyed by walkers and lovers, but it has now been nature it has -mutilated. Another neighbor called it -- that it looks like a battleship. Another neighbor says that it looks like an aircraft carrier run aground in the Another area neighbor has said that it's an eyesore that mocks the law and that it saps air and light from the park. Another neighbor who had lived -- who has lived in the neighborhood for -- for 18 years says in -- in 18 years of living in Wesley Heights, I have yet to see a more offensive structure. Those are all in the record.

This Board should rule that the structure at issue violates the Wesley Heights Overlay and it also should take the Wesley Heights Overlay into account in strictly construing the other zoning provisions that are at issue in this case and for that proposition in terms of taking the zoning -- the

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overlay purposes into account and -- and the other aspects, the other issues in the case. I would cite the BZA case of appeal of Saylor, Appeal Number 17054-A decision of October 5th, 2004.

My second argument is that the -- that the walled platform structure violates the zoning codes general prohibition in section 2503 on structures in required rear yards.

Section 2503 is clear and straightforward.

Required rear yards -- required yards both rear and side must be completely free and clear of all structures from the ground up subject to very limited exceptions.

This structure clearly violates section 2503. It obliterates nearly all of the 25 foot required rear yard that -- or what's under here and it -- and it also covers over very substantial portions of the required eight foot side yards and the structure plainly does not fit within any of the very narrow and limited exceptions to section 2503.

Now, the DCRA and the Econimedes have placed all of their eggs in one exception to 2503. They've -- they've put their eggs in the basket of 2503.3 which permits "fences and retaining walls constructed in accordance with the D.C. building

code." That position hinges entirely on two false premises.

First they make the -- the obviously false assertion that this -- this whole structure is just a retaining wall. I submit that it clearly is not just a retaining wall. It is -- it is a retaining wall or a wall and I think there are issues about whether it's a retaining wall, but the important thing is that it's not just the wall. It is also this enormous quarter acre compacted geo-grided platform structure.

Now, the second assertion that they make which is completely false is that -- their position is that as a matter of D.C. law there is absolutely no limit on how high anyone can -- can build a retaining wall around the perimeter or his or her property.

These positions are both plainly wrong for a host of different reasons.

In the first place, there -- as I noted before, there is a substantial issue whether even the wall, even the exterior wall component of this structure is a retaining wall. I think a fair argument can be made that the wall here is not a retaining wall because it is not retaining something that was there before. Instead it is -- it is holding up what I believe is on the order of 6,000 cubic yards

of fill material, rocks, soil, other material, and geo-grid that have been trucked in from -- imported in from completely different locations that were not previously there.

Even if the exterior wall is a retaining wall, even if you accept that, the wall I submit is just the tail wagging the dog. The most significant component of this structure is not the wall or the walls, but rather the enormous elevated platform or terrace that now occupied thousands of cubic feet that were previously nothing but air and trees.

I would also note that the -- the fill is as much holding up the wall as the wall is retaining the fill and for that, I would just refer the panel to Econimedes Exhibit E at page nine which is a group of photos which the Econimedes submitted. That's -- that's their submission at BZA Exhibit 31.

There can be no doubt that the elevated platform structure, this part of this structure, meets the zoning codes definition of a structure in its own right. The code defines structure as follows:

"Anything constructed including a building the use of which requires permanent location on the ground or anything attached to something having a permanent location on the ground" and then the code goes on to

give some examples including and it says "These include among other things radio and television towers, reviewing stands, platforms" which I find to be very important here "flagpoles, tanks, bins, gas holders, chimneys, bridges, and retaining walls."

So, both retaining walls and platforms are specific examples of structures under the code.

Now, the term -- the term platform -- well, first of all, this platform part of this structure clearly meets both of the alternative prongs of the definition before you even get to the examples.

First, it is constructed. It is a manmade and built up thing that has been built up from various imported materials of different sorts, the fill, the geo-grid, et cetera.

Second, is attached to something having a permanent location on the ground, the high tension geo-grid fabrics which run deeply into the platform structure here are directly attached to the wall structure which obviously is permanently affixed to the ground.

The platform also fits neatly into one of the expressed examples of structure in -- in the definition of structure. Webster's Unabridged defines platform as "a natural or constructed terrace."

Webster's defines terrace as "a relatively level paved or planted area adjoining a building." It also calls -- defines it as "a raised embankment with a top leveled for walking" and as a "horizonal or gently sloping ridge made in a hillside."

I don't think it could be any clearer that this is a platform or terrace. That it's -- and it's a structure and it, therefore, had to conform to the zoning code.

If the Econimedes had filled the cavity made up by this wall with -- instead of with this multilayered fill and geo-grid, if they had instead filled this up with, sorry, that cavity up with cement and made a nice platform or put shuffleboard quartz on top of it or something like that, no one would doubt that the whole thing was structure. No one would say well, aha, it's just the wall.

It's no different that they've used imported fill and geo-grid to achieve the same -- to achieve the same result.

The -- once this structure is properly conceived of as being a wall plus a platform, it is undeniable that section 2503 has been violated. The platform -- the platform occupies virtually all of the required rear yard and large portions of the required

side yard.

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Could -- could one of you flip down. The green there is showing where the geo-grids are. This -- when we flip this next down, it'll -- it'll show how the -- how the platform. That's the elevated surface of the platform. The same as this just turned sideways. That it now sits on the -- on the property.

The -- it -- that platform does not meet any of the exceptions of section 2503. It's not within section 2503.2 because it has parts. most of its parts that are more than four feet above grade. That's an essential to meet 2503. It's not within the retaining wall exception. The only thing it could possibly fit into is the exception for structures that are entirely below four feet -- do not project above grade anymore than four feet and the grade here, this is an important point that addressed in my submission yesterday, where is grade measured from?

Grade for this purpose is the level of the yard at the points where the structure is built. This is spelled out clearly in the 1977 legislative history of what -- what became section 2503 and -- and there are figures at the back of my Exhibit A that show that grade specifically is being measured in their examples

from the point in the yard where the -- where the structure is. I refer in particular to -- this would be BZA Exhibit 48, my Exhibit A, that at the back of that Exhibit A, there are -- there are several drawings of what would and would not comply with the -- this part of the code and there is one example where clearly the measurement is being made from the rear -- rear wall. The -- so, that's argument two.

Argument three is that the -- oh, I'm sorry. The wall platform structure also violates the prohibitions on structures that occupy more than 50 percent of a required yard. When 2503 was first enacted, the definition of yard was revised to include a new sentence stating that no building or structure shall occupy in excess of 50 percent of a yard required by this title.

Here, the platform structure clearly occupies more than 50 percent of the required yard. Indeed, it occupies approximately 94 percent of the required rear yard. Everything but that little triangle that's not covered up by the wall at all is -- is occupied. Everything but that is -- is occupied. So, 94 percent of the required rear yard has been occupied and 60 percent of the required side yard is occupied. The parts that aren't occupied are

the parts up here and the part down in that corner, but everything else is -- is completely occupied by the -- by the platform.

Even if you ignored the -- the platform and just looked at the geo-grid which is the dark -the green material underneath, the -- the structure still occupies more than the 50 percent allowed portion of the required rear yard. Again, the only parts that aren't occupied of the required rear yard are that little corner there and a little bit here where the geo-grid doesn't quite make it out to the 25 foot -- the 25 foot line and it also doesn't occupy this portion here. But, even if you just forget about the platform and just look at the geo-grid, you still have a violation of the 50 percent lot occupancy limit.

For much the same reasons, this is now my fourth of five points, the wall platform structure violates the Wesley Heights Overlay prohibition on structures that occupy more than 30 percent of a lot. What the Wesley Heights Overlay says quoting is "No structure including accessory buildings shall occupy an area in excess of 30 percent of a lot."

Again, the whole thing is a structure, the

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wall plus the platform. It occupies the area of the lot shown in red there. That's the part of the elevated terrace above what the preexisting grade was and that amount of the -- by my calculations, that area -- that red area there exceeds 14,000 square feet and the total size of the lot according to the D.C. records is 25,811 square feet and simple arithmetic indicates that that is а 54 percent lot with this occupancy of the wall platform structure.

Actually, even if you just looked at the -- they're just under the 30 percent by my calculations. The -- just the geo-grided material I -- I believe is -- approximately 28 percent of the lot has been occupied by the wall plus the geo-grid that's attached to the wall.

Lastly, and I want to make clear that I know there was some concern at the last hearing about whether I was relying on the -- on the building code for parts of my argument and I -- I -- all of those four arguments I have just delivered to you are purely zoning code arguments. They're purely zoning code arguments.

I'm now -- my last argument does in part incorporate and draw on one aspect of the building

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code and that is even if we ignore all of the foregoing points I've made and say that this is nothing more than just the wall. It's just the wall. Take this away. Pretend this isn't here. Pretend it's just the wall. Even if we pretend that's all that's here, there still is a serious violation of the zoning code.

That is because most importantly I think there are many violations of the -- of the building code, but I'm only going to take your time up with one here. There are others in my papers and that is that this wall grossly exceeds the building code's seven foot height limitation for fences, walls, trellises, and screens that are located within ten feet of a party line. It's clear from the plans that this is within ten feet of the party line.

Where am I getting the -- where -- why am I talking about the building code? I'm talking about the building code because the -- the exception in 2503 for retaining walls specifies that only fences or retaining walls that have been constructed in accordance with the building code may go in a required rear yard and so, that I submit requires as a matter of zoning this panel and the zoning officials of D.C. to for this limited purpose take into account the

building code to assess whether or not the zoning code
-- whether the zoning exception has been satisfied.

It is obvious that this wall violates that restriction. Every part of the wall is less than ten feet from the party line. That's clear from Exhibit 23. That's clear from Exhibit 86 which is the National Park Service survey which, in fact, shows that at least part of the undergirding of the wall is actually across the party line and it's clear from Exhibit 45 which is my photos of the wall next to --within inches of the National Park Service stakes that are setting forth where the -- where the party line is.

More than 300 feet of this approximately 400 feet wall are higher than seven feet above grade.

That's above -- again, that's above grade as measured from the preexisting grade before the structure was there.

Now, the Econimedes argue that no, grade is suppose to be measured from up here. Somewhere up in the front of the property and, therefore, the whole thing is -- is below grade. They're absolutely wrong about that.

The code says that the grade of a fence or wall, the building code, is measured from the top of

the fence to the grade on -- on whichever side the grade is higher and here the -- the grade -- you got to obviously look at the preexisting grade. The grade was down here and when you measure up, you're -- as I say, virtually, the better part of the wall violates the seven foot height restriction.

Compliance with this height limitation is a matter of zoning law that both the DCRA and this Board are obligated to enforce. It is crystal clear the predecessor of section 2503 codified in 1977, the Office of Zoning understood and intended that the building codes height limitations on fences and wall would be enforced as a matter of zoning law. That again is -- that's the subject of my memo that submitted yesterday on the administrative and legislative history of the 1977 amendments.

The -- the Director of Municipal Planning of the -- of the D.C. Municipal Planning Office at the time of those amendments when -- when section 2503 came into law wrote a memo that is tab A to my submission of yesterday explaining what -- how he understood and how the -- the -- this was the predecessor to the current Office of Planning, how it was understood that the 2503 and the -- and the

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retaining wall reference to building code would be interpreted.

And this is a quote out of that memo. "A fence or retaining wall up to the height established by the building code may be located in a side or rear yard."

To treat the height limit of the building code as beyond the purview of the zoning laws would arbitrarily read out of existence eight key words of limitation in section 2503.3. If the Econimedes were right that there is no height limitation applicable here, then they -- they will have produced or the law will have produced an utterly absurd --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Thirty seconds.

MR. CAROME: -- situation. That specifically every person who owns a residential property in D.C. would be under their interpretation subject to having each of their neighbors on both sides and in the rear erecting a wall of unlimited height right up against their property lines and then filling in behind those walls with landfill so as to create a platform that towers over the lot below.

If they can do it, anybody can do it and certainly anybody can do it, it's very easy to do, in many of the places, the most pretty places and

beautiful places in this city that are on -- on slopes and that slope down towards park land. This -- this would be disastrous for this city if the Econimedes interpretation, DCRA's interpretation of their being no height limitations on what can happen here were true.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank you very much. That's 30 minutes.

Questions from the Board? Ms. Miller.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Does the building code that's referenced in 2503.3 specify a height for retaining walls?

MR. CAROME: The building -- well, the building code specifies a height for fences, fence walls, trellises, and screens and I would submit that this is at least one or more of those things. It is -- I think it clearly is a fence wall in that it is a -- a wall that runs along the perimeter of the property as a normal fence would do. It encloses the property and it marks the boundaries to the property. I think it also may well be a trellis in this notion that's been introduced of its -- how they're going to use it to hold up vines and the like.

To -- to suggest that you can put up a -- a 30 foot wall made out of mesa block and fill it in

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1	behind dirt and do that up to no height limitation
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
3	MR. CAROME: like this and and
4	whereas, you
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Your answer to the
6	question is yes, the building code does, in fact,
7	stipulate a height.
8	MR. CAROME: Yes. I'm sorry. Thank you.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Follow-up question?
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: My next question
11	is I think you made a reference to building codes
12	saying where the grade is to be measured from. Do you
13	have a cite for that provision of the building code
14	that you're relying on?
15	MR. CAROME: Yes, I do. It's 12 DCMR
16	3110.1.3. I would also suggest that also highly
17	relevant to that question is the are the figures
18	attached to the 1976 memo at tab A of my submission
19	yesterday which actually shows how how measurement
20	from grade is being done for for these purposes
21	generally.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, you're point is
23	based on 3110.1.3 is that the grade is measured from
24	the preexisting grade.
- 1	

MR. CAROME: Absolutely.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: On each side of the 2 property line. Whichever side is lower. 3 CAROME: MR. 4 Exactly. That's correct. 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. You actually stated whichever side was higher I believe. 6 MR. CAROME: I'm sorry. I'm sorry. 8 Whichever -- whichever side is higher. 9 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Indeed. Ms. 10 Miller, follow-up? 11 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: One other question. I think with respect to your argument about 12 13 the platform being formed, I understood part of your reasoning to be that there was artificial material in 14 15 it that was trucked in, et cetera. Would your argument be the same if it were 16 all dirt and natural material? 17 18 MR. CAROME: It would be -- obviously, 19 that's not what we're presented with here. I think 20 the argument would be the same if it's all trucked in material. I think what's -- what's important here is 21 22 -- whether the wall is here or not, if -- if the -- if someone manages to -- to build up a huge amount of 23 platform, earthen platform, right up against the --24

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the lot line. The -- the impact on -- on neighboring

	213
1	property is is the same whether either way and
2	clearly the purposes of the zoning code call for that
3	not to not to happen.
4	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Any other questions
6	from the Board?
7	Ms. Miller, excellent questions. They all
8	go grade essentially. I mean I would say that's the
9	crux of your argument.
10	In terms of that, what is the basis
11	premise or are you saying that the overlay actually
12	precludes one from regrading the rear area of their
13	property?
14	MR. CAROME: To the extent one is building
15	a a platform that is higher than
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, outside of the
17	platform. Let's start with the very basics.
18	MR. CAROME: Well well, I you're
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Just just the
20	base regrading.
21	MR. CAROME: If I don't know where the
22	where the line is between simply landscaping and a
23	structure. There's no doubt that this that this
24	crosses it by a by a mile.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, then you got

Т	to know where the line is if you know it crosses it.
2	MR. CAROME: Well, I would say that the
3	correct reading is is that in the 25 foot required
4	rear yard and in the eight foot required side yard you
5	cannot build up a a platform or or regrade above
6	four feet. Because you are at that point without a
7	variance. Because you are at that point, are
8	putting up a permanent structure right on your
9	neighbor's lot line.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, four feet above
11	the existing grade is your threshold.
12	MR. CAROME: That that comes from 2503
13	as as
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, I understand
15	where.
16	MR. CAROME: as the exception for
17	general sorts of structures that can be located in a
18	required rear or side yard. Nothing above that
19	projects above four feet above grade.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And what
21	what gives you the statement that the trees would not
22	be able to be grown in the backyard? Obviously,
23	you've gone through an awful lot on this grid system.
24	You're saying that the root structure wouldn't be
25	able to penetrate that grid system.

1	MR. CAROME: Both because of the both
2	because of the the 20 layers of geo-grid material
3	in that area that is green on the on on the
4	drawing there and because all of this platform had to
5	be heavily compacted to a very, very high level of
6	compaction, this earth. It's not natural earth at
7	all. It's it's there had to be special
8	machinery and other things used to do that and I
9	understand that the National Park Service will offer
10	testimony establishing that
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
12	MR. CAROME: no trees could grow there.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Interesting
14	phraseology. What is natural earth? What was it?
15	Natural earth surface? Is it
16	MR. CAROME: I just it this is
17	natural ground is not compacted the way it had to be
18	compacted to make this structure work.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Really.
20	MR. CAROME: This is quite an engineering
21	feat if done correctly.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Other
23	questions? Mr. Mann.
24	MEMBER MANN: You state that this
25	retaining wall violates the Wesley Heights Overlay

District, 1541.3.A which says "Preserve in general the current density of neighborhood." How do you define density?

MR. CAROME: Density here would be -- it's to preserve the current density. So, density would be in line with whatever the density is. Again, I -- this is -- I recognize a -- there's not going to be a -- necessarily a bright line here, but I -- I submit that wherever the line might be drawn, this massive structure so greatly increases density that it -- it crosses the line if there's one at all.

It's hard to think of a structure that could -- could more offend the density principle.

MEMBER MANN: And you also say that it cuts off massive amounts of light and air in violation of the WH Overlay District. It's cutting off light and air to -- to what?

MR. CAROME: To the park land below the -below the structure is -- is actually completed
changed in its -- in its appearance and its quality.
The plant life appears to be dramatically impacted.
I'm told that -- that various kinds of plants that
used to grow there will -- will no longer grow there
because of the absence of light. It's completely
changed the entire ecosystem of this area of the park.

MEMBER MANN: Were you limited just to the 2 park land? Well, no, it's what concerns 3 MR. CAROME: 4 me the most, but -- but it also dramatically affects 5 the neighboring property down here which -- which is a private residence belonging to Danny and Tina Tate. 6 MEMBER MANN: Okay. So --8 MR. CAROME: Who have submitted a letter 9 supporting the appeal. 10 MEMBER MANN: But, the argument is then 11 its -- its blocking the access to light and air which is affecting biological or ecological systems not --12 not other structures or residential units? 13 I think -- I think from the MR. CAROME: 14 15 Tate's letter, it is clear that it is blocking light and air to their -- to their residence. 16 17 MEMBER MANN: And finally, you said that it's not harmonious with the neighborhood and that's 18 speaking strictly from an 19 -- you're aesthetic viewpoint or --20 MR. CAROME: It's more than aesthetic. 21 22 mean it's -- certainly, it is aesthetic. I mean it --I'd urge any of the Board members that haven't been up 23 to that part of town to see this to -- the pictures do 24 not remotely do justice to what this thing is and 25

1	looks like.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, we'll go when
3	this is all over.
4	MR. CAROME: But, it is more than
5	aesthetic. I mean there the the wildlife in
6	this area has completely changed. There's much less
7	wildlife. There are there are no longer deer in
8	the part as there were. A number of of things have
9	happened here and it's it's more than aesthetic.
10	It's environmental. It's it's extremely
11	destructive. The
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You're saying
13	because of this wall there's no longer deer in the
14	park?
15	MR. CAROME: Yes.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is that what you
17	said?
18	MR. CAROME: Yes. Yes, I am because
19	there's a huge quantity of of trees. I'll urge you
20	to take a careful look at the aerial photos that I
21	believe the National Park Service is going to submit.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, the deer have
23	disappeared?
24	MR. CAROME: Yes, there was a family of
25	deer

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, that would
2	clear up another application we had in front of us
3	with that deer issue because they're no longer there.
4	Okay.
5	MEMBER MANN: Were were those 15 trees
6	that you said were destroyed, were those trees located
7	on the private property or on National Park Service
8	property?
9	MR. CAROME: Well, many of them were
10	certainly located on the private property here. Mr.
11	Econimedes is is under criminal prosecution now for
12	for felling six trees in the in the park land
13	property.
14	MEMBER MANN: Do you know how many of the
15	trees were located on the Econimedes property?
16	MR. CAROME: Pardon me?
17	MEMBER MANN: Do you know how many trees
18	were destroyed that were located on the Econimedes
19	property?
20	MR. CAROME: I don't, but I think that the
21	the Park Service may have specific testimony that
22	will help you on that.
23	MEMBER MANN: And so, you're saying that
24	the destruction of the trees clearly goes against in
25	your mind preserving existing trees as called for in

	220
1	the WH Overlay District?
2	MR. CAROME: Absolutely. I think this is
3	I I would be surprised if there was another
4	instance of the killing of trees in the Wesley Heights
5	Overlay in the history of the Overlay. This is an
6	extraordinary swath of trees that's been taken down.
7	MEMBER MANN: Thank you.
8	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Where's the
9	Tate's residence that you're referring to?
10	MR. CAROME: It is I'm not going to be
11	perfect with it, but generally, it's approximately
12	here.
13	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. And is
14	there a letter in the record as some exhibit?
15	MR. CAROME: Yes, it is. The it is.
16	If you bear with me just one moment. It is Exhibit 39
17	to the BZA record and I mean they they point out
18	that that they no longer have a view of of the
19	park that they used to have from their interior of
20	their residence. I mean they they have a great
21	many concerns about it that are that are set forth
22	in in that exhibit.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is that our Exhibit
24	39?
25	MR. CAROME: Yes, I I have a copy of it

1	that says Exhibit 39. There's also a copy of it at
2	Exhibit 85 of my third volume.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's more helpful.
4	Okay. Eighty-five and it shows it shows a
5	location map of some sort?
6	MR. CAROME: Oh, no, I'm sorry. It does
7	they do not show a
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Do we have a map of
9	some sort?
10	MR. CAROME: I would point out that this
11	photo is taken from their backyard.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, that's nice,
13	but do we don't have any sort of graphic
14	representation of how far a distance it is?
15	MR. CAROME: I'm I'm sorry. I would be
16	happy to submit one into the record if if
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's okay. We'll
18	certainly, it's in here somewhere. Isn't it? I
19	thought I've seen it. Okay. Well, we'll get it if we
20	don't have it.
21	What's your estimation? I'm sorry if you
22	said this, but what's your estimation of distance?
J	
23	MR. CAROME: I'm I'm sorry. I don't
23 24	MR. CAROME: I'm I'm sorry. I don't have one.

1	right.
2	MR. CAROME: I mean their their
3	property
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What do you know,
5	Mr. Mann?
6	MR. CAROME: their property borders
7	their their backyard borders this. Comes up right
8	here.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's 39.
10	MEMBER MANN: The Tate's letter says ter
11	feet.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh. Right. Right.
13	Right. See my orientation is is wrong. So, it
14	needs to be corrected. Okay. Well, we'll get to
15	that. Okay.
16	Other questions, Mr. Etherly.
17	MEMBER ETHERLY: Mr. Chair, let me I'm
18	just going to slide in very briefly because I know my
19	colleague Mr. Hildebrand has been chomping at the bit
20	here.
21	But, I I I want to follow up on
22	on the questions. Just kind of nagging a little bit
23	and that is with respect to Exhibit Number 31 which is
24	a submission on behalf of the property owners, at
25	exhibit behind tab E, I want to kind of orient us

1	first before I go into my question, but it's it's a
2	fairly simple question.
3	There was a brief line of questionings and
4	I'll preface it with a little bit of introduction.
5	There was a brief line of questioning from Mrs. Miller
6	and from the Chair with regard to whether or not your
7	argument would be different if this were natural fill
8	material or if this were shall we say more of a
9	naturally occurring condition at the subject property.
10	So, my question kind of comes a little bit
11	to I'm a number of pages into that particular set
12	of photos behind Exhibit E, but at Exhibit Number E,
13	there's a photograph labeled 2620 Foxhall Road and
14	that would be this picture here and once again, I'm
15	I'm at the Exhibit Number 31 dated February 25th.
16	MR. CAROME: Do you know how many pages
17	you're in?
18	MEMBER ETHERLY: I'm in quite a few there
19	and we're setting records for voluminosity in
20	exhibits.
21	MR. CAROME: Is there writing on the page?
22	MEMBER ETHERLY: That page at bottom is
23	labeled is 2620 Foxhall Road.
24	MR. CAROME: Yes, I have it.
25	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. It is then

followed by two photographs which is labeled with the caption in writing apartment complex on Rock Creek Park, apartment complex at what appears to be 2801 New Mexico Avenue.

My question simply is is there a -- is there a difference in your -- in your thinking between some of these examples? I think what they were offered as are simply examples of other instances where retaining walls have been used in a similar fashion. Is there anything with respect to those circumstances that are somewhat different here or would you identify those circumstances also as illustrations of retaining walls run amok essentially?

MR. CAROME: Well, each I think is a separate circumstance and I would also note that the fact that someone has built a retaining wall in these locations is obviously not evidence that it complies with the zoning code, that there was a permit for it, that it's in the R-1-A District, that it's in the Wesley Heights --

MEMBER ETHERLY: This is true.

MR. CAROME: -- Overlay District.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Understood, but -- but I
-- part of the argument I think you're -- you're
teeing up for us here is are these all structures.

So, let's -- let's --

MR. CAROME: Yes.

MEMBER ETHERLY: -- leave aside any differences in circumstances otherwise. Would you -- would you argue that any of these pictures are illustrations of structures?

MR. CAROME: Yes, I would and I would -- I would point out -- and there are photos. I took photos from different angles of all of these that I could find and there in my Exhibit 3 and they're described in my affidavit. I'm not sure that sitting here doing this from memory I'm going to get it all right.

What is -- what you're referring to at 2620 Foxhall Road is an enormous residential property that -- that faces Foxhall Road and come way back. It must be a couple or two or three acres of property. That's a tennis court sitting -- that's -- that's elevated up there. There is a -- there is a concrete tennis court behind that fence that's shown in -- in pictures that I've put in in my Exhibit 3.

Undoubtedly, that -- that whole thing is a structure and I don't know whether -- I don't know where that is compared to the -- the rear yard. Whether that's in the required rear yard or the

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required side yard. They either got a -- if it is in the required rear yard or the required side yard, they either got a variance for it or they did it without a permit and unlawful and nobody complained about it. I don't know which.

The next page is -- this structure here is

-- is a swimming pool with a wall and it's of a -- of
a high-rise apartment complex not a -- not a single
family residence at all. It's a swimming pool.
Obviously, the whole thing is clearly is a structure
and I don't know.

Again, I -- I went and actually walked those woods there looking to see if I could find any indication of -- of boundary markers or otherwise. I could not find anyone. My assumption is that either there was a variance for that. It's certainly not in the Wesley Heights Overlay or -- or it's way, way far setback from the -- the property line.

So, the same is true for the others. They've -- they've submitted -- I think that fact they had to go to high-rise apartment buildings and they did that with two of their exhibits to find examples of something that supposedly is comparable to this further shows --

MEMBER ETHERLY: You mean to an extent --

1	MR. CAROME: how extreme
2	MEMBER ETHERLY: That this could be the
3	worst case scenario. That if left unchecked, you
4	could have a swimming pool or a tennis court here.
5	MR. CAROME: Oh, yes, in fact, the
6	engineering plans here suggest that that was exactly
7	the Econimedes plans. They there is references in
8	Exhibit 24 to the fact that it has been built so that
9	it could support a swimming pool.
10	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Let me come back
11	very brief and then I'm going to shut up for my
12	colleague here, but with respect to just once again
13	understanding, your response would be it makes no
14	difference that a an artificial fill element or
15	some type of yes, other other fill that didn't
16	occur naturally on the site would dictate a different
17	outcome here.
18	MR. CAROME: No, maybe I maybe I should
19	clear something up. If the existing grade if if
20	there was a natural platform here
21	MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
22	MR. CAROME: and for some reason, you
23	know, the weight of the house or or some other
24	concern was causing a concern that well, we need to
25	shore that up with with something, I I would

that would be a retaining wall. MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. 2 MR. CAROME: And I would not consider the 3 preexisting platform, the naturally occurring platform 4 5 from eons past to be a structure. That -- that would be part of the earth. 6 MEMBER ETHERLY: And if there were a 8 naturally occurring platform, you would also not 9 envision a -- a height limitation for the retaining 10 wall to reenforce that naturally occurring platform. MR. CAROME: Well, that would -- I haven't 11 completely thought that through. It couldn't 12 13 obviously couldn't go any higher than -- than the preexisting grade because anything 14 above the 15 preexisting, you know, grade would be of this -- of this imagined natural terrace. 16 17 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. 18 MR. CAROME: Would -- would not be a retaining wall at that point. So, but --19 20 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. MR. CAROME: -- but -- so, I think it's --21 I think the fact that this -- that this was all air 22 here and -- and trees that have been filled in, is --23 completely different it from the normal 24 makes

retaining wall situation and -- and further, the fact

that it is a lot of synthetic materials in there makes 2 my case even easier. MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you. 3 Thank 4 you, Mr. Chair. 5 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: I guess what I'm trying to understand is the rationale behind the --6 idea that a retaining wall can only retain 8 existing material. Why can't a retaining wall retain 9 new material? If -- if someone's regrading their 10 property and they need a retaining wall, why is that 11 no longer a retaining wall simply because there's new fill behind it instead of existing land? 12 13 MR. CAROME: Well, I would -- I would say that the classic retaining wall is -- is to retain 14 15 existing soil here. I'm not going to -- I'm not going to push you that hard on that because I -- I think it 16 17 would be a mistake to get too hung up about that. I -- I win this case easily whether or not 18 19 the wall is a retaining wall I believe because clearly 20 there is this artificial constructed platform that has been -- has been brought there and -- and obviously, 21 22 its height in any event is fair above what -- what is allowed. 23 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: 24 When you

responded to Ms. Miller's question earlier about the

height of a retaining wall in the building code, you -- you used the definition for the height of a fence wall. Is there specifically a definition in the building code that limits the height of a retaining wall?

MR. CAROME: Not in those terms that I'm aware of. But -- but, again, I think that this -- it would be absurd to have a rule that says you can't put up a -- you know, a chain-link fence here above seven feet in a place where it wasn't -- where there was nothing there behind it, but you can put up to an unlimited height a -- a wall and fill in dirt behind it and call it a retaining wall and then escape all height limitations. That -- that would be most absurd.

And two of the cases that I cite, one from West Virginia and one from New Jersey which are in my volume, clearly adopt that logic and indicate that it would a mockery to suggest that you can do that. You can't have a seven foot chain-link clear see through fence, but you can put up a wall, fill in dirt behind it, and -- and create a platform and -- and that's okay. That makes no sense.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: And the next question, am I correct in understanding that you're

saying that the photographic examples that were submitted into the record for existing retaining walls, those are within the Wesley Heights Overlay? Is that what you said?

MR. CAROME: That is -- that is correct.

Mr. Aguglia did submit two the ANC a photograph that is further up the street, further up the park land from this, but I think he thought the better of -- which -- which would have been in the Wesley Heights Overlay. I think he thought the better of including it because I went and walked it. It is setback much further than 25 feet. It's not in the required rear yard at all. It's much lower. It's completely different. It's much -- it's attached to the house and it -- it -- it's nothing -- nothing like this and it's not in the required rear yard at all.

And so, I think Mr. Aguglia couldn't find any example. The only example he could find in the Wesley Heights Overlay as best I can tell was one that he thought the better of and -- and withdrew.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: I'll -- I'll ask

-- I'll ask him that question when we get to it, but

-- but, these -- these specific examples that are here

are not in the Wesley Heights Overlay?

MR. CAROME: To -- to the best of my

1	knowledge, that's correct and and two of them are
2	high-rise at least two of them are high-rise
3	apartments.
4	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Within the
5	Wesley Heights Overlay, do you know of any examples of
6	of retaining walls that do exist in R-1 property or
7	on R-1 property?
8	MR. CAROME: There certainly are are
9	retaining walls. Yes, I mean I have some on my
10	property that are retaining existing existing
11	where the driveway was cut out, for example, to below
12	grade, retaining walls have been put up to to keep
13	the the the preexisting dirt from falling into
14	the driveway.
15	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: How high are
16	those walls?
17	MR. CAROME: I don't know. I think
18	they're four or five feet.
19	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Okay. Thank
20	you.
21	MEMBER ETHERLY: Mr. Chair, if I could,
22	let me let me then kind of just come back to if we
23	take this wonderfully effective model back to its
24	original state and plus I just enjoy seeing you, Mr.
25	Carome, hop up and take it apart and put it back

1	together, but I'm just trying to to really explore.
2	So, how far would you would you say
3	that the property owner could have gone in this case
4	with with the property in the condition that it was
5	in? What would be your cutoff point for what they
6	could have done in that rear?
7	MR. CAROME: They they could have built
8	up something no higher than than four feet above
9	the preexisting grade here. Instead, they put up
10	something 30 feet above it. Same along the sides.
11	MEMBER ETHERLY: And where let me I
12	mean you Mr. Chair, you understand what I'm kind of
13	getting at?
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Absolutely.
15	MEMBER ETHERLY: Maybe I'm not
16	articulating it right.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, what would
18	following, Mr. Etherly's interest this
19	MR. CAROME: Or they could put up, you
20	
	know, a seven a seven foot fence.
21	know, a seven a seven foot fence. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure seven foot
21 22	
	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure seven foot
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure seven foot fence. Well, now why could they not have graded in

what a fence wall would be. What is the ending of the grading that could happen which would make it artificial and make it natural? I think that's what Mr. Etherly is trying to figure out.

MR. CAROME: Well, they -- they cannot build up beyond the preexisting grade more than -- more than the four feet.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, any regrading doesn't change the grade is your -- is your point?

MR. CAROME: That's correct and here, you know, this was all a single property. I mean this is the --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And what in zoning leads us to that designation of picking grade? I mean zoning talks a lot about grade whether it be the grade in front, the height of the curb, the height of the building above adjacent grade, that which differentiates between basement and cellar, the height of accessory structures in the rear of the building that are measured off the center of the rear grade.

Where and how do we define grade and when does it change and when does it not change? Certainly, when we look at grades now downtown, we're not going back to the original grading when they first cut the roads or when the fields were.

We had a Georgetown case once where I think we were trying to figure out when it was that the buffalo ran across it to establish its history, but that seemed to be a little bit of a fluke of an argument.

So, how do we find grade?

MR. CAROME: Well, for this purpose -
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure.

MR. CAROME: I mean for purposes of 2503, you define grade as the grade above the preexisting grade. I mean what I have spelled out in the memo I -- I've got this open up to figure 2 of tab A of the document I filed of the brief -- supplemental brief I filed yesterday.

Before the 1977 amendment that put in the predecessor to 2503, grade was defined as the height of the first floor of the main building on the structure. You could go up to -- you could go up as high as the joists in the -- in the rear yard and -- and what the legislative history that I submitted to the panel --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Of the main floor of the residential unit.

MR. CAROME: Yes, before 1977.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

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MR. CAROME: That's what you could do and so, it actually was -- specifically this -- this issue of people trying to put up in their backyards particularly in sloping situations like this, people would say well, I can go up to my -- my first floor here and -- and you were getting situations and situations were being threatened where people could fill up their -- 100 percent of their backyard all the way to the sides and all the way to the rear with structures going up to the first floor and -- and so, you could have enormous structures in the backyard that would have enormous impact on people surrounding at the lower part.

The -- the legislative history shows that that was perceived as a loophole and a problem that needed to be fixed and it actually was the -- the adoption of -- it was differently numbered then, but it became numbered as 2503. It was 2503 came into place to prevent that and there is a great deal of attention paid in the legislative history and I've laid this out in my brief to show that -- this was to show that grade would be measured for these purposes from the preexisting grade. Not from -- not from up at the -- at the first level of the house.

And I'm pointing to figure 2 of tab A.

That I think is the clearest point to show that -that there's a measurement here of five feet
vertically from this point at the end of his deck.
That's being shown here in figure two and clearly,
what they're doing is they're measuring from the point
directly below the deck and the -- the figures show
that this is something that would only be allowed as a
variance or with special -- special exception and
could not have been done as a matter of right.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is that diagram showing that that flat portion adjacent to the structure was not regraded but is the natural grade?

MR. CAROME: The -- the question of -- of -- I see. The question of -- of natural grade versus grade that has somehow changed over time is not addressed here. I would suggest that -- that we need not delve -- I don't think there's a need to delve into that because I'm not trying to take -- go -- go far -- any further back than what the grade was at the time that the Econimedes began this -- this two-year construction.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, but you've heard three of the Board members ask in different iterations the same question --

MR. CAROME: All right.

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: as I understand
2	it anyway and that is what prohibits one from
3	regrading and then establishing the grade of a
4	retaining wall from that now current grade?
5	MR. CAROME: If if what prohibits it
6	if it is prohibited is you cannot put a structure in
7	your
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
9	MR. CAROME: rear yard which is higher
10	than four feet. If the regrading amounts to a
11	structure
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. I understand
13	your argument.
14	MR. CAROME: then then
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And I think it's
16	clear and I just want to make sure that the other
17	Board members understand it. Your point is that this
18	is not a regrading, but rather building a structure
19	within
20	MR. CAROME: Absolutely.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: the required rear
22	yard?
23	MR. CAROME: Absolutely.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And, therefore, if

1	wall and should be measured and dealt with differently
2	in two fashions. Okay. I think it's understood.
3	Understood? Good. Very well.
4	Any other questions from the Board?
5	What was you're you're talking about
6	the 1977, what's the current citation of the section
7	that you want us to look at?
8	MR. CAROME: It's 2503. It's the basic
9	restriction on any structures in in in required
10	rear and side yard.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. If there's
12	nothing further then, let us go to cross. Mr.
13	Aguglia, would you like to start?
14	MR. AGUGLIA: Again, Richard Aguglia
15	representing the property owners in opposition to the
16	appeal.
17	Mr. Carome, do you have an engineering
18	degree?
19	MR. CAROME: No.
20	MR. AGUGLIA: You do not. You are the
21	sole witness in this case?
22	MR. CAROME: No.
23	MR. AGUGLIA: For your position.
24	MR. CAROME: No.
25	MR. AGUGLIA: Who else?

1	MR. CAROME: Well, there are several
2	affidavits that I have submitted from professional
3	engineers which are in in the record.
4	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. Did not one of your
5	own engineers submit a letter saying that this was a
6	rear yard retaining wall? And I point you to to my
7	Exhibit M which I adopted from Mr. Carome's submission
8	from a Mr. Neubauer who stated that on February 14th
9	that he visited the property to review a newly
10	constructed rear yard retaining wall. Is that
11	correct?
12	MR. CAROME: I don't have the document in
13	front of me. If you would like to show it to me, I'd
14	be happy to look at it. I I it sounds like
15	you're reading it correctly.
16	As I've said I I
17	MR. AGUGLIA: This was your own submission
18	to the Board.
19	MR. CAROME: Yes.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: He just wants to see
21	it to verify it. Can you just show it to him and see
22	what it is?
23	MR. CAROME: I think you're read it
24	correctly, Mr. Aguglia.
25	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. Now, when the

1	owner submitted their application to build a retaining
2	wall, they submitted a design prepared by Ryan &
3	Associates Professional Engineers. Is that correct?
4	MR. CAROME: I don't know. I see that
5	there is such there is a document to that affect in
6	the record. I don't know when it became part of the
7	record.
8	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. This is one of
9	your own submissions which I also copied.
10	MR. CAROME: Yes, I got a copy of that
11	from the DCRA. That is in the DCRA file.
12	MR. AGUGLIA: And it's one of your
13	exhibits.
l	
14	MR. CAROME: Yes.
14 15	MR. CAROME: Yes. MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And
15	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer
15 16	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer
15 16 17	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer certified in the District of Columbia?
15 16 17 18	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer certified in the District of Columbia? MR. CAROME: I don't know.
15 16 17 18	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer certified in the District of Columbia? MR. CAROME: I don't know. MR. AGUGLIA: You don't know? Do you see
15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer certified in the District of Columbia? MR. CAROME: I don't know. MR. AGUGLIA: You don't know? Do you see the stamp on the design?
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer certified in the District of Columbia? MR. CAROME: I don't know. MR. AGUGLIA: You don't know? Do you see the stamp on the design? MR. CAROME: I do.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer certified in the District of Columbia? MR. CAROME: I don't know. MR. AGUGLIA: You don't know? Do you see the stamp on the design? MR. CAROME: I do. MR. AGUGLIA: All right. And can you read
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	MR. AGUGLIA: It is not? All right. And was it not prepared by a professional engineer certified in the District of Columbia? MR. CAROME: I don't know. MR. AGUGLIA: You don't know? Do you see the stamp on the design? MR. CAROME: I do. MR. AGUGLIA: All right. And can you read the stamp?

1	the Board?
2	MR. CAROME: District of Columbia, William
3	K. Ryan, Number 10946, registered professional
4	engineer.
5	I've I've seen other falsified
6	documents in this case. That's why I'm a little more
7	skeptical than I usually would be about what what
8	is the case here.
9	MR. AGUGLIA: So, you're saying this is a
10	case of falsified document?
11	MR. CAROME: No, I'm not remotely
12	suggesting that. I I just I have seen other
13	forged documents in this case. So, I'm not going to
14	readily accept that these are authentic.
15	MR. AGUGLIA: You've seen other forged
16	documents in this case. Okay.
17	In fact does not, in fact that your
18	exhibit that you have there showing the mesa type wall
19	section, is that, in fact, not stamped by a registered
20	professional engineer in the District of Columbia, Mr.
21	Ryan? Is that not your own exhibit, sir?
22	MR. CAROME: That is my that's a page
23	from my exhibit.
24	MR. AGUGLIA: Right.

MR. CAROME: Yes.

1	MR. AGUGLIA: Right. And do you know the
2	engineer called this wall? Did he not call it a mesa
3	site retaining wall?
4	MR. CAROME: Yes, it looks like he did.
5	MR. AGUGLIA: So, is it not fair to say
6	that what we did you did you understand that a
7	structural engineer for DCRA approved the wall as a
8	retaining wall? Did you understand that from the
9	application? From the application, the back of the
10	application form?
11	MR. CAROME: I saw that the permit was
12	issued for a retaining wall built entirely on the
13	owner's land. I I did see that that
14	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay.
15	MR. CAROME: language was used.
16	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. You did. All
17	right. In fact, referring to
18	MR. CAROME: I mean this is one of I
19	mean well.
20	MR. AGUGLIA: Referring to my Exhibit G
21	which is the back of the application form, do you see
22	that there's a sign off by a structural engineer by
23	DCRA from DCRA as part of the application process?
24	MR. CAROME: I I saw a scrawl next to a
25	box that says structural engineer dated 4/23/04. I

1	mean I note that that's a day after Zoning signed off
2	on it.
3	MR. AGUGLIA: Understood. Understood.
4	But, there's also a quality control at the end for
5	approval. What was that date, sir? At the very end.
6	MR. CAROME: I I don't know what you're
7	talking about. There there are some scrawled
8	markings on this document. I see where you're
9	pointing.
10	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. So so, what we
11	have is we have one of your own experts referring to
12	this as a rear yard retaining wall. Correct? We just
13	went through that. Mr. Neubauer has referred to it.
14	MR. CAROME: Sure.
15	MR. AGUGLIA: Right.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Exhibit M.
17	MR. AGUGLIA: All right.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's good.
19	MR. AGUGLIA: We have DCRA signing off on
20	this as a retaining wall as part of the application.
21	Is that not correct?
22	MR. CAROME: That is how DCRA
23	characterized it. Yes.
24	MR. AGUGLIA: We have the engineer who
25	prepared the design has referred to it as a retaining

1	wall. Is that correct?
2	MR. CAROME: That is how that Exhibit 24
3	refers to the
4	MR. AGUGLIA: Right.
5	MR. CAROME: to the structure there.
6	MR. AGUGLIA: And you, sir, have no
7	experts to support your position that it is not a
8	retaining wall. Isn't that correct?
9	MR. CAROME: I don't know whether that's
10	that's correct or not, but I I think that this
11	is a question of law and and
12	MR. AGUGLIA: No, this is a question of
13	fact. Do you have an expert who testified that this
14	is not a retaining wall?
15	MR. CAROME: I'm not sure. I'd have to
16	review the whole record.
17	MR. AGUGLIA: In fact, this is your
18	surmise as a lawyer that the retaining wall is not a
19	retaining wall. Isn't that correct?
20	MR. CAROME: No, this is this is my
21	common sense I mean if you're talking about this,
22	the wall, I mean I'm not going to fight you tooth and
23	nail. I think it's best referred to as not a
24	retaining wall because it's it's not holding up any

preexisting material, but if what you're talking is --

1	is this a retaining wall, it doesn't take an expert to
2	know that. Common sense tells you that.
3	MR. AGUGLIA: My question is that your
4	position to this Board that this is not a retaining
5	wall, the dirt, the natural dirt, the brought in fill
6	dirt, and the wall that surrounds the filled in dirt
7	is based upon your analysis as a lawyer without expert
8	credentials. Isn't that correct?
9	MR. CAROME: No, I don't think it's
10	correct. I think it is it's it's much more than
11	my analysis as a lawyer. I think it's my my common
12	sense and experience which tells me that that is
13	something other than a retaining wall.
14	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. But, it's it's
15	your it's your position whether as common sense or
16	as a lawyer. Correct?
17	Let's go on to the let's go on the
18	design. The design was prepared by your wife. Is
19	that correct?
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You mean the model?
21	MR. AGUGLIA: The model. The model.
22	MR. CAROME: Yes, it was.
23	MR. AGUGLIA: And according to her last
24	testimony, some of it's to scale. Some of it's not to
25	scale. Is that correct?

1	MR. CAROME: What I referred to as being
2	not to scale before was and I didn't I didn't put
3	it here. Was there's a there's a house I'll get
4	it for you.
5	We didn't use this to represent the the
6	Tate's house both in its location and and I think
7	in its what it is.
8	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay.
9	MR. CAROME: It's not I don't think
10	it's exactly to scale and I'm not sure it's exactly to
11	design, but it we use it to try to give the Board
12	some idea of where the where the Tate's house was.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, the rest of the
14	model is relatively to scale. Is that
15	MR. CAROME: That's correct. And it was
16	drawn specifically from the actual plans from the
17	Econimedes submitted to the DCRA.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. What is the
19	scale? Do you know?
20	MR. CAROME: The scale is one inch to ten
21	feet.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
23	MR. AGUGLIA: Is your wife an architect?
24	MR. CAROME: I don't know for sure. I
25	don't believe she has an architectural degree. It's a

1	good it's a heck of a good model though.
2	Notwithstanding any architectural degree.
3	MR. AGUGLIA: Right. Now, you've done
4	extensive an extensive submission to the Board on
5	the legislative history behind the exception in the
6	regulations for fences and retaining walls. Did you
7	do any research on the legislative history behind the
8	Wesley Heights Overlay District?
9	MR. CAROME: No, but I I believe that
10	George Watson is here who who was the drafter of
11	that and I think he can speak to that perhaps.
12	MR. AGUGLIA: I'm going to submit I'm
13	going to submit to the Board the copies of a Wesley
14	Heights Overlay Legislative History and I'm going to
15	refer you to page I'm going to refer you to page
16	three of that history. So, this was Zoning Case
17	for the record, Zoning Case Number 90-5 which actually
18	set the Wesley Heights Overlay District as a text and
19	map amendment in 1992 and it's substantially unchanged
20	except for a few grammatical changes down the road.
21	Now, on page three under lot occupancy,
22	did you notice that where they talked about percentage
23	of lot occupancy, when they talked about a structure,
24	they called it a livable structure?

CAROME: I -- I see what you're

MR.

	referring to. I haven t had a chance to review the
2	whole document. Don't know what it is.
3	If you're asking is this a livable
4	structure, looks like one. I mean I think it's
5	designed for people to live on and it it clearly is
6	designed for
7	MR. AGUGLIA: You don't think it referred
8	to a house as a livable structure?
9	MR. CAROME: No.
10	MR. AGUGLIA: No? Again, under on the
11	same page under four area ratio, does it
12	MR. CAROME: Are we going to we going
13	to have a legal debate about this as as I mean I
14	just object to
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I would, too. But,
16	I don't know if there's a basis for it.
17	MR. AGUGLIA: He submitted all this
18	legislative history.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I think it's
20	pertinent to this point in terms of
21	MR. AGUGLIA: Absolutely.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: basically
23	rebutting the legislative history that you've
24	provided. So, now, he's providing the overlay. We'll
25	let it go for a little bit.

1	MR. AGUGLIA: That's his point number one.
2	It violates the purpose of the Wesley Heights
3	Overlay.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed.
5	MR. AGUGLIA: And my position is that the
6	Wesley Heights Overlay was meant to apply basically
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I don't disagree.
8	Let's continue with the questions.
9	MR. AGUGLIA: to to residential
10	buildings and dwellings, livable dwellings and that
11	unless they're going to pitch a tent and live out
12	there, it's
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
14	MR. AGUGLIA: not a livable structure
15	within the meaning of the regulations.
16	I also I also indicate to you on page
17	five
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, isn't this
19	MR. AGUGLIA: paragraph C. That is
20	part of the compromise in enacting this that the
21	overlay does not limit tree cutting. Isn't that not,
22	in fact, what the legislative history indicates?
23	MR. CAROME: Well, obviously, the the
24	language of the overlay, if this is a legal debate,
25	obviously, the language of the overlay is what is most

1	important and it says it is to preserve existing
2	trees.
3	I haven't had a chance to review this
4	whole document. You've just put it in front of my
5	my face. You could have had the courtesy of giving it
6	to me before the hearing, but
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I wouldn't raise
8	that one.
9	MR. CAROME: But, so, I mean I'd be happy
10	to the there is I'll just submit again.
11	There has been no certainly, I'm aware of none and
12	an act of tree destruction and act contrary to the
13	preservation of of trees that I actually have ever
14	seen anywhere in Washington in my 20 years here.
15	MR. AGUGLIA: Um-hum. Are you aware that
16	there is a an overlay in the District called the
17	Tree and Slope Overlay? Are you aware of that?
18	MR. CAROME: We we talked about that at
19	the last hearing.
20	MR. AGUGLIA: But, this is not in the Tree
21	and Slope Overlay. Is it, sir?
22	MR. CAROME: Well, I I heard the
23	reading of the case and there was a reference to Tree
24	and Slope Overlay. Sometimes a bit I'm a bit
25	mystified, I'm not a zoning lawyer, by the by the

1	language here.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's your
3	understanding? Is this property in the Tree and Slope
4	Overlay or not?
5	MR. CAROME: I don't know.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
7	MR. CAROME: I've been trying to that
8	down.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Next question.
10	Understood.
11	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. Now, is this on?
12	Can you hear me?
13	MR. CAROME: Does this legal argument
14	count against Mr. Aguglia's 30 minutes?
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, this is cross.
16	Crafty cross, but cross.
17	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. I would like to
18	would you please. I don't want to interrupt your
19	interfere with your but take this off.
20	Now, this was the original slope. Was it
21	not?
22	MR. CAROME: Yes, that's drawn from page
23	seven of seven of the CIS drawings that are part of
24	Exhibit 25 to the record. My my Exhibit 25.
25	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. What would you

1	say did you not say at the ANC meeting that the	
2	backyard was	
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's what's the	
4	correlation to our proceeding and the ANC testimony?	
5	MR. AGUGLIA: Well, let me let me	
6	rephrase the question.	
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good.	
8	MR. AGUGLIA: Would you not agree that	
9	this was steeply sloped and unusable as you've said in	
10	public meetings?	
11	MR. CAROME: It was relatively steeply	
12	sloped and relatively unusable. I believe that's the	
13	case.	
14	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. Now, were you	
15	MR. CAROME: Relatively you know,	
16	compared to a piece of flat land which the Econimedes	
17	didn't buy when they bought that house 12 years ago.	
18	MR. AGUGLIA: The drop off was probably 30	
19	to 40 feet?	
20	MR. CAROME: I don't I don't know	
21	exactly what the drop off is. We could we could	
22	look at the plans to see.	
23	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. But, at least 30 or	
24	40 feet?	
25	MR. CAROME: I would think so. Yes.	

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1	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. Now, the trees, these	
2	were could you put the trees back where they	
3	before they were cut?	
4	MR. CAROME: Well, I mean I I there	
5	just representation, Mr. Aguglia.	
6	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay.	
7	MR. CAROME: But, I'll just put them in	
8	roughly. They were about I don't think I've got	
9	enough trees to to cover this.	
10	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay.	
11	MR. CAROME: You'll you'll enjoy the	
12	aerial photos when you see them.	
13	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. Where you aware	
14	that the trees were, in fact, casting shadows on the	
15	park land just as the wall allegedly is casting a	
16	shadow on the park land?	
17	MR. CAROME: I bet they did part of the	
18	year. I bet they did.	
19	MR. AGUGLIA: They did. They did. Okay.	
20	And that, in fact, that there was	
21	MR. CAROME: Do you want me to keep	
22	putting these up?	
23	MR. AGUGLIA: No, that's all right. Now,	
24	Mr. Carome, you have to bear with me a minute on the	
25	deer.	

1	You said that a family of deer that	
2	that it was that the wall was pushing wildlife out	
3	of the park. Is that correct?	
4	MR. CAROME: Absolutely.	
5	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. Now, you testified	
6	that you haven't been in this park since 2002 when	
7	those trees were cut down because you were so offended	
8	by the by the tree cuttings.	
9	MR. CAROME: Yes.	
10	MR. AGUGLIA: So, how do you know if	
11	you haven't been in the part, how do you know that the	
12	vegetation and the deer and everything is	
13	disappearing?	
14	MR. CAROME: Well, I've been in the park	
15	since since October and and I've seen the the	
16	swath of of, you know, completely destroyed park	
17	land around there. I also use to see deer come	
18	walking out on Fulton Street all the time.	
19	MR. AGUGLIA: So so, this was just	
20	MR. CAROME: They're not there anymore.	
21	MR. AGUGLIA: just from your house?	
22	MR. CAROME: No, and I've also heard	
23	MR. AGUGLIA: Not from being in the park.	
24	MR. CAROME: Right. Yes. I've seen deer.	
25	I've don't think I've ever seen deer while I'm in the	

1	park. I have seen deer when I'm driving home in the	
2	past and I've deer, you know, from my house.	
3	MR. AGUGLIA: So	
4	MR. CAROME: I've been told by neighbors	
5	that there used to be a family of deer that that	
6	lived right up in this area here and and they're	
7	not there anymore and I haven't seen deer there for	
8	months. I used to see them all the time.	
9	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. So, your	
10	information on the deer is hearsay because you've	
11	never seen deer in the park yourself. Is that	
12	correct?	
13	MR. CAROME: No. No. I I	
14	MR. AGUGLIA: Did you just say that?	
15	MR. CAROME: No, Mr. Aguglia, you're not	
16	listening.	
17	MR. AGUGLIA: Didn't you just say that you	
18	have never seen deer in the park yourself?	
19	MR. CAROME: I have not seen deer while I	
20	have been in the park myself. I have seen deer across	
21	from looking into the park.	
22	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay.	
23	MR. CAROME: And and coming out of the	
24	park on Fulton Street where I live.	
25	MEMBER ETHERLY: I think we're where we	

1	need to be on the deer, Mr. Chair.
2	MR. AGUGLIA: I'm sorry. I couldn't
3	resist.
4	MEMBER ETHERLY: It was a little Perry
5	Mason moment there.
6	MR. AGUGLIA: All right. In the
7	legislative history behind section 2503.3 that you
8	submitted to the Board and I refer you to the
9	memorandum of of September 1976 from Ben Gilbert to
10	the Zoning Commission.
11	MR. CAROME: What's the date? November?
12	You're going to have to help me with that.
13	MR. AGUGLIA: September 1, 1976.
14	MR. CAROME: Oh, September 1. I've got
15	that. That's Exhibit A to my submission.
16	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. If you would go to
17	page three near the bottom. Does that not say that
18	the items those items which may occupy a required
19	side or rear yard as a matter of right are as follows?
20	Are you with me?
21	MR. CAROME: I'm I'm there.
22	MR. AGUGLIA: You're there? On the next
23	page, paragraph three, does that not say a fence or
24	retaining wall is one of the exceptions?
25	MR. CAROME: Are you going to read the

1	whole sentence?
2	MR. AGUGLIA: A fence or retaining wall up
3	to the heights established by the building code may be
4	located in a side or rear yard.
5	MR. CAROME: Yes, I I'm the one who put
6	the star there because I think that's a pretty
7	important point.
8	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay. But, this, in fact,
9	is an exception. Is it not? That a fence or
10	retaining wall is a matter of right under the new
11	regulations.
12	MR. CAROME: That's that's what it
13	says.
14	MR. AGUGLIA: That's what it says?
15	MR. CAROME: Yes, a fence or retaining
16	wall
17	MR. AGUGLIA: Right.
18	MR. CAROME: up to the heights
19	established by the building code?
20	MR. AGUGLIA: And you've already
21	previously testified that, in fact, that there's only
22	a height limitation for a fence not a retaining wall.
23	Is that not correct?
24	MR. CAROME: No, there is a there is a
25	there is a height limitation for fences, fence

walls, trellises, and screens and I think that this is undoubtedly a -- at least one or more of those items.

MR. AGUGLIA: All right. So -- so, if it's a fence wall or a fence, therefore, it's subject to the height limitations, but if it's a retaining wall, it is not. Is that correct?

MR. CAROME: You're -- you're trying to pretend that a retaining wall is a --

MR. AGUGLIA: It's a simple question.

MR. CAROME: Well, no, it's not. You're trying to pretend that -- that something can only be one thing. Obviously, this -- this thing is in addition to -- I -- I submit it's not a retaining wall for a whole host of reasons. But, even if it is, it is also a fence wall and that -- and that any other conclusion would be -- would be absurd because it would allow people to build platforms of unlimited height directly next to and -- and bordering the property of their -- their rear neighbors and their side neighbors and that -- and that -- and that the -- the zoning code is not that -- an absurd item.

MR. AGUGLIA: Have you found a definition of retaining wall that excludes fill dirt brought from another site and, therefore, does not make it a retaining wall or part of a retaining wall? Have you

1	found any any <u>Webster's</u> definition that supports
2	that theory?
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: <u>Webster's</u> or zoning?
4	What are you asking? Is there a <u>Webster's</u>
5	definition?
6	MR. AGUGLIA: A <u>Webster's</u> definition
7	because of the lack of a
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
9	MR. AGUGLIA: definition in the zoning
10	regulations.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see. I see.
12	MR. CAROME: I think both the New Jersey
13	case and the West Virginia case that I cite stand for
14	the proposition that a structure like this is is
15	not merely a retaining wall.
16	MR. AGUGLIA: Are you referring to the
17	West Virginia case where there was no application for
18	a retaining wall and they threw some dirt in front of
19	a high wall in order to avoid the the height
20	prohibition for a fence? Is that the case you're
21	referring to?
22	MR. CAROME: I cited one West Virginia
23	case. You know, we can you know, you can you
24	can argue about what what you think it says in your
25	brief, Mr. Aguglia.

1	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay.	
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Anything else?	
3	MR. AGUGLIA: Just a minute of your	
4	indulgence please.	
5	Now, Mr. Carome, you made a statement that	
6	the application for the retaining wall did not include	
7	the Wesley Heights Overlay on the form. That was	
8	required to be placed on by DCRA. Is that correct?	
9	MR. CAROME: I think that's how DCRA	
10	indicates whether it understands it as applying to the	
11	Wesley Heights Overlay. One of the ways.	
12	MR. AGUGLIA: But, you also testified that	
13	all the other applications and permits in the for	
14	the property indicated the Wesley Heights Overlay.	
15	Did you not testify to that?	
16	MR. CAROME: The ones related to this	
17	project. I guess I would have to make an exception	
18	for the for the forged and fabricated permit which	
19	had the wrong	
20	MR. AGUGLIA: For the forged and	
21	fabricated permit?	
22	MR. CAROME: Forged and fabricated permit	
23	that DCRA faxed to the Econimedes for the supposed	
24	emergency raising of the structure. That that did	
25	not say Wesley Heights Overlay and it did not have the	

1	correct square or lot on it which is how we	
2	MR. AGUGLIA: Excluding	
3	MR. CAROME: which is excuse me.	
4	Let me finish. Which is how we could figure out that	
5	it was forged and and applicable.	
6	MR. AGUGLIA: Okay.	
7	MR. CAROME: Other than that, I think.	
8	I'd have to go back and I'm I'm just going to	
9	object and say the record's going to speak for	
10	themselves. You want me to take the time and look at	
11	each one each one of them?	
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, because his	
13	question went directly to your testimony.	
14	MR. CAROME: Okay.	
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And your statement	
16	was	
17	MR. CAROME: Yes, the other ones	
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: that all the	
19	other permits listed the Wesley Heights Overlay in	
20	their application and	
21	MR. CAROME: Right.	
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: permit	
23	submission. So, you've now clarified, I guess, asking	
24	the question of	
25	MR. CAROME: Right.	

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: directly your	
2	testimony and you're clarifying the fact that except	
3	for one that you take exception of.	
4	MR. AGUGLIA: Isn't there a reasonable	
5	inference that when DCRA reviewed the file they knew	
6	this was Wesley Heights because everything else in the	
7	file excluding the the raze permit that you allege	
8	is a fraud was Wesley Heights? Is that not a	
9	reasonable inference, sir?	
10	MR. CAROME: It might be in in in	
11	normal circumstances where you have an agency acting	
12	in normal ways. I I don't believe it's a	
13	reasonable inference here.	
14	MR. AGUGLIA: And that is because of your	
15	implication that DCRA is is what were the	
16	words. Wholly incompetent or incredibly incompetent.	
17	MR. CAROME: It was a little better than	
18	that, but its incompetence was a major point and there	
19	was also concern about about worse that	
20	incompetence.	
21	MR. AGUGLIA: Um-hum. That will conclude	
22	my cross examination at this point.	
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Very well. Thank	
24	you. Let's move on then. Does the ANC want to cross	
25	next? I'm sorry. Does the government want to cross	

next?	DCRA?
IICAL:	

Let's set -- let's set the order now as we go through. I'll have the appellant, the -- well, heck. What are we going to do here? We'll do appellant, property owner, DCRA, ANC, and then interveners as they come through. Okay.

MS. BELL: Mr. Carome, I am probably going to ask you a few questions that Mr. Aguglia already asked you when your answers were not necessarily clear to me.

The model was designed by your wife who you say is or is not an architect?

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: He wasn't clear.

MR. CAROME: I don't believe she's an architect. She has extraordinary talents that -- that allowed her to build this.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.

MR. CAROME: And she -- and she worked from --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Can I --

MR. CAROME: -- and she worked from scale.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- can I just say for a quick second, it seems to be something that would be fairly clear or not. I mean did she ever practice architecture?

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1	MR. CAROME: No, but she did go to
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. That's all
3	right.
4	MR. CAROME: to all right.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And, you know, a lot
6	of people take a lot of classes and certainly, we're
7	not going to establish and there's nothing in my
8	regulations that state that it has to be a registered
9	architect to build the model for exhibit on an appeal
10	or an application. So, let's move on with this.
11	MS. BELL: No, but I do think it's
12	important for other reasons.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14	MS. BELL: With with regard to the way
15	she constructed the slope and the house and so forth,
16	did she consult an engineer? To your knowledge?
17	MR. CAROME: I don't think specifically.
18	I mean she's she's talked to engineers about this
19	structure before she did the model. I don't know
20	whether she talked to an engineer specifically about
21	the building of the model though.
22	MS. BELL: Okay. And you indicated in
23	your in your earlier cross that you were not a
24	structural engineer. Is that correct?
25	MR. CAROME: I am not. I know that.

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and that you do not dispute that the certification of
the wall was was done by a certified engineer and
that information was provided to DCRA?
MR. CAROME: I I don't have evidence
one way or the other as to whether William K. Ryan is
a certified professional engineer currently registered
in the District other than other than the fact I've
seen his stamp
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, right.
MR. CAROME: on the document.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So so, we don't
get nutty with this kind of stuff, I mean we got a lot
of application and a lot of documents in front of us.
Of course, all of this is for our interest not
necessarily all of yours. Whose stamp and what
document is that looking at?
MR. CAROME: That is a page out of Exhibit
24 which shows the geo-grid structure. That Exhibit
24 is is is something that we obtained from the
DCRA file that for this retaining wall picture.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: This is part of the
applicant's permit submissions. Is that right?
applicant's permit submissions. Is that right? MR. CAROME: Well

1	it was in part of the documentation.
2	MR. CAROME: That would appear in the
3	normal course, that's what it would be.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, the the point
5	is that this isn't a drawing that you had produced and
6	an engineer that you had
7	MR. CAROME: That's correct.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
9	MR. CAROME: Sorry.
10	MS. BELL: And your testimony here is that
11	you question the certification mark. Is that correct?
12	Or all certification marks of all documents that you
13	receive from DCRA?
14	MR. CAROME: I'm I'm on my toes about
15	whether documents are what they what they purport
16	to be in this particular case. I don't have evidence
17	that that's not an authentic document by an authentic
18	engineer.
19	MS. BELL: Okay.
20	MR. CAROME: But, I I have real
21	concerns about authenticity of documents in this
22	particular case because I've seen a fabricated
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
24	MR. CAROME: permit.
25	MS. BELL: Yes. Okay. Let me ask you

then since we're back to the documents about the issue of the designation of the overlay on the application. Where in the building codes or in the zoning regulations do you find that it is the practice of DCRA to provide those zoning classifications on the application in the manner in which you've described in this case?

MR. CAROME: I -- I can't cite you to a provision. I -- I can just cite you to -- as I do what appears to be the common practice and from what I've seen from looking through DCRA files which I had never done before a couple of months ago, but which I've looked at a lot of and it seems to me that when they -- when DCRA understands that it's dealing with an overlay, it -- it so marks the document and it so indicates on the permit.

MS. BELL: So, in your personal experience, the assessment that you've made is it's a practice of DCRA. Is that correct?

MR. CAROME: Yes.

MS. BELL: Okay. And what affect if any does the zoning designation on the application for a retaining wall have? Since it's your understanding that it is a practice that you believe DCRA has based on your understanding, what is the meaning of the

1	practice?
2	MR. CAROME: What is the meaning of the
3	practice?
4	MS. BELL: That's right. What would
5	what would be the purpose of the practice since you're
6	telling us what DCRA's practice is?
7	MR. CAROME: I think it's a way of helping
8	the agency understand what provisions of the zoning
9	code are applicable to the to the permit and and
10	if they if they recognize that it it it's
11	applicable as it was here, they they mark it and if
12	they don't mark it, I think it's an inference that
13	they didn't even realize that that it was
14	applicable.
15	MS. BELL: So, the absence in you're
16	you're telling us the absence of the designation
17	means that the zoning technician or anyone reviewing
18	the retaining wall permit did not consider it. Is
19	that correct?
20	MR. CAROME: The absence of it, yes,
21	combined with the fact that this structure is so
22	horrendously contrary to the overlay. Those two
23	things strongly suggest that they didn't consider it.
24	MS. BELL: And can you point to where in

the zoning regs that would support your contention

1	with regard to the need to have it there?
2	MR. CAROME: I don't understand the
3	question.
4	MS. BELL: Okay. You indicated that it
5	would be necessary to consider it and the absence of
6	it means it wasn't considered. Where is that premise
7	in the zoning regs or in the building code?
8	MR. CAROME: I don't know. I'll
9	MS. BELL: Is it safe to say that would be
10	because it doesn't exist as a regulation?
11	MR. CAROME: No. No, I there I I
12	hazard to guess that there are aspects of the zoning
13	code that I have not yet fully perused.
14	MS. BELL: All right.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I'm with him on
16	that. Okay.
17	MS. BELL: Yes, I agree. I wholeheartedly
18	agree with you. With regard to the zoning technician
19	and the review of the application, could you tell us
20	please in your opinion what would the overlay what
21	affect would the overlay have to do with the retaining
22	wall? Not the building permit for the house, but for
23	the retaining wall.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, where does it
25	not conform with the overlay?

1	MS. BELL: That's correct.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: He's somewhat gone
3	into that in his testimony.
4	MR. CAROME: Well, as I as I pointed
5	out
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You want to be more
7	specific of it.
8	MS. BELL: Well, you know, the problem
9	here is we're sort of arguing in the absence. He's
10	saying it's necessary. The government isn't saying
11	it's necessary. So, I'm trying to to flesh out the
12	source of why he believes it's necessary other than
13	his own personal opinion. He can't cite to any
14	particular regulation. He can't identify a practice.
15	He's saying that it's
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let me well,
17	perhaps I misunderstood your question then. I thought
18	you had moved on from whether they noted the overlay
19	permit in the application.
20	MS. BELL: Oh, no, I have. I have.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And now,
22	you're asking him so, you're saying that it wasn't
23	reviewed. One indication that it wasn't reviewed for
24	the overlay is it wasn't indicated on the application,
25	the permit.

Now, what is it that gives you the indication that it's not in conformance with the overlay or an indication that it wasn't reviewed for the overlay? Is that right?

MS. BELL: Well, no, it's actually a little more subtle.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.

MS. BELL: It's -- if he can tell us concisely what affect it would have to the zoning division for the purposes of the retaining wall not for the house. Because his point is the absence of the designation means it wasn't considered and -- and if we accept that to be true, why would it need to be considered for the purposes of the retaining wall not for the house? Because he concedes that the designation was on all of the building permits for the house and everything else.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right and we're not talking about the house today at all.

MS. BELL: That's correct and our argument would be as you -- as you know from our papers and -- and my summation later, would be that the overlay does not have any specific bearing with regard to the building permit as it relates to the retaining wall.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

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1	MS. BELL: Now, he's telling us based on
2	his assessment of what DCRA's practice and engineering
3	practices and everything else he's considered it does.
4	So, I'm just trying to get to what what affect it
5	does have.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And what I'm
7	trying to preclude is going through the entire case
8	presentation of point one and four
9	MS. BELL: Okay.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: and parts of
11	five.
12	MR. CAROME: Two of
13	MS. BELL: You know
14	MR. CAROME: two of my five arguments
15	were Wesley Heights Overlay based.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes.
17	MR. CAROME: And there are and there
18	are others that are made in in the papers that go
19	beyond those two.
20	MS. BELL: Do you understand that the
21	general purpose of the overlay is set out in the
22	regulations that create the restrictive regulations?
23	Do you understand that?
24	MR. CAROME: Yes, that
25	MS. BELL: Okay.

1	MR. CAROME: that there are there
2	are general purposes that are set forth in the text of
3	the Wesley Heights Overlay.
4	MS. BELL: So, there would not be
5	additional restrictions that would be provided by the
6	Zoning Administrator or or his technicians on the
7	review of permits. Do you understand that?
8	MR. CAROME: I don't understand what
9	you're asking.
10	MS. BELL: There would not be additional
11	restrictions pursuant to this overlay or any other
12	overlay other than what's identified in the
13	regulations. Do you understand that the regulations
14	already incorporate the
15	MR. CAROME: Yes, the overlay is set forth
16	as part of the zoning regulations at 11 DCMR section
17	1541 and that is what the overlay is and that's and
18	I as I pointed out, there are there are multiple
19	respects in which this walled platform structure
20	violates the Wesley Heights Overlay.
21	MS. BELL: But, you would you would
22	agree with me that they're not additional restrictions
23	that the Zoning Administrator would have to consider.
24	Is that correct?
25	MR. CAROME: Well, no, there there are

1	many zoning rules outside the Wesley Heights Overlay
2	that are also part of the zoning code which have also
3	been violated here.
4	MS. BELL: No. No.
5	MR. CAROME: For example, 2503.C
6	MS. BELL: We're only talking
7	MR. CAROME: 2503.
8	MS. BELL: we're only talking about the
9	overlay for the purpose of this question.
10	MR. CAROME: I thought you were asking me
11	about things other than the overlay. So, I'm I'm
12	confused.
13	MS. BELL: No. Yes, I think you I I
14	think you are. Let me
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Let's
16	rephrase the question.
17	MS. BELL: let me rephrase it again.
18	Let me rephrase again. The overlay does not require
19	additional restrictions other than what's set out in
20	the description for the Zoning Administrator to
21	consider when it reviews building permits for
22	retaining walls. Can we agree on that?
23	MR. CAROME: Are you asking does is the
24	overlay restrictions, are they set forth in the the
25	overlay section of the zoning code? Is that is

1	that what you're asking me?
2	MS. BELL: No. But, you know what if
3	you're not able to answer that, we can move on.
4	MR. CAROME: I'm sorry. I'm really trying
5	hard.
6	MS. BELL: Let me ask you about I
7	really don't think so, but that's okay.
8	Let's take a look at the yard under the
9	definitions. Okay.
10	MR. CAROME: The yard under the
11	definitions. Yes.
12	MS. BELL: Um-hum.
13	MR. CAROME: The definition of yard.
14	MS. BELL: That's right for zoning
15	MR. CAROME: 199. something in the
16	MS. BELL: Right.
17	MR. CAROME: Yes, okay.
18	MS. BELL: Thank you. Okay. Can I ask
19	you please to take a look at the rear yard definition
20	and the side yard definition?
21	MR. CAROME: Do you have it handy? I'm
22	I'm looking for it. There's yard and there's
23	yard/rear.
24	MS. BELL: Right. Could I ask you please
25	to take a minute to read the side yard definition and
1	1

1	the rear yard definition. You can aloud if you'd
2	like.
3	MR. CAROME: All right. I'm looking. You
4	want me to read something out of the code?
5	MS. BELL: If you'd like because I want to
6	ask you a few questions about it. If you want to
7	if you'd like to read them, you can. Okay.
8	MR. CAROME: I don't see any
9	MS. BELL: In reading those definitions,
10	do you do you understand the government's argument
11	with regard to a retaining wall and it's and and
12	the fact that it does not need to meet the side yard
13	and the rear yard definitions?
14	MR. CAROME: I don't understand the
15	government's argument on that. Maybe you could
16	explain it. The this is a structure in a in a
17	required rear inside yard and, therefore, has to meet
18	the exceptions. I don't understand how the government
19	could possibly think that this meets an exception.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: The question is
21	premised on the reading of yard rear and side yard?
22	MS. BELL: Well, actually, yes, yard
23	rear yard and side yard and actually
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
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25	MS. BELL: it I probably

1	should compare it to the exception that we used in
2	2503, but
3	MR. CAROME: I'd also point out there's a
4	difference between obviously a rear yard and a
5	required rear yard.
6	MS. BELL: That's correct.
7	MR. CAROME: And these definitions are
8	look to me like they're they're
9	MS. BELL: That's correct.
10	MR. CAROME: I don't see the word required
11	here, but I don't know that that matters. I just
12	point out that just point that out.
13	MS. BELL: Okay. You indicated that you
14	thought it was a fence yard. Do you understand a
15	fence yard and a retaining wall to be one in the same?
16	MR. CAROME: I don't think I have if
17	I've used the term fence yard, I didn't I didn't
18	mean to.
19	MS. BELL: I'm sorry. Fence wall. Excuse
20	me. Fence wall.
21	MR. CAROME: What's the whole question?
22	MS. BELL: The whole question is you have
23	referred to this platform structure as a fence wall.
24	Do you understand a fence wall and a retaining wall to
25	be different structures?

MR. CAROME: I've not referred to the -the -- platform structure as a fence wall. 2 I have referred to the wall that sits right here around it. I believe that this is a fence wall. MS. BELL: Actually, I think --MR. CAROME: Or possibly a -- I'm having a Or possibly it's a screen or -- or trellis, but I think it's -- certainly, it's -- it's a fence wall. MS. BELL: Well, actually, in your point five, where you talked about the building code and the prohibition with regard to required walls and the 13 seven foot height limit, you went into a discussion about a fence wall. 14 15 MR. CAROME: Um-hum. Okay. And so, what I'm asking 16 MS. BELL: 17 you is if you could explain to us what the difference 18 between a fence wall and a retaining wall? Obviously, the government views it as a retaining wall and you 19 20 believe the government is wrong. So, I'm trying to ask what the difference is. Bell, there are two MR. CAROME: Ms. different points here and maybe I'll -- I'll try to go 23 to the fence point. I think -- one, I think that --24 that there are a number of good reasons why this is --25

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1	why this is not a retaining wall and I I went at
2	some length.
3	MS. BELL: Yes.
4	MR. CAROME: And and you're you're
5	assuming that that that something cannot you
6	know, even if you I don't think it it is
7	critical to my argument here that this be a not a
8	retaining wall. Because even even if this which
9	I don't think it is, but even if it is a retaining
10	wall, it is also a fence wall because of its location
11	and its function in marking the boundary of the
12	property and forming a barrier to the property. It
13	meets the <u>Webster's</u> definitions of fence and wall to a
14	tee and and
15	MS. BELL: Well, if I if I can
16	interrupt for a moment.
17	MR. CAROME: You shouldn't, but but go
18	ahead.
19	MS. BELL: Okay. You're you're right.
20	I apologize about that.
21	But, we're here because you alleged that
22	the Zoning Administrator erred in determining that it
23	was a retaining wall.
24	MR. CAROME: No, I think you're
25	misunderstanding my argument. I think that the

they erred in in assuming that this entire thing
fits within the exception of 2503.3 for a retaining
wall constructed in accordance with the D.C. building
code. I would say it it fails to meet that both
because this thing is not a a just the wall is
not a retaining wall that's been built in accordance
with the building code and that and and if just
pretend it's a retaining wall, you have ignored this
enormous elephant in the room which is the platform
which was the purpose that the Econimedes obviously
had in in going to all the trouble to to go
through this process.
MS. BELL: Well, actually, then perhaps
then we need to look at this a little closely. Your
issue is that the Zoning Administrator erred when it
issued a building permit for the retaining wall and
allowed this unnatural soil to be added in back of the
retaining wall. Is is that how he erred?
MR. CAROME: I I I think it's
it's one of the many ways that the that he erred.
Yes.
MS. BELL: Okay. But, this appeal is only
related to the

he erred in issuing the permit at issue in this

appeal

MS. BELL: Okay.

MR. CAROME: If I -- if I understood the question right. I'm -- it was a -- it was -- I may have missed a piece of it.

MS. BELL: Okay. Well, the reason why I think is because the -- the building permit was not issued for this unnatural soil which you now are saying I guess has affixed itself to --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is this a question?

MS. BELL: -- to the ground. Do you -- you agree with me?

MR. CAROME: I think you may be pointing out yet another error in the process which is that there was not a -- there was not a -- a permit for -- for essentially creating a landfill here and for -- for trucking in all this material. That's another -- that's another one of my challenges in the appeal. So, yes.

MS. BELL: But -- but --

MR. CAROME: So, they allowed -- they did not even have the required permit to do this and yet, DCRA allowed them to -- to not just put up the wall and the mesa blocks which were the only materials that were referred to in the permit application, but they

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allowed them to truck in I think it's 6,000 cubic yards of dirt and -- and 20 layers of -- of the geogrid high tension fabric and there are many, many, many ways in which DCRA didn't do its job here and you've identified another one.

MS. BELL: Well -- well, no, I haven't actually. What I'm trying to focus on is the -- the one appeal that -- and the one permit that we're here discussing. Whether or not this is a structure within

actually. What I'm trying to focus on is the -- the one appeal that -- and the one permit that we're here discussing. Whether or not this is a structure within the meaning of a structure in the zoning regs is just part of your argument. It -- it's not a statement of fact or law at this point.

Let me ask you again. The unnatural soil that they've added that -- that you're calling the geo-grids. Correct?

MR. CAROME: No. No. No. I -- you -the -- there is soil that was imported and I'm not
sure if soil's the right word. There was fill from
some donor site that was referred to in the documents
that was submitted through DCRA.

MS. BELL: What do you call this?

MR. CAROME: Then there are -- then there are these things representing the geo-grid layers.

There are 20 of those. Those -- those are I think essentially plastic of some sort layers that are high

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1	tension special things that that that hold the
2	whole thing in place and are attached to the wall.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You know, it raises
4	an interesting question. If you were to put a
5	concrete cylinder through that area below grade in its
6	grade and fill it with your high speed internet cable
7	and it was this huge conduit that fed this house
8	because this is the most state-of-the-art house and
9	everything's electronic and it swelled to a dimension
10	of five feet, would that then make the entire below
11	grade a structure?
12	MR. CAROME: Well, I think you're I
13	think what you're question is is is missing is
14	that this wasn't below grade. I mean what you're
15	imaging is if they put a big huge pipe through here
16	for internet
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I understand. I
18	understand your
19	MR. CAROME: through these trees
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, but
21	MR. CAROME: that would be a structure
22	I'd think.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Take my
24	hypothetical. It's below grade.
25	MR. CAROME: If it's below grade, I don't

1	know that it's it's a structure. It might be.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, it wouldn't be a
3	structure.
4	MR. CAROME: It might be. It may well. I
5	probably is a structure actually, but it's it's not
6	going to be a problem in the required rear inside yard
7	because it's not projecting more than four feet above
8	grade.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. So, it all
10	comes back to the same issue of where do we establish
11	grade. But, it is a structure then. Not just a below
12	grade structure.
13	MR. CAROME: I think that's right. I mean
14	I think a basement is a structure. A cellar's a
15	structure. I don't think above or below grade is
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: A buried flagpole
17	would be a structure. Okay. Good enough.
18	Anything else? Questions?
19	MS. BELL: Well, I I just what do we
20	call what do you call this land mass that you're
21	can we call it the geo-grids or do we call it
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You can call it
23	whatever you want it to be called and then ask the
24	question.
25	MS. BELL: Okay. That the unnatural

1	soil thing, is it your testimony that that in and of
2	itself also blocks the light and air for the Tates and
3	for everyone below regardless of the wall?
4	MR. CAROME: Yes.
5	MS. BELL: Okay.
6	MR. CAROME: I mean it's it's obviously
7	suffocating the entire rear yard.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
9	MR. CAROME: And it's blocking every bit
10	as much as as the wall. Yes.
11	MS. BELL: Okay.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Anything else?
13	MS. BELL: No, that's it.
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Thank you very much.
15	ANC have cross? It's not a requirement.
16	MS. GATES: I know. I just
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It's not suppose to
18	be a dread either. This is the fun part.
19	MS. GATES: This has been a long day.
20	Hasn't it?
21	I do have a question for you, Mr.
22	Chairman. Have you received
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You know, there's
24	one procedural thing that I am in charge of and you're
25	not allowed to cross me.

1	MS. GATES: No, I this isn't a cross
2	for you. It's
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No. No.
4	MS. GATES: it's really a direct
5	question.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, go ahead.
7	MS. GATES: I believe you may be in
8	receipt of documents that the ANC has not received.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, dear.
10	MS. GATES: For instance
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You mean the
12	everything that was submitted this past week?
13	MS. GATES: Only Mr. Carome copied the ANC
14	and I did receive the rebuttal from Mr. Aguglia. I
15	did not receive the Wesley Heights piece that just got
16	handed out. Ms. Bell referred to something she might
17	have submitted. Didn't receive it. I I don't know
18	whether
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, DCRA's
20	submission and they're I think that they're citing
21	of submission was previously for that last
22	MS. GATES: Okay. Then I do I did make
23	a copy of that out of the file.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I don't have
25	anything new from DCRA unless others are aware of any.

1	MS. GATES: I thought she meant she had
2	just submitted something.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: The only other piece
4	that you haven't identified is the Department of
5	Interior. Did you not receive Exhibit Number 51 from
6	U.S. Department of Interior?
7	MS. GATES: Yes, I was handed that this
8	morning or this afternoon.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Then I think
10	you have everything we have.
11	MS. GATES: Thank you.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I'll go through all
13	the rest of it. Board member
14	MS. GATES: No, I don't want you to go
15	through eight million different
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No. No. No, it
17	isn't actually.
18	MS. GATES: Oh.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I think it's three.
20	You've indicated that you have Exhibit Number 47 and
21	48 which was attached which is Wilmer, Cutler,
22	Pickering.
23	MS. GATES: Yes.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Correct? You have
25	the motion from Mr. Aguglia property.

1	MS. GATES: Yes.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And you now have
3	U.S. Interior.
4	MS. GATES: Thank you.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent.
6	MS. GATES: I just have a couple of
7	questions for you, Mr. Carome.
8	At the time the permit for the wall was
9	issued, was the rear yard at 4825 Dexter Terrace
10	steeply sloped?
11	MR. CAROME: I believe it was. Yes, I
12	mean I I believe that really more than anything
13	else from the the drawings.
14	MS. GATES: Was there anything in the rear
15	yard for a wall to retain?
16	MR. CAROME: No.
17	MS. GATES: So, would this be considered a
18	fence wall?
19	MR. CAROME: Yes.
20	MS. GATES: And are fence walls limited to
21	a height of seven feet?
22	MR. CAROME: Yes.
23	MS. GATES: Thank you.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Let's move
25	ahead. Does the Park Service have any cross? No. No

cross from the Park Service. Very well. We've gone through DCRA, also the property owner, the ANC. Let's 2 3 move ahead then. Do you have a question? 5 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Yes. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, Mr. Hildebrand. COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: As part of your 8 package, you submitted the legislative history on the 9 fence height issue, the 2503. 10 MR. CAROME: Yes. 11 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: And it says as you've underlined in bold "A fence or retaining wall 12 13 up to the heights established by the building code." So, it's your inference that by stating that there 14 15 must have been an assumption or definite idea that the building codes did establish a height for retaining 16 walls? 17 18 MR. CAROME: Absolutely. I think that's the only conclusion that can be drawn from that. 19 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Did you go back 20 to the '76 building code to see if there was a height 21 22 established for retaining walls in the code? MR. CAROME: I could not go back quite 23 that far. I'm actually still trying to research that, 24 25 but I believe that the -- and I'm afraid I'm working

1	from memory here which may not be perfect. I I
2	believe that the as of 1977, I believe that the
3	I shouldn't say that. I I don't know for sure.
4	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Yes, you haven't
5	yet. Okay. Thank you.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Any other questions
7	from the Board? Okay. On the off chance, is there
8	cross on that limited testimony? Very well. Let's
9	move ahead then.
10	We're going to move to DCRA's case, the
11	government's case. Estimation of time that you need
12	to present your case. Thirty. Less than 30.
13	MS. BELL: Yes, less than yes, less
14	than 30.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. That's all
16	right. We're
17	MS. BELL: Fifteen minutes, but could
18	someone go forward
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: How soon do you need
20	to get ready?
21	MS. BELL: Well, twenty. Left the room.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I'm not calling you
23	right now. We're going to take a 10-minute break.
24	MS. BELL: Okay.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And then we're going

1	to start up with you. If you're not, then we can move
2	ahead with something else.
3	MS. BELL: Okay.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Very well. We'll be
5	back in ten minutes.
6	(Whereupon, at 4:26 p.m. off the record
7	until 5:01 p.m.)
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23	E-V-E-N-I-N-G S-E-S-S-I-O-N
24	5:01 p.m.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. I may need to
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reassess our scheduled for this afternoon as it is getting close to 5:00. It looks like a 30-minute presentation with questions and cross is about two That would set us to 7:00 after the hour average. government's case roughly. We have one more appeal that we need to get in today. So, what I would like to do is set this off for the 5th of April in the afternoon and continue with the starting point of DCRA and get as -- always optimistically get through the entire thing. through as much as possible on the 5th. me hear any major problems something of that iteration. About your case. I mean this one. This instant case. Yes. ETW we call in five minutes -- three minutes -- two minutes. I take it there's no objection from the government. Mr. Carome, how is your schedule? MR. CAROME: No objection. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Mr. Aguglia? MR. AGUGLIA: No objection. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Any controversy, Ms. Gates? Mr. Murphy? Everyone set. can't believe it. That has never happened before us in the history of my tenure on this Board. Very well.

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I'm sorry for that. I should have given you more of a -- a heads up. I really was perhaps 2 3 more optimistic than I thought. 4 Questions, procedure, Mr. Aquqlia. 5 MR. AGUGLIA: In fairness to my clients, no further filings by Mr. Carome or the Park Service. 6 I don't -- I don't -- I'm not MR. CAROME: 8 aware of any rule that would -- would support that, 9 but I mean there have been questions about matters 10 going back --11 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Let's set this one straight though. Mr. Aguglia, you want to 12 13 cite the regulation. 14 MR. AGUGLIA: Well, the regulation says 15 it's suppose to be -- everything's suppose to be 14 days in advance of the hearing by the appellant. 16 I -- I think that applies to 17 MR. CAROME: 18 written evidence. I'm not sure that it applies -- you 19 know, if we find further important legislative 20 history, for example, I would think that this Board would -- would want that. 21 22 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, what you're saying in terms of legal briefing just as long as it's 23 not written evidence. Is that what you're -- that was 24 25 your assertion?

MR. CAROME: Yes, and it could be that if there's -- if there's important new evidence, I would think -- you know, maybe perhaps there should be some showing as to why it -- it should come late, but I don't -- I don't see why we should have any artificial rule. If there's something important to this Board's decision, I would think it would want it.

MS. BELL: Actually, the rule is 3106.2, but I concur with Mr. Aguglia. I think we should close actually the record with regard to filings. Because what has happened here is the case is actually evolved. If you take a look at what was initially filed with the appeal, I -- as I understood it, the appeal had to do with, you know, the lot size and -- and the overlay and now we're -- we've moved into it's not a retaining wall, there's unnatural soil, and that's a platform.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.

MS. BELL: You know, it just changed.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I think I understand the point. I don't see a lot of need based on the -- actually the limited scope that we've set out in this appeal for -- obviously, I can't anticipate everything, but I think it will be a hard test to prove for new testimony, witnesses or evidence to come

in at this late date.

It does -- it does begin to prejudice if not inconvenience those involved and the Board. I think we've eliminated an awful lot of issues from FOIA to environmental to all these other aspects and I think it was well put today in the case presentation on the -- on the -- the zoning points.

So, that being said, let's keep it to a bare minimum if any at all. Obviously, there's going to be a major justification for that. It -- it gets us quickly into the case to get into substance much more so than if we have four or five motions to begin the proceedings. So, let's leave that under direction advisement.

Anything else?

MR. AGUGLIA: No.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Is there any anticipation in terms of the record being kept open for the rebuttal or direction of the submissions of today that they would be put in before the 5th? Should I set a date requirement for that or are we going to let that flow? That's somewhat to the Board, but also to the --

MR. AGUGLIA: Relating -- I'm sorry.

Relating to my rebuttal to the Park Service --

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
2	MR. AGUGLIA: statement, we would try
3	let's see. April. That's a Tuesday obviously.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's three weeks
5	from now. Is it not? Three three weeks.
6	MR. AGUGLIA: Three weeks.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You'd be ready to
8	present that on the 5th?
9	MR. AGUGLIA: Oh, yes.
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. That's all I
11	need.
12	MR. AGUGLIA: Yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And obviously, if
14	you have that in the written form prior to that, that
15	would be
16	MR. AGUGLIA: I would try to get it to the
17	parties by let's say the prior Wednesday before the
18	hearing.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let's say Wednesday
20	by 3:00
21	MR. AGUGLIA: All right.
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: into the Office
23	of Zoning. It will also be distributed to the
24	parties. Thank God you're not writing that. Okay.
25	The record's also open for the government

DCRA. It's your understanding that you're addressing that? 2 3 MS. BELL: Yes. 4 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Now, that's 5 -- that's inclusive of Mr. Murphy's filings, but also that of the legislative history. 6 We'll take -- leave the record open for 8 the Wednesday before the Tuesday that we meet again, 9 March 30th. MR. MOY: Mr. Chairman, that date is March 10 11 30th. 12 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Thank you very much. 13 Indeed. For -- what was I saying? Ah, indeed. have had the -- the filing today on cross of the 14 15 overlay which we could take information or written submissions on that. 16 Then -- now, we're going to have all these 17 new filings then. Everybody's very excited. 18 19 We're going have to to give the 20 opportunity for rebuttal. The point of having those 21 in prior to the 5th is the presentation of the case. 22 We'll obviously incorporate those and then would be 23 able to be crossed. So, the record's not open for rebuttal to the responses to the first filings. 24 25 we don't start a whole volume at --

1	MR. CAROME: Although, I would ask that if
2	on legal points that that there be permission for
3	written rebuttal. I think that would actually save
4	the time of the Board.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, it absolutely
6	does. It absolutely and I think that can come up as
7	we get into the proceedings, but I don't want people
8	to hold off great volumes of information that that
9	think and as I said prior, I think the last point
10	of which the legal arguments can be made is when the
11	findings and conclusions are are submitted for the
12	Board's review and that's the last submission.
13	Okay. Are all of you clear on that?
14	MR. AGUGLIA: Yes.
15	MR. CAROME: Yes, thank you.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's fine.
17	Question?
18	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I want to I'm
19	I'm not totally clear. Can I just try to see if
20	this is the right
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, because now it's
22	going to confuse
23	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: No, but are you
24	saying
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, they're leaving

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1	the room now with clarity. Let them go.
2	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. I guess
3	everybody else is clear.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We'll I'll get it
5	clear for you. Me, you, Cliff, in the back room.
6	We'll get it clear. Okay. If there's no other
7	questions. Yes, Mr. Murphy.
8	MR. MURPHY: Mr. Chair, I do have one
9	question. We have been referred to and we would be
10	wanting to submit exhibitry to demonstrate the
11	preexisting condition and the conditions through the
12	construction.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Do you have that
14	already prepared?
15	MR. MURPHY: This would be aerial we
16	have that already reported.
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, what are you
18	waiting for?
19	MR. MURPHY: We will submit that on our
20	way out the door. I'll
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed. It should
22	be. In fact, everyone's here. If you can hand
23	deliver all of that, you can count that as your
24	service. It would be well there's no you know,
25	there's no element of surprise in these hearings. We

give everybody enough time to digest all the information. So, only expedites things if you get it 2 3 in sooner. MR. MURPHY: Thank you, Mr. Chair. 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That would be great. You'll going to put that on the record. 6 MR. MURPHY: Do it right now. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We'll have that for 9 The parties will be served that today. the 5th. 10 We're in good shape. Ms. Gates? 11 MS. GATES: What time on the 5th? CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, it's 12 an 13 excellent question. Ms. Gates is always on point with these questions and her question was what time on the 14 15 5th? As I am obviously the worse, proven over 16 17 and over again, to set schedules, we have two other cases in the afternoon on the 5th. The first one's at 18 19 2:23 which as you well know is the -- is the special 20 exception. It should go fairly quickly. I'm not aware of what the second case is. At this point, I'm 21 22 prepared to call this the second case in the afternoon. 23 24

I'm going to assess how long we think the second case that is now advertised will actually go.

This may well be the third case if it can go quickly. So, that all being said, it will be 2 3 sometime after 2:00. Okay. 4 Anything else? Any other questions, 5 clarifications? The 5th. Excellent. Thank you all very much. Appreciate you 6 spending the time with us this afternoon. Indeed and we'll see you on the 5th. 8 9 If there's nothing further in this case, 10 Mr. Moy, when you're ready, we can call the next case. 11 MR. NYARKU: Second case -- second case in the afternoon is Application 17288 Appeal of Eastern 12 13 Trans Waste of Maryland, Inc. pursuant to 11 DCMR sections 3100 and 3101 from the administrative 14 15 decision of the Zoning Administrator of the Department of Consumer and Regulatory Affairs. Appellant alleges 16 that the Zoning Administrator erred by denying the 17 issuance of a building permit and instead requiring 18 19 variance relief from the Board of Zoning Adjustment to 20 make internal repairs and improvements to an existing solid waste transfer facility in the Capitol 21 22 Gateway/CR District at premises 1315 1st Street, S.E., 23 Square 703, Lot 54.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank you, Mr. Nyarku.

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Okay. If I can have the last case. or sit down and listen to the next case. We'll move 2 3 on to the next case. Let me ask first of all are there people 5 here -- I know you've been here for a long time, but has anyone come in that was not previously sworn in. 6 If they could just raise their hand if they weren't 8 sworn in. Everyone here present has been sworn in. 9 So, we're ready to go. 10 If you are ready to proceed, I'll just 11 have you introduce yourself again for the record. MR. GOLDBERG: Yes, thank you. This is 12 13 Roy Goldberg, counsel for the appellant Eastern Trans Waste in this matter. 14 15 And as an administrative matter, we have no new exhibits, but we have taken our brief and taken 16 17 the exhibits that are part of the record already and 18 attached them. We made several copies. 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh. And I'd be happy to send 20 MR. GOLDBERG: those up so that everybody can have that --21 22 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That would be --MR. GOLDBERG: -- if that's appropriate. 23 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Found copies of this 24 stuff. Okay. Mr. Goldberg, you do, in fact, have one 25

preliminary matter and that's a motion of which I'm going to address. 2 Actually, what you're going to do is just 3 hand it to Mr. Nyarku. He'll put it in evidence and 4 5 then give it to -- distribute it to the Board and you have one for government. Correct? Excellent. 6 Or two. Whichever they might need. 8 I'm not mistaken Exhibit Number 19 9 actually is a motion by you requesting the recusal of 10 Ms. Mitten for sitting on this case. Is that correct? 11 MR. GOLDBERG: That's correct, Mr. Chairman. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. GOLDBERG: We think that it may be 14 15 moot given the fact she was --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It is indeed. 16 17 moot and I don't think it takes up any action of the 18 Board. As you know, as you stated in here, the Zoning 19 Commission does rotate onto the BZA as was established I think some time ago. Mr. Hildebrand is with us this 20 afternoon and will be hearing this case. 21 22 So, that being said, we can put to the side and move on to -- I believe we can go right into 23 case presentation. 24 25 Yes, thank you. MR. GOLDBERG: We

appreciate very much the opportunity to -- to present this before the Board. We appreciate the schedule accommodation especially for our -- our witnesses. For purposes of this presentation, we -we incorporate our brief which has been submitting and we have prepared copies of the brief with the exhibits attached that have been submitted as well. Appellant challenges the decision of the Zoning Administrator at DCRA to refuse to grant the application for the construction building permit for the solid waste transfer facility. Instead of issuing the permit, DCRA referred it to the Board for a variance on the ground the permit could not be issued that without a variance. This determination was erroneous, arbitrary, and capricious. Let's take a look at the -- the memo which is Exhibit --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. If you -- if you step too far from the mike, I'm just going to have you take a hand held or bring that closer. actually much better. MR. GOLDBERG: This is the actual memo. It's Exhibit 4. It is also in the book. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good and it was

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submitted previously. Do you know what exhibit it is 2 in --MR. GOLDBERG: Yes, Exhibit 4. 3 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, I'm sorry. 5 MR. GOLDBERG: Sure. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. So, that's 6 what it's relating to. 8 MR. GOLDBERG: So, Exhibit 4 is the 9 decision --10 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. 11 MR. GOLDBERG: -- that it's being appealed from. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. MR. GOLDBERG: I've highlighted the key 14 15 language that we believe was arbitrary and capricious. The fact that the DCRA concluded or found that the 16 17 proposed work would result in an enlargement of the facility and also the -- the reference to the work --18 19 or to the facility rather as a non-conforming was also 20 erroneous. This enlargement determination 21 22 arbitrary and capricious because there's no evidence 23 in the record to support it. There's no finding in the record at all and all of the evidence is to the 24 25 contrary. It was before the DCRA on this issue.

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The only possible reference in the record to the -- to an enlargement was a memo from the Office of Planning to the DCRA which is Exhibit 5 both in the booklet and before the -- before the Board which said that in reference to this zoning change and the fact that it was a conforming use, but it could not expand.

The Office of Planning told DCRA well, after completion of the renovation project, you're going to have ten new employees. There's going to be three to five additional vehicles.

So, the only possible basis in the record for an enlargement finding was that factual information provided by the Office of Planning.

The problem with that is that it was -they just got it wrong and I'm not sure that it's even
in dispute. I've not seen any filing from the
government that it was right. Because the -- and
we'll hear from witnesses, but the EISF form that was
submitted specifically said during construction, yes,
you will have these ten additional people and some
additional vehicles, but at the operational phase
after construction, there will be no change.

So, it's a classic case here of agency perhaps making a finding based on information that was just completely wrong and that should have been

repaired, but it wasn't. So, we have this determination that is wrong and a decision that is wrong because it's based on an erroneous and arbitrary factor determination.

I've also mentioned the fact that -- when they refer to it as a non-conforming use, that's not consistent with what the Zoning Commission did with respect to the Capitol Gateway Overlay. Rather they found existing industrial uses were conforming uses not non-conforming uses.

Even if there was a finding there of an expansion or an enlargement, it's not borne out by any facts or by any legal application. I won't go into what we've done in the brief, but I think we've set out several cases. One was a D.C. case. The Hot Shoppes case. Also other jurisdictional cases. Which talk about the fact, look if you're going to, you know, try to improve efficiency, modernize, repair, that's not an expansion for purposes of the zoning statutes -- zoning laws.

We have brought with us three company officials. Actually two company officials and the contractor to provide what we think can be very brief testimony and evidence if the panel is so inclined to hear that to put in the record the fact what these

changes were proposed to do, what they were not proposed to do, the nature of the changes, and the treatment by the DCRA and we're prepared to do that.

Again, we have -- the first witness will be Mark Reynolds of Durable Steel. He is the contractor that was hired to do the work, get the permit, dealt a lot with the DCRA and other government officials.

We also have Rob Sochovka who is with the company also and was very much involved in trying to get the permit and deal with this process.

And we also have David Florance of the corporate office who we probably won't be presenting as an affirmative witness, but he's available if there's any questions with respect to any company matters.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. I think it would be advisable to call on these witnesses to adopt some of the testimony. Obviously, there's an awful lot of substantive legal argument most of which you've laid out and very straightforwardly.

Let me ask you just quickly. On the Hot Shoppe you had talked about, that went to kind of modernizing, but not looked at by the courts as an expansion of the facility and is that also in the

frame -- my understanding is part of that was -- even business increased, business went well, 2 if that doesn't count as an expansion of the facility. Is that your assertion? MR. GOLDBERG: Yes, let me refer to -- the Hot Shoppes issue was this enlargement issue. Ιt 6 didn't use the word expansion and it was the --8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. GOLDBERG: -- the carding area. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. MR. GOLDBERG: And I think the key thing about that case also was that you can't just call it 12 13 an enlargement without having evidence in the record and since the evidence in the record was I think just 14 15 an affidavit, that it was an enlargement. That it was In that case, it was the Board. 16 wrong. Here we're looking at the DCRA to call it an enlargement. 17 The other cases we did cite would include 18 this helicopter associate cite, mere increase in the 19 amount of business done pursuant to a -- in this case, 20 a non-conforming use is not an illegal expansion. 22 You'll actually -- so, yes, we would say that it's our position. 23 I think you'll hear from the witnesses 24

that this was not work that was done to try to expand

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the business, but rather it was to deal with problems at the facility caused by a snowstorm, caused by the fact that there was only one trade scale in effect and if you had a problem with that trade scale, then you had no scale.

So, this wasn't a let's go from, you know, 80 percent of the market to the 90 percent of market or increase the business as much as just try to keep up with where we -- where they were and where they wanted to be and also to try to increase some profitability from the mix which isn't so much a volume issue as rather a -- a profit issue as to the volume that you're going to hopefully continue to do and we can get into all that from an evidentiary basis.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes. Good. Last preliminary question I have. I'm not sure if I saw definitively. Obviously, the EISF was submitted. Was an environmental impact statement done?

MR. GOLDBERG: No.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It was not required by the agencies that reviewed the EISF. Is that correct?

MR. GOLDBERG: Yes, the -- the evidence -- the exhibits that we have here, let me run through

those very fast and if it -- if it needs to be done, I would request that these exhibits all be approved and accepted. Exhibits 1 through -- I believe we have 1 through 12 as part of the record.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. GOLDBERG: Exhibit 2 is a document where initially in October this was approved for zoning.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. GOLDBERG: When the permit wasn't inquiries were made issued, and it became information came to the witnesses you'll hear from that -- that the DCRA had taken the position that that initial approval, they had missed despite something in the law with respect to the EIS and what would -- what would happen for a -- for a substantial modification or a -- or a new construction of a solid waste facility and so, this letter, Exhibit 3, was issued where they quoted this particular law and then made the statement that the proposed work is substantial.

Now, in response to that, clarification was sought by the company. A meeting was sought and held and at that meeting, DCRA said something to the effect that this is good news. We're going to

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reconsider this issue. About six weeks later, an EISF which, of course, is substantially less of a burden to prepare although not completely without burden than an EIS, was submitted and at that point on for several months, DCRA acted as if okay, well, we accept this and now we've floated to the agencies and that's where you got the Office of Planning to comment and other agencies ultimately and this would be Exhibit 11.

DOH I think probably the most important one from the health point of view obviously made a determination, this is Exhibit 11, that we do not recommend preparation of an EIS for this project. No negative, you know, health impact, et cetera.

So, I would say that the -- all of the agencies that received the EISF package, the only negative that came out of it was Office of Planning and that was based on what they perceived to be the zoning and frankly, the erroneous factual determination. So, that's where that stands.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Thank you.

Any other preliminary questions? Mr. Etherly.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair. Just very briefly.

Mr. Goldberg, you -- you may -- you probably will go over this in terms of your

substantial presentation, but just to make sure I'm clear because I think it's a fairly straightforward factual question, in terms of the reference to the EISF, the discussion about operation phase versus construction phase, that was kind of one of the outstanding questions for me.

Just to make sure I'm clear with the distinction, as you referred -- as -- as your client referred to it in the EISF, the construction phase, your reference to the additional personnel and the additional vehicles on site, was that intended to simply reference additional personnel and equipment that would be on site pursuant to the actual construction activities and installation of the new equipment versus operational phase, no additional equipment, no additional personnel --

MR. GOLDBERG: Correct.

MEMBER ETHERLY: -- beyond your regular complement on site?

MR. GOLDBERG: Correct. Mr. Reynolds will address that and you'll hear him testify that -- that those were his folks that were going to be site and he perceived the EISF form to require the breakout of that information and that's why he provided it in that way.

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1	MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. One technical
3	point on Exhibit 12, do you have page number three in
4	both the copies that you've provided or unless it
5	doesn't seem to flow correctly. Starting with the
6	memorandum of points of authorities in support, the
7	this the
8	MR. GOLDBERG: I can explain.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: willful
10	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: cynical ploy for
12	financial plaintiff requests a granting. It seems
13	like there's a page missing there.
14	MR. GOLDBERG: There's not. The the
15	reason for making this submittal was what was on pages
16	four, five, and six. The page one there was there
17	just so that you had a title of the document.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I see.
19	MR. GOLDBERG: Right. So.
20	MS. BELL: And actually, if I can inject
21	for a moment. The government does intend to not only
22	reference that particular motion in its presentation,
23	but I'll be glad to provide you a copy of a

complete copy of the motion. Because we actually

think it's important to this proceeding.

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1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
2	MR. GOLDBERG: We don't think it's
3	important, but we have an opposition we filed
4	yesterday that we'd be happy to give as well if that's
5	important to this panel.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. See that is a
7	live one. Yes, Ms. Miller.
8	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want to
9	get sure on this. I thought that you said Exhibit 2
10	showed that that it was originally approved by DCRA
11	for zoning.
12	MR. GOLDBERG: Exhibit 1 would show that
13	actually.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: It's Exhibit 1.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
16	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Where in Exhibit
17	1 does it show that?
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Sure. Take a look at the
19	first page. Second box, zoning, 10/11/03. You got to
20	the right-hand column. It says approved. There's a
21	check.
22	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Oh, okay. Okay.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: You can actually go on the
24	website
25	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Yes.

1	MR. GOLDBERG: at this point for DCRA
2	and building permits and you actually see it says
3	approved for zoning there. It even as of Friday,
4	it did and it's an exhibit to the brief and the
5	related case that you'll see if we submit that.
6	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
7	MR. GOLDBERG: Sure.
8	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Is there a
9	signature that goes with this that you see on there?
10	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Mr. Reynolds advised
11	that, you know, reviewer these are the initials
12	that were done by the intake person.
1 0	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: And the
13	
14	reviewer, do you know who that is?
	reviewer, do you know who that is? MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the
14	_
14 15	MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the initials.
14 15 16	MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the initials.
14 15 16 17	MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the initials. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
14 15 16 17	MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the initials. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank you.
14 15 16 17 18	MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the initials. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Hildebrand.
14 15 16 17 18 19	MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the initials. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Hildebrand. COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: At several
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. GOLDBERG: He doesn't recognize the initials. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank you. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Hildebrand. COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: At several points in during your submission of information,

capacity. What is the applicability of that language?

Where does it come from?

MR. GOLDBERG: It goes back to last year and I'm not sure I recall where it is. I did have a hand in that language. It may deal with this major action issue and I can find that answer. I don't know off the top of my head what it goes back to.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Is it --

MR. GOLDBERG: It maybe a test that's in -- that's in the statute and perhaps that the part of the statute not specific to a waste -- solid waste facility.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: It's not in the zoning. It's not in -- it's not zoning language. It's language from somewhere else.

MR. GOLDBERG: That's -- that's correct. It's not zoning language.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. It appears on page five, Mr. Hildebrand. As -- as I was looking at that which it's an excellent question, it says more than ten percent per year of the facilities max manual capacity as indicated in any applicable solid waste facility permit. Is that where the language comes from?

MR. GOLDBERG: There's a -- there's a test of that sort out there. We don't -- just to clarify,

1	I mean, you know, we filed our appeal based on the
2	issue of whether it's an enlargement or not. We don't
3	think the issue of the EIS is there's been no
4	decision made. We're were it's not a ripe issue to
5	be appealed.
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. Right.
7	MR. GOLDBERG: So, we're not pursuing
8	that.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And we would tend to
10	agree, but I think it's an excellent point to clarify
11	what we're looking at in terms of because, you
12	know, zoning often does deal with the increase in
13	intensity of use, but certainly that's not the case of
14	what you are relying on.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: No.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: This ten percent
17	MR. GOLDBERG: It's an EIS issue.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Exactly.
19	MR. GOLDBERG: Right. Which we don't
20	actually think is even a relevant issue for this
21	panel, but
22	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. I would tend
23	to agree. Okay. Anything else?
24	MR. GOLDBERG: No.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good questions.

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1	Anything else from this end? Very well. Let's call
2	let's get to the witnesses then unless did you
3	have something?
4	MR. GOLDBERG: No.
5	MS. BELL: Yes, actually, the government
6	would like to make preliminary comments with regard to
7	the Federal action and I I
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Preliminary
9	comments?
10	MS. BELL: Yes.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Why don't we wait
12	until we hear from their witnesses? Wouldn't that be
13	more pertinent?
14	MS. BELL: Well, it might be helpful for
15	the Board to know that there is a parallel action
16	going on right now on the same issues that are before
17	the Board.
18	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Oh, dear. Why would
19	that help us?
20	MS. BELL: Well, if I could continue.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I don't know. Well,
22	okay. I know what the lawyer's going to say. Hey,
23	look down at the other end. I don't I don't want a
24	legal the Board's opinion. Do we want to get into
25	this? How all right. Let's any objection to

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1	MR. GOLDBERG: Yes, well, yes, it wasn't
2	filed as a motion. It's not procedurally before.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
4	MR. GOLDBERG: And obviously, we're going
5	to disagree with what she said and everything she has
6	said.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let me ask you this
8	quickly. Would it preclude us from from continuing
9	today? Our knowledge or or any action outside of
10	this appeal.
11	MS. BELL: Well, I think if we take the
12	facts as presented by ETW in the Federal action,
13	arguably, there would be no reason for this proceeding
14	to go forward.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, then that
16	it sounds like a good a good presentation
17	of your case perhaps or cross, but I don't see it as a
18	preliminary it would essentially
19	MS. BELL: Okay.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: be a preliminary
21	motion at this point.
22	MS. BELL: All right.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, I'm not sure
24	what direction it's taking.
25	Let's run through this. This seems to be
- 1	1

1	pretty quick.
2	MS. BELL: Okay.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We're getting
4	through this on great speed. I should call the entire
5	crew from the other one back. We'll take our dinner
6	break and get to them shortly, but then we'll get to
7	you and perhaps it's appropriate cross or even case
8	presentation. Let's go ahead.
9	MR. GOLDBERG: Oh, thank you. You know,
10	depending on what the the Board would like to do
11	and what the court reporter would be willing to do,
12	we'd even be willing to bring up both Rob and and
13	Mark at this time because there is sort of a a
14	little bit of him and a little bit of Rob.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let's go. It's your
16	it's your
17	MR. GOLDBERG: So, why don't we do that?
18	Right.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: table, your
20	panel.
21	MR. GOLDBERG: I think it would go a
22	little quicker. Right.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You bring up
24	whoever. If it's best for you not to ask some
25	questions they can answer very expeditiously, that's

1	great. If you're going to set them off to give their
2	presentation, whichever you prefer.
3	MR. GOLDBERG: Could you both state your
4	names for the record?
5	MR. REYNOLDS: My name is Mark Reynolds.
6	MR. SOCHOVKA: Robert Sochovka.
7	MR. GOLDBERG: And Mr. Reynolds, where do
8	you work?
9	MR. REYNOLDS: Durable Steel Structures.
10	MR. GOLDBERG: What is that company?
11	MR. REYNOLDS: It's a general contractor
12	pre-engineered metal building.
13	MR. GOLDBERG: And where are you based?
14	MR. REYNOLDS: Baltimore.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: And what's the relationship
16	with Eastern Trans Waster?
17	MR. REYNOLDS: Contractual agreement to
18	renovate their existing structure.
19	MR. GOLDBERG: And when did you enter into
20	that agreement?
21	MR. REYNOLDS: 2003.
22	MR. GOLDBERG: And tell us about the
23	structure as you came upon it with respect to your
24	the work that you were going to do?
25	MR. REYNOLDS: The existing structure has

snow damage from the year 2000 on the roof. Now, this
building's a large facility. It's 53,000 square feet.
It's mostly a metal building, pre-engineered
structural steel and there's a small portion of it
that's conventional structure which means it's bar-
joisted, brick and wood, metal.
That portion of it is the portion that's
damage. The roof has holes in it. The structural
steel has instability to it.
We looked at repairing it compared to
replacing some of the steel. We've done all the
evaluations. So, the small portion of the
conventional building needs to be restored. The
existing bathrooms and a lunchroom are old and in
disrepair. On the set of plans, we have included
replacing and repairing those facilities.
MR. GOLDBERG: What about the trade scale?
What is that and what were you going to do?
MR. REYNOLDS: The trade scale is old. It
is
MR. GOLDBERG: What's it used for?
MR. REYNOLDS: It is used to weigh the
trucks going in the facility.
MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. So, what were you
going to do with the trade scale?

	MR. REINOLDS: We were going to replace
2	the existing weigh scale and provide one additional
3	one.
4	MR. GOLDBERG: And could you explain if
5	you know or, Mr. Sochovka, which I will get right at
6	some point, what the purpose of the and I'll invite
7	you to chime in, the purpose of the new scale was?
8	MR. REYNOLDS: Well, the purpose of the
9	new scale was the existing scale there's only one
10	scale for the facility. The scale frequently breaks
11	down and it is a requirement that the trucks get
12	weighed and with the one scale breaking down, it was
13	stopping operations. So, we were going to put in two
14	weight scales.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: Were you involved in
16	preparing the permit application?
17	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Could you take a look at
19	Exhibit 1 and tell us if that is the application and
20	quickly run through what that is?
21	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I filled out and
22	and entered this building permit as it is exhibited in
23	section one.
24	MR. GOLDBERG: What's what's going on
25	in the first page and I'll ask you to specifically

1	refer to any approvals that were given and what agency
2	gave those approvals.
3	MR. REYNOLDS: The during the submittal
4	process, I went to the front counter and did all the
5	preliminary paperwork. The intake person, I believe
6	his name was Tony
7	MR. GOLDBERG: What agency?
8	MR. REYNOLDS: It was with the Building
9	Permits Department.
10	MR. GOLDBERG: DCRA?
11	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.
12	MR. REYNOLDS: We I filled out all the
13	required paperwork, provided all the documentation,
14	submitted it. At that point, it went through the
15	process of of being distributed and reviewed by
16	their agencies within the
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. I think we
18	can get through.
19	MR. REYNOLDS: Okay.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We're pretty
21	familiar and you don't have to
22	MR. REYNOLDS: Fine.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: That's fine.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: have everything
25	introduced.

1	MR. GOLDBERG: Good.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We've accepted all
3	this as submissions.
4	MR. GOLDBERG: That's good.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: So, he doesn't have
6	to identify it all.
7	MR. GOLDBERG: I appreciate that.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Clearly, you're
9	going into the fact of what we've already established
10	that it went through Zoning and was approved by the
11	reviewer. Is that correct?
12	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14	MR. GOLDBERG: That's very well. Okay.
15	If you could turn to the page with respect to the work
16	that was going to be done, the contract agreement. Is
17	that a contract that was entered into with this page
18	here? It's part of Exhibit 1. What is that document?
19	MR. REYNOLDS: That is a government form
20	that I had to fill out for as part of the permit
21	application. It's called the contract agreement.
22	MR. GOLDBERG: Does that describe the
23	proposed work here?
24	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, it does.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: In the middle of the page.

1	Okay. Then what let me ask you the next page
2	where it says official use only. What's going on
3	there? DCRA reviewer.
4	MR. REYNOLDS: At that point, a DCRA
5	reviewer had signed off. A statement. It was for
6	official use only. Environmental impact screening
7	form required. It was marked off no. Signed off by a
8	DCRA reviewer and it was dated 10/10 or '03.
9	MR. GOLDBERG: So, what was the initial
10	decision of DCRA with respect to whether an EISF was
11	needed?
12	MR. REYNOLDS: No, it was not.
13	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Now, tell me about
14	the next page quickly. What's going on here? The
15	check marks yes and no.
16	MR. REYNOLDS: Okay. This one was an
17	intake form. Going over the existing structure.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Why did you check number
19	seven? Is that your check mark?
20	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, it is.
21	MR. GOLDBERG: And why did you check that?
22	MR. REYNOLDS: Because it was solely an
23	interior renovation with no change of use or capacity
24	of the structure being renovated.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: Is that true?

1	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, it is.
2	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. And let's go
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Just for our
4	clarification, the the intake form. We're looking
5	at the first page. It's says over and then it
6	actually goes to the second page which is behind the
7	first page in in my bound copy. Is that everyone's
8	understanding? Okay.
9	MR. REYNOLDS: It would probably be
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Just so we don't get
11	mixed up.
12	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Can I ask a
13	question?
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes, Mr. Hildebrand.
15	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Is it my
16	understanding that you weren't changing any of the
17	structure of the building? None of the roof joists
18	were being changed? None of the exterior skin?
19	MR. REYNOLDS: No, the exterior the
20	roof joists were being changed and some of the steel
21	was modified as it was listed in the permit
22	application here as well as the drawings.
23	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: So, it's not
24	purely an interior renovation where you're just
25	changing partitions and you're you're affecting the

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1	building structure.
2	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, but I don't think that
3	question asked if I was changing the building
4	structure.
5	MR. GOLDBERG: He was referring to
6	question seven.
7	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.
8	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Was question seven
9	accurately answered?
10	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. Yes, I believe it
11	was.
12	MR. GOLDBERG: Why is that?
13	MR. REYNOLDS: Because it wasn't changing
14	the capacity. It said the structure capacity of
15	the structure being renovated. It's not it was
16	just repairing the existing.
17	MR. GOLDBERG: Was it changing the use?
18	MR. REYNOLDS: No, it was not.
19	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Mark, could you go
20	on then to the page that has your affidavit in it?
21	Environmental Health Administration construction
22	permit application supplemental form. Environmental
23	question.
24	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: What is this document?

MR. REYNOLDS: This was another form to be filled out during the permit application phase. 2 3 MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. And then the next 4 page. That's -- it's DIS. So, we're going to go 5 over. MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. Okay. Okay. 6 MR. GOLDBERG: Right. 8 MR. REYNOLDS: Okay. Next page. 9 MR. GOLDBERG: Same -- same language about 10 the -- no EISF form? 11 MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, this is the one where they said no -- no, EISF form was required. 12 13 MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. So, Mr. Reynolds, what happened after the -- this was submitted in 14 15 October of 2003, What happened after that? MR. REYNOLDS: It came to I believe it was 16 17 in January of '04. I had been following and -- and 18 updating and tracking the permit phase. I went to the 19 permit counter. Tony was there. He was -- he said that I needed to supply a sediment control plan and 20 Tony and I were -- I was at words with him a little 21 22 bit because a sediment control plan, this is all interior work. There's no exterior. There's no rain 23 to be involved. How are you going to involve a 24

sediment control plan with interior renovations?

MR. GOLDBERG: Did you end up submitting 2 such a plan? 3 MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I did. MR. GOLDBERG: Why was that? 5 MR. REYNOLDS: Because I could proceed any farther without it. So, yes, I did design something although it seemed ridiculous to me at the time. 8 went out and had -- because I had to have my engineer 9 sign and seal it. So, of course, it's -- it's all 10 relevant to expense, but I went ahead and did it 11 rather than fighting the system. I went ahead and provide -- provided a sediment control plan for an 12 interior renovation. 13 14 MR. GOLDBERG: And did you get the permit 15 at that point? MR. REYNOLDS: No, because when I supplied 16 17 the -- when I was supplying that, he came up with 18 another form that Ι had to take to the health A whole different building. 19 department. Another department needed to sign off on it. 20 MR. GOLDBERG: Did you do that? 21 22 MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I did that. was at the counter, Tony told me because we were --23 even after supplying and he said okay, you go off to 24 25 the health department and get this signed off with.

Т	I'm going to take care of this particular problem
2	which was the which was the sediment control plan.
3	So, I went up to the health department and
4	the health department within that hour signed off and
5	I went back to Tony's department.
6	MR. GOLDBERG: And but, obviously, you
7	didn't get the permit still. So, what happened next?
8	MR. REYNOLDS: So, Tony was seemed a
9	little startled that I came back and he had me sit on
10	the side for a little while and
11	MR. GOLDBERG: Did the issue of the EIS
12	come up then at some point?
13	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, the EIS did.
14	MR. GOLDBERG: Why don't you go into that
15	briefly?
16	MR. REYNOLDS: He he introduced me to
17	to let me think of her name here.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Ms. Bennet?
19	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, Ms. Bennet.
20	MR. GOLDBERG: Lorraine Bennet. Okay.
21	MR. REYNOLDS: Lorraine Bennet and
22	Lorraine Bennet had actually
23	MR. GOLDBERG: Was this in December or
24	January?
25	MR. REYNOLDS: This is in

1	MR. GOLDBERG: Around that time?
2	MR. REYNOLDS: Around that time. Yes.
3	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay.
4	MR. REYNOLDS: I don't have the exact
5	date. The first meeting I was postponed and had to
6	come back to see Lorraine Bennet because I didn't get
7	any she wasn't available. So, I came back three
8	days later and Lorraine Bennet sat me down in her
9	office and explained to me that there's a a law
10	that she never knew about before and that the laws are
11	listed in here. That we have to do that that
12	there's this is a major modification as it's listed
13	in the law and that further
14	MR. GOLDBERG: Was this was this a
15	reference to what's in Exhibit 2 in that letter? Is
16	that what she was referring to?
17	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. Yes.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay.
19	MR. REYNOLDS: And then she gave the back-
20	up laws to recite that.
21	MR. GOLDBERG: And then at some point, you
22	got the letter that is Exhibit 2 from Denzel Noble?
23	MR. REYNOLDS: Actually, Rob got that. It
24	wasn't sent to me, but Rob received it I believe.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Then Rob, why don't

you tell us about that?

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Right. MR. SOCHOVKA: Right around January when Mark had the conversations with Lorraine and we weren't getting our permits, I took it upon myself to even give Lorraine a call to find out what was going on and she basically reiterated what she had told Mark of this regulation and Environmental Policy Act Title 8 D.C. Code 109.11 about referencing a substantial modification. At which point, she wasn't clearly sure whether that related to us or not. that point here, we requested a meeting and it would be, you know, to see if we can sit down and talk to them to find out about this code.

MR. GOLDBERG: Did you have such a meeting?

MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, we did. On January -- on -- after we got the letter on January 15th, we requested a meeting and a letter was sent to them requesting that meeting and on January 27th, 2004, the meeting actually took place at the offices of DCRA.

In our letter to DCRA from their January 12th letter was asking the question what qualifies the project as a substantial modification? What is an EIS? Who performs it? Who approves it? And then we had another question. Can restoration of the facility

1	continue on whether this EIS was going?
2	MR. GOLDBERG: And at the meeting on the
3	27th of January, was the EIS issue resolved or dealt
4	with in any way?
5	MR. SOCHOVKA: No, the meeting that took
6	place on January 27th lasted about a total of three
7	minutes.
8	MR. GOLDBERG: What happened?
9	MR. SOCHOVKA: We sat down at the meeting.
10	It was myself and Mr. Reynolds, Lorraine Bennet,
11	Denzel Noble and I believe legal counsel. I don't
12	recall her name, but I believe it was Theresa Lewis.
13	MR. GOLDBERG: And Mr. Noble is with DCRA?
14	MR. SOCHOVKA: That is correct.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: And what what did they
16	say?
17	MR. SOCHOVKA: Basically came in. Like I
18	said a short meeting. He said we have good news for
19	you. We are reconsidering your application and we
20	should have you a letter by that Friday with our
21	determination and we took it upon ourselves. Okay.
22	We'll wait until Friday until you reconsider our
23	application.
24	MR. GOLDBERG: And then what's the next
25	thing that happened?

1	MR. SOCHOVKA: Friday came, the 30th and
2	we haven't heard from we did not hear from DCRA for
3	through January, February, and into March. They
4	replied to us.
5	MR. GOLDBERG: And what happened in March?
6	Did you guys make a new submittal?
7	MR. SOCHOVKA: In March in March of
8	2004, we were instructed internally to go ahead with
9	the EISF. At which point, we started the myself
10	and Mark started the documentation and putting
11	together the information to submit an EISF.
12	MR. GOLDBERG: And is Exhibit 3 then what
13	was submitted by Mr. Reynolds?
14	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, Exhibit yes, it was
15	and it was submitted on March 30th, 2004. It's
16	Exhibit 3.
17	MR. GOLDBERG: And, Mr. Reynolds, did you
18	take the lead in preparing the EISF?
19	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I did.
20	MR. GOLDBERG: What did you how did you
21	go about doing that?
22	MR. REYNOLDS: Well, I was handed a a
23	governmental form to fill out. Now, as it's submitted
24	here, the first page is actually a cover sheet.
25	Explained what it is, who prepared it, and and

MR. GOLDBERG: Tell us about the last two paragraphs on the second page of Exhibit 3. Why did you put that there and -- and what -- what were you conveying? These two paragraphs.

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I was just reading it.

I was -- in my conclusion, I was reemphasizing that
this is not a major renovation. This is a simple,
small project.

MR. GOLDBERG: Why did you put the language in there about what will be entailed in the construction phase and what would be entailed in the operational phase?

MR. REYNOLDS: Because they had that listed specifically and very carefully in the documentation that they gave me.

1	MR. GOLDBERG: And what what message
2	were you trying to convey with this language?
3	MR. REYNOLDS: That it will not change the
4	existing conditions.
5	MR. GOLDBERG: And is that, in fact, what
6	was intended? That there would be no change in
7	personnel or vehicles after the work was done?
8	MR. REYNOLDS: That is correct.
9	MR. GOLDBERG: And who were the additional
10	folks going to be during construction phase? Who was
11	going to hire them?
12	MR. REYNOLDS: My own my own people.
13	My own crews and my own work vehicles. During the
14	construction phase only.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: There are if we go
16	through the form there, pages five for example, pages
17	six, pages primarily five and six there's phrases
18	project will not alter or change existing conditions.
19	Do you see that language you use there?
20	MR. REYNOLDS: Under page five, number
21	six, yes.
22	MR. GOLDBERG: It's also on number seven,
23	number
24	MR. REYNOLDS: Um-hum.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: seven there.

1	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I do.
2	MR. GOLDBERG: Number eight as well. What
3	did you mean by that?
4	MR. REYNOLDS: Well, reading the question,
5	it was asking this form was asking questions
6	relative to a new construction project. Not an
7	existing construction project. So, I wanted to
8	reiterate throughout this form that this is not a new
9	project. It doesn't consist of wetlands or existing
10	topos or anything that new construction, new
11	utilities. All the way through this form, it directed
12	you to new projects. Nothing relative to an existing
13	project.
14	So, I was trying to reiterate all the way
15	through here. This has nothing relative to a new
16	project. It is existing and it is staying as it is.
17	MR. GOLDBERG: Then it's either one of
18	you. Could you tell us about the government's
19	response to the EISF?
20	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, when we submitted the
21	EISF, we had some correspondence back and forth with
22	DCRA to the point that the 19 agencies that supposedly
23	got our EISF that we would need to answer any
24	questions and respond to those questions and to my
25	knowledge here, the only responses that we did have

1	was from the Department of Health who had earlier
2	signed off that an EISF was not needed.
3	So, during the period through May or March
4	30th through June or July, we had gone back and forth
5	with various correspondence to Department of Health to
6	satisfy their questions and answer their questions.
7	The DCRA would not act until they received
8	comments back from all 19 agencies and it seemed to be
9	that the Department of Health was the last one holding
10	up any response from DCRA between they went forward
11	with anything.
12	MR. GOLDBERG: Was there a meeting on
13	September 23rd at DCRA regarding the permit
14	application?
15	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, there was.
16	MR. GOLDBERG: Who was present at the
17	meeting?
18	MR. SOCHOVKA: That would be myself, Mark
19	Reynolds, Mr. Goldberg, Denzel Noble, and Lorraine
20	Bennet.
21	MR. GOLDBERG: And what happened during
22	the meeting?
23	MR. SOCHOVKA: We basically requested the
24	meeting to sit down, say okay, all the information is
25	and we do know that you got a response letter back

from Department of Health. Where are we with us receiving our permits? They had all the information 2 3 that -- that came back. At that meeting, they had supplied us a --5 a May 3rd from the Office of Planning. MR. GOLDBERG: Is that Exhibit 5? 6 MR. SOCHOVKA: That would be Exhibit 5. 8 MR. GOLDBERG: And is that something you 9 had seen prior to September 23rd? 10 MR. SOCHOVKA: No, all the correspondence 11 from the other agencies, none of that correspondence ever came back to us. It went directly to DCRA. 12 13 this May 3rd letter was -- the first time that we got notice of this was at the September 23rd meeting. 14 MR. GOLDBERG: If you could take a look at 15 Exhibit 5 for a moment in the third paragraph. 16 The 17 Office of Planning in this states after memo 18 completion of the renovation project, approximately 19 employees with between three to five ten new additional vehicles will be added to the site. Do you 20 see that language? 21 22 MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, I do. MR. GOLDBERG: Is that language accurate? 23 MR. SOCHOVKA: No, that is incorrect. 24 MR. GOLDBERG: And why is that? 25

1	MR. SOCHOVKA: Well, it clearly
2	demonstrated through the EISF and also through various
3	inspectors from the Department of Health, would
4	question whether there was going to be an enlargement
5	to the facility or expansion of the facility, that
6	there was not going to be.
7	So, between the EISF and various
8	inspections from various agencies, it was clearly
9	denoted that there would not be any expansion or any
10	enlargement of the facility.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: And was the the error
12	brought to the attention of the DCRA during the
13	September 23rd meeting?
14	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, it was.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: And what was the response
16	and by whom?
17	MR. SOCHOVKA: Through through Denzel,
18	the response was that we would have to proceed through
19	the Office of Zoning to appeal the process because it
20	was pretty much already ruled upon. So, there wasn't
21	anything that DCRA was going to do at that point until
22	we cleared up the matter with the zoning.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: And did DCRA give you any
24	indication as to what their next step would be in the

process?

1	MR. SOCHOVKA: They they reserved the
2	right to obviously, once we went through and got
3	the through the next step of the zoning, that they
4	would reserve whether to to rule on whether an
5	environmental impact statement would be done. Would
6	be needed.
7	MR. GOLDBERG: Could you take a look at
8	Exhibit I believe it's Exhibit 10. An October
9	12th, 2004 memo addressed to you. Is that right?
10	MR. SOCHOVKA: That is correct.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: Is that about the time you
12	received that memo?
13	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes.
14	MR. GOLDBERG: And it refers to in the
15	first paragraph to a letter of referral to the Board
16	of Zoning Adjustment. Do you see that? It says sent
17	under separate cover.
18	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, I do.
19	MR. GOLDBERG: Was that any such
20	document attached to this October 12th memo?
21	MR. SOCHOVKA: No, it was not.
22	MR. GOLDBERG: And prior to today, did you
23	see or receive from DCRA such a document?
24	MR. SOCHOVKA: No, I have not.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. What about the

second and the third provision? What was -- was that consistent with what as said at the September 23rd meeting?

MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, the second statement, it was part of the meeting. It was just to the point of, you know, what -- what can we do to go forward? Ιf there's something that's holding application, what are we allowed to do or what can we submit to clarify this or to correct this and we had asked them to state, you know, what -- what we can do and what we cannot do and this is their response back to us saying that if we did modify or change anything, that it would be -- it would be considered.

MR. GOLDBERG: And what about the third point, bullet point on this document?

SOCHOVKA: We just wanted it MR. Because after about a year of going through these various tasks of having to go through all these agencies and -- and -- and who's received the EISF and who's on board and who's not on board, we just wanted a statement from DCRA that they did receive all clarifications from the 19 agencies, that they got back their response and basically, if there was any -anybody had any problems with the response --

MR. GOLDBERG: And were you advised either

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1	in this memo or otherwise of any environmental issue
2	that had been raised by any agency?
3	MR. SOCHOVKA: No.
4	MR. GOLDBERG: And, Mr. Reynolds, let me
5	have you take a look at Exhibit 3. I'm sorry.
6	Exhibit 4. And I'll ask you both, when's the first
7	time that you either one of you saw Exhibit 4?
8	MR. SOCHOVKA: For me, it was today.
9	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
10	MR. REYNOLDS: Today.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. So, you were not
12	provided separately with a copy of this from the DCRA?
13	Is that correct?
14	MR. SOCHOVKA: No.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: And is the statement in
16	here the reference in paragraph one to the proposed
17	work as an enlargement correct?
18	MR. SOCHOVKA: No, it is not.
19	MR. REYNOLDS: No.
20	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. And why is that?
21	MR. SOCHOVKA: Well, it's clearly stated
22	in previous testimony we are not enlarging our
23	facility. The facilities remain the same size and we
24	are in conforming use.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Nothing further.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Good. Question, Mr. Etherly.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you very much, Mr. Chair. That was -- that was a very helpful kind of walk through. I want to hit a couple of real specific things because I think for me at least this is a relatively simple inquiry and I want DCRA to listen closely because hopefully their presentation will address some of these questions.

I -- I think the -- the outline here very quickly is one I just want to run briefly, rapid fire machine gun through the proposed work. I think the simple question with respect to the work is do any of these changes afford the appellant an opportunity to expand their operations?

So, I'm going to run very quickly through page four of your submissions. The -- the statement essentially that outlines what you described in the EISF and then I'm going to run very quickly through the DOH issues. Because I think for me those are kind of the outstanding pieces.

So, page four of the pre-hearing statement outlines what you described in the EISF as the project description. With respect to the weigh scale, I think that's fairly straightforward to me. You need to --

1	you need to implement, place a new scale in because
2	the existing the scale was was constantly breaking
3	down. Correct?
4	MR. REYNOLDS: That is correct.
5	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Was that new scale
6	could it be described as being larger or
7	fundamentally different from the existing scale that
8	it was replacing and whoever would be appropriate to
9	answer that?
10	MR. REYNOLDS: Possibly more modernized as
11	to being able to weigh waste correctly.
12	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes, it would
13	MR. REYNOLDS: I don't know. I mean just
14	nothing major.
15	MR. SOCHOVKA: Technically more
16	modernized, but essentially the same the same size.
17	MEMBER ETHERLY: Does it gotcha. But,
18	does it allow me to move trucks in faster because it
19	is more modern?
20	MR. SOCHOVKA: No.
21	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. You're then
22	introducing a backup scale. A little bit of education
23	about the industry. Is it typical for facilities of
24	this type to have a backup scale?
25	MR. SOCHOVKA: It's typical for the

1	facility to have two scales.
2	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
3	MR. SOCHOVKA: But, yes, for the simple
4	reason that you do have one if one goes down.
5	MEMBER ETHERLY: Was it ever your
6	intention to have both of these scales operating
7	simultaneously? Such that you could where you used
8	to be able to simply have trucks come through on one
9	scale, by introducing a second scale into the
10	facility, was it your intent to use those two scales
11	at the same time so you could have two trucks coming
12	through at the same time being weighed?
13	MR. SOCHOVKA: I think our intention was
14	that we would use two scales. Not to have two come in
15	at the same time, but maybe to have one go out as one
16	came in.
17	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. So, conceivably or
18	arguably, that could enable you to move a little
19	faster through the trucks that are coming through.
20	MR. REYNOLDS: As long as
21	MR. SOCHOVKA: Well, no, because it still
22	takes us time. We're only allowed so much space in
23	the facility.
24	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
25	MR. SOCHOVKA: So, whether we brought in

three trucks, those three trucks are still going to take the same amount of time. 2 3 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. MR. SOCHOVKA: So, it's not going to 5 really. MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. With respect to 6 the repair or replacement of the existing structural 8 steel, is that -- was that essentially just replacing 9 what was there or were you adding anything new in the 10 way of structural steel? 11 MR. REYNOLDS: Replacing what was there. MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Nothing new being 12 introduced in terms of structural steel? 13 14 MR. REYNOLDS: No. 15 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. We talked about the existing weight scale. The existing roof 16 structure. Similarly, snow storm damage. Were you 17 doing anything or adding anything new to the roof 18 19 structure other than simply replacing or repairing it? 20 MR. REYNOLDS: No, replacing just the -it's damaged. 21 22 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. And then similarly 23 with respect to the existing siding, concrete floor, and overhead doors, replacing or -- replacing damaged 24 25 doors or equipment.

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Or objects so to speak.

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. With respect to the existing scale house and bathrooms, services need replacement, once again defined as -- according to your testimony, would you define that as simply modernization as opposed to -- well, that's kind of the obvious question, but simple modernization is how you would characterize that?

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. Yes.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Let me just then to what is Exhibit Number 6 if I could in the -- in the pre-hearing brief of the appellant. Exhibit Number 6 is a July 14th letter from DCRA and in particular references the D.C. Department of Health's expression of a number of concerns and I want to hit what I think were two -- the two essential part of the DOH argument.

First was the issue of the -- the -- if I understood correctly, the Air Quality Divisions visit to the site on June 4th. There were specific reference to the fact that there was -- they felt that their visit revealed that there was going to be the demolition of existing rooms and walls inside the

facility and that that demolition would lead to your ability to expand the capacity to store trash. 2 reading -- paraphrasing 3 Okay. I'm 4 somewhat from the paragraph that falls under Air 5 Quality Division (AQD) on the letter dated July 14th at Exhibit Number 6. You see that letter in front of 6 you? 8 MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. Yes. 9 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. You disagree with 10 that -- you disagreed with that characterization. 11 MR. REYNOLDS: Yes, I do. MEMBER ETHERLY: Correct? 12 13 MR. REYNOLDS: Yes. 14 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Was there a 15 demolition of existing rooms and walls inside the facility that would result in the creation of a larger 16 open area space? 17 18 MR. REYNOLDS: No, there is not. 19 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. 20 MR. REYNOLDS: Because the -- the -- the plans show that the same goes right back up to where 21 22 the existing is. Okay. 23 MEMBER ETHERLY: So, factually, they were -- AQD was incorrect in characterizing the 24 25 planned work in that way?

MR. REYNOLDS: That's correct.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Secondly, the Water Quality Division continuing in the same letter references the addition of an underground storage tank and felt that -- that could -- I think the -- the inference was that that could lead additionally to the expansion perhaps in some -- in some capacity of the facility. You also disagreed with that characterization. Correct?

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Why would the introduction -- why was the introduction of an underground storage tank necessary? Because there wasn't -- be sure I'm clear. There was not a UST on site before. Correct?

MR. SOCHOVKA: Right. What we did is we worked with Water Quality on -- on their issues that were -- that you have brought to our attention here. The underground storage tank was originally put in there -- in the reference of what happens in most of these structures is when trucks come in in inclement weather whether it be snow or rain, they usually get onto the scale and that liquid, that snow melt, that rain melt usually falls on the scale and sits there and if it gets any freeze/thaw action, it causes

1	damage to your scale.
2	So, the tank was introduced. It is a
3	modern facility to have a storage tank to collect that
4	and then obviously have to dispose of that to a to
5	a waste water treatment plant and we have the proper
6	permits that you would have would need to dispose
7	of that. So, that was the introduction to that.
8	The way we resolved it with Water Quality
9	was one, we just took the tank and we moved it above
10	ground and that was our response to Water Quality and
11	worked through that.
12	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. And essentially
13	all of your responses are then outlined in the letter
14	that is dated July 28th behind Exhibit Number 7.
15	Correct?
16	MR. SOCHOVKA: That is correct to a point.
17	Because there was other comments that we had to go in
18	after July 28th that we had to address.
19	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. They were specific
20	to DOH?
21	MR. SOCHOVKA: Specific to DOH.
22	MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.
23	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.
24	MR. SOCHOVKA: Yes.
25	MEMBER ETHERLY: And then moving to

Exhibit Number 11, Exhibit Number 11 which Noble from Office memorandum to Mr. the of Enforcement, Compliance, and Environmental Justice dated September 14th, does that represent the -- the final communication that you are aware of from DOH that expresses the satisfactory resolution in their opinion of those outstanding issues? MR. SOCHOVKA: That is correct.

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Thank you. That completes my questions, Mr. Chair.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Any other questions from the Board?

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I think obviously a key word in this case is expansion and I think you articulated very well with respect to the physical structure, how you were not expanding, but you were fixing things and doing internal renovations and I'm wondering with respect to your operations, given the nature of your business, how it would be evidenced that you were expanding your operations in general? What would -- what would you be doing if -- if you had an expansion?

MR. REYNOLDS: I don't think. I'm not part of operations. I don't think --

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1	MR. GOLDBERG: Florance is the best if
2	you wouldn't mind.
3	MR. FLORANCE: No.
4	MR. GOLDBERG: You may have Mr. Florance.
5	Is that okay?
6	MR. FLORANCE: My name is Dave Florance.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Just have a seat.
8	Say it into the microphone. It'll pick it up.
9	MR. FLORANCE: Dave Florance F-L-O-R-A-N-
10	C-E.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: And what's your title?
12	MR. FLORANCE: I'm the Chief Operating
13	Officer for Northeast Waste. We own Eastern Trans
14	Waste of Maryland.
15	In our business, to expand, we would
16	enlarge the buildings. We would put more equipment in
17	and pardon me, more through put.
18	Where it's a little tough to define
19	sometimes in our business is we're we're faced with
20	seasonality. We'll do more waste in July than we do
21	in January just because there's more waste available.
22	I mean it's it's an ever flowing chart.
23	But, an expansion in our in our
24	business as we know it, we would enlarge the footprint
25	of the building which we had no intention in doing and

maybe add a different pedestal where we could outbound more trucks. 2 The volume that comes in, of course, has 3 4 to go out. We don't warehouse or store the material. 5 What we bring in on Monday, we ship out by Monday night and that kind of controls what we can bring in 6 as far as a major influx. Because we have two areas 8 where we load tractor and trailers and that dictates 9 how much we can actually take in the front side and 10 what we can put out the back side. 11 So, if we were going to do an expansion per se, we would enlarge the building, put another 12 13 pedestal in, another set of pit scales where you load maybe two more tractor and trailers and that would 14 15 increase your through put. Our -- our through put does vary slightly 16 based on seasonality. 17 18 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So, none of these improvements or whatever you were doing would 19 affect the volume. Is that correct? 20 MR. FLORANCE: That's -- that's correct, 21 22 but it would -- it would make it a better work place for our employees. 23 MR. SOCHOVKA: And we demonstrated that to 24 the inspectors that came on-site for the simple reason 25

they asked the same question as you did. Because the area that we're looking to -- to renovate, would any waste go in that area and physically, you can't go in that area. It's just basically for storage support facilities that we have in there and our -- and our -- our break room and the bathrooms were located in that area.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Would it affect your efficiency? The improvements that -- that you wanted to make.

MR. FLORANCE: To a point yes.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So, does that efficiency affect the volume then of your work?

MR. FLORANCE: Not substantially. It still doesn't -- I might be able to get it in just a tad bit quicker, but I still can't take in more than I can put out.

MR. SOCHOVKA: The -- the floor space where you tip regulates what you can actually get in there as I said before. Whether I can get three trucks in there quicker than two trucks, they're still going to take the same amount of time to dump.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: So, the trip generation anticipated through the facility you don't see that increasing?

MR. FLORANCE: No more than historic
volumes and like I say, our business it's very
difficult for me to say, you know, we're going to do X
tons everyday five and a half days a week. Because
there's not as much waste available in January as
there is in June. Just historically, volumes drop in
the first quarter. They climb the second. Third is
vacations and the school kids come to the District
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What kind of waste
are you moving through here?
MR. FLORANCE: And then the fourth, they
start to taper pardon me.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What kind of waste
are you moving through here?
MR. FLORANCE: Solid waste and demolition
and construction material.
MR. GOLDBERG: Who are your customers for
example? The class of customers.
MR. FLORANCE: Oh, who we?
MR. GOLDBERG: Not not who they are,
but what in other words, you do you don't do
consumer waste. You do government
MR. FLORANCE: No, I'm sorry. We do
MR. GOLDBERG: and commercial.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You do building

					360
1	materials?				
2		MR. FLORAN	ICE:	Commercial	. Yes,
3	commercial.				
4		CHAIRPERSON	GRIFFIS:	Concrete.	Things of
5	that nature.				
6		MR. FLORANCE	E: No, no	ot that stu	Ef.
7		CHAIRPERSON	GRIFFIS:	None of th	nat stuff.
8		MR. FLORANCE	E: No		
9		CHAIRPERSON	GRIFFIS:	What sort	of stuff?
10		MR. FLORANCE	E: Regula	ar house	
11		CHAIRPERSON	GRIFFIS:	A layperso	on
12		MR. FLORANCE	: reg	gular housel	nold trash.
13		CHAIRPERSON	GRIFFIS:	Right.	
14	:	MR. FLORA	NCE:	And c	onstruction
15	demolition.	You know,	you yo	ou remodel	one of the
16	rooms in your	r home.			
17		CHAIRPERSON	GRIFFIS:	Right.	
18	:	MR. FLORANCE	E: It go	es in a ro	ll out box.
19	It comes to	us.			
20		CHAIRPERSON	GRIFFIS:	Right. O	kay.
21		MEMBER ETHEI	RLY: But	, is that	residential
22	construction	demolition	or would	that also b	e
23		MR. FLORANCI	E: Or it	could be	commercial.
24	To tell you	the truth,	it's rea	lly not	C&D is the
25	is the lo	ogo used in	the busi	ness. It	could come
1	1				

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from a high-rise. It could come from an apartment 2 building. It --MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. And just to come 3 4 back to Mrs. Miller's question and Mr. Hildebrand's 5 question, efficiency's a wonderful word. I mean, you know, those of us in business enjoy that word, but it 6 also perhaps to an extent does suggest well, if you're 8 more efficient, aren't you in turn moving trucks at 9 least faster through that facility and -- and I mean 10 I'm trying to deal with that -- I want to make that 11 logical jump that if you're more efficient, it means you're getting trucks through there. Of course --12 13 MR. FLORANCE: Well, I -- I understand where you're coming from, but this part of 14 15 renovation also in the facility has nothing to do with the current tip floor. 16 17 MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum. 18 MR. FLORANCE: So, we're not going to 19 enlarge our tip floor. We're not going to make it more modern, faster. 20 MEMBER ETHERLY: Gotcha. Do you -- let me 21 22 ask you this. MR. FLORANCE: Sure. 23 MEMBER ETHERLY: Do you look at -- do you 24 on a yearly basis or somehow take a look at what you 25

do in terms of volume? Say can you look back to 2003 through 2001 and here's the volume that I did in the first part of the season and when I know my volume is going to be this and here's what the volume looked like the second part of the season? MR. FLORANCE: I can trend it if that's --MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. MR. FLORANCE: Yes, I have -- I have historical trends. MEMBER ETHERLY: Got you. Do you do any -- do you try to forecast? Okay. You can trend by looking at what happened in the past. Do you also forecast to an extent so --MR. FLORANCE: Oh. MEMBER ETHERLY: -- have you --MR. FLORANCE: Yes, we have an operating budget every year. MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. MR. FLORANCE: Which -- which would be a forward looking forecast of our business for the current fiscal year. MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Does that forecast every year tend to include any type of shall we say increased volume based on your experience familiarity with the business?

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1	MR. FLORANCE: We we always
2	MEMBER ETHERLY: When you forecast, do you
3	try to bump up a little bit?
4	MR. FLORANCE: we always we always
5	try to find not necessarily more volume, but better
6	paying volume.
7	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. So, did you
8	do a forecast for 2004 and 2005?
9	MR. FLORANCE: Oh, absolutely.
10	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. So, let me ask it
11	a better way. Did you do a forecast post
12	construction?
13	MR. FLORANCE: No.
14	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. So, you
15	MR. FLORANCE: I mean I have a I have
16	an idea in my mind.
17	MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Well, let's talk
18	about that idea very briefly. What was your idea post
19	construction?
20	MR. FLORANCE: There's there's a few
21	things there's a few things I like to hit on as far
22	as the post construction. There's some D.C. law that
23	requires that we seal it. We would be able to lock
24	down our building at night.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.

MR. FLORANCE: And one thing we wanted to do was put an overhead door on it so we could do such.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.

MR. FLORANCE: Two-thirds of our floor is in fantastic shape where the operation actually -- the actual transfer happens and there's a -- there's

in fantastic shape where the operation actually -- the actual transfer happens and there's a -- there's another section of our floor that's in disrepair. We need to have a, you know, permeable floor and those were two of the key functions in our permit application.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.

MR. FLORANCE: It had nothing to do on, you know, efficiencies or additional volumes. It had to do with complying with the law and that -- and that was a lot of it, but no, I have -- I have nothing or have no forecast out there that say after this project is done, I'm going to be able to take, you know, another 100 tons a day through my facility.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. Thank you,
Mr. Chair.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: And -- and we -- we were never given plans of the facility. I think we understand that it occupies the entire footprint of your lot. You're not adding new portals into the building in anyway. You're -- you're simply replacing

the ones that are currently damaged?

MR. FLORANCE: That's correct.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: And they're not increasing in size. They're staying the same size.

MR. GOLDBERG: That -- that is also correct and I believe we have a full set of plans here. We didn't make exhibits, but we did say we would bring them and they're here and we're happy to put them up and, you know, it's -- here are the plans. Here's the original package that DCRA sent back to us at the time they the variance. So, we would submit that if that's something that would be helpful to the Board. So, you can have the plans if you want.

MR. FLORANCE: And it would show you our working area versus the construction area. Because actually most of the construction is going to take -- in fact, almost all of it's going to take place outside the actual -- what we refer to as the active tip floor which is simply where the trucks back up two or three abreast, dump their material on the floor. It's pushed to an escalator. It loads into the tractor and trailer that takes it to, you know, a designated subtitle D landfill.

MR. GOLDBERG: Can I hand this over to -- CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Not necessarily.

Т	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: If you put that in,
3	what I'm that's coming into the record. You're not
4	getting that back. What I'd suggest you do is if
5	there is a pertinent document like a site plan, I
6	think that would be the most important thing that we'd
7	need.
8	MR. REYNOLDS: Let me let me go back to
9	the car and get my copy. Because this one's the
10	permit copy.
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I going to need you
12	to be on on the mike.
13	MR. REYNOLDS: This goes through I want
14	this permit copy going back
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I can't have you
16	talking if you're not onto a mike.
17	MR. REYNOLDS: Sorry.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Sorry. We'll we'll
19	submit if we have a plan here. We have an extra
20	copy of sort of the what it was going to look like,
21	the work, if that would be helpful. A floor plan.
22	We'd be happy to submit that.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is that what you'd
24	like? COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Well,
25	I think it as long as I as the applicant has

said on the record that they're not increasing the 2 capacity --CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: If it's easily done, 3 4 let's do it. 5 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: -- to ingress or egress. 6 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: If not, I don't see 8 a -- I think it's understandable though out point. I 9 mean really, the analogy that I'm looking at here is 10 it's kind of like a certificate of occupancy for a 11 building. So, you reconfigured the inside of the building. It -- it wouldn't fundamentally change your 12 13 certificate of occupancy and that's the capacity of people that could go in there. 14 15 Here the square footage of the volume of the facility is limiting the volume waste that they 16 17 can get in and get out and that is the testimony. 18 Right now what we're hearing is that isn't changing. 19 Okay. What else? Any other questions of Yes, Mr. Mann. 20 the Board? MEMBER MANN: I have a question. Perhaps 21 22 you introduced this earlier and maybe I just missed 23 it, but when you were talking about Exhibit 4, can you explain to me what the -- why there's a reference and 24 25 what the reference is to 3202.5.b?

MR. GOLDBERG: I'd have to -- let me take I don't remember. I know that they made a a look. mistake calling this a non-conforming use. So, I know that that 2002.4 is not appropriate. That may relate to that as well. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: 2002.4 goes to nonconforming use. That's understood. MEMBER MANN: Right. Right. But, 3205.5.b is on a different subject entirely. MR. GOLDBERG: Let me -- let me take a I think I have it here. I don't even have it look. here. No, I -- I -- sitting here today, I don't know exactly what that is. I'm sure I looked at it at the time. What -- what is the subject of that? MEMBER MANN: Well, I mean it's briefly summarized right there which is not exactly what it says in the regulations, but it has to do with a Zoning Commission decision on minimum of a а commercial residential CR zone. Well, I mean that particular zone I don't think is actually called out in 3202.5.b, but it's talking about an application filed after the date on a -- on a Zoning Commission decision. It goes on for

several sentences.

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CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, this was probably referring to the -- the overlay. 2 Is that 3 what you're looking at, Mr. --MEMBER MANN: Well, that's why -- well, I 5 don't know. That's why I don't understand why it's referenced in there and perhaps -- perhaps DCRA is in 6 a better position to answer that since they're the 8 ones that originated the -- the letter, but I was just 9 wondering whether or not --10 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, the appellant 11 addressed the timing of the overlay. MR. GOLDBERG: Right. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is that correct, Mr. Goldberg? I forget where that was, but it was going 14 15 to the dates and whether this was actually found to be conforming within the -- within the -- the overlay 16 which we have submitted into the record. 17 18 So, we'll get -- you don't know right off why they would have cited 3205.5.b? 19 20 MR. GOLDBERG: No, I don't. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. 21 Good 22 question, Mr. Mann. Others? Any other questions? No cross? Okay. Then I think we're set for 23 Cross? government presentation. 24 25 Let's take three minutes. Call our

families. Tell them we're going to be late for dinner and then we'll be right back and ready to do --2 (Whereupon, at 6:17 p.m. off the record 3 4 until 6:29 p.m.) 5 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Very well. When you're ready. 6 MS. BELL: Good evening. I actually want 8 to raise one provocative item. We're back to the 9 Federal lawsuit and the reason why I think it's 10 important because what ETW has -- has argued in the Federal action is that the District has acted to --11 intentionally has acted to diminish the value of ETW's 12 13 operation and at this particular facility as a result of the baseball stadium. 14 15 Now, the reason why I think it's important for this particular proceedings is whether or not this 16 Board determines that the modifications are necessary 17 is 18 or that а variance not needed for the 19 modifications, will not affect the productivity or the 20 efficiency of the facility if the facility is actually going to be closed and the property taken as a result 21 of eminent domain proceedings for the new baseball 22

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I still don't understand why we should be concerned with this.

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stadium which is --

1	MS. BELL: Well, for two reasons, what
2	they've as I said, what they've argued and what
3	they've currently argued in in their Federal action
4	is that the District's action and the way that it's
5	handled this particular permit request
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
7	MS. BELL: is part of a plan to
8	diminish the value and capacity of the facility for
9	the purposes
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, I understood
11	what you said.
12	MS. BELL: Oh. Okay.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, it that I
14	would have expected that from the owner, you know,
15	preparing some conspiracy theory of why the
16	government's coming after them. Why are you
17	presenting that side?
18	MS. BELL: Well, not for the purposes of
19	the conspiracy.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I should say not.
21	MS. BELL: Because obviously, there isn't
22	one, but for the purposes of mootness. In other
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23	words, whether or not this this facility can be

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Why?

1	MS. BELL: If the site has been identified
2	by their own admission and their pleadings, the
3	site has been identified
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: The pleadings in
5	this case?
6	MS. BELL: No, the the pleadings they
7	have filed in the Federal action which is
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You're saying that
9	we should we should understand based on
10	MS. BELL: Civil Action Number 0
11	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: based on what
12	you're about to tell us is going on in the Federal
13	level, that there's actually no intention of the
14	appellant in this case to modernize and do the work
15	that they've proposed to do?
16	MS. BELL: At at this point, there is
17	there is none. Now, perhaps maybe when they
18	initially sought the building
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Isn't that an easy
20	question to answer definitively? Can I ask Mr.
21	Goldberg if their if their intention is to conduct
22	this work?
23	MS. BELL: Well, he can't tell you. Well,
24	yes, we can ask him, but he can't tell you whether or
25	not. He can't make an honest representation at this

1	point because the only person or the only entity that
2	can can make a definitive declaration one way or
3	the other would be the baseball stadium organization.
4	MR. GOLDBERG: We disagree.
5	MS. BELL: Now
6	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I absolutely
7	disagree.
8	MS. BELL: Okay.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And, in fact, I
10	don't understand the the whole premise of your
11	comments. If they if they you know, it's an
12	interesting point.
13	MS. BELL: They they believe that
14	taking
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I talked to some
16	Board members about this. If they ask for a permit
17	right now to redo, to to paint and refinish their
18	entire facility, in fact, do it in copper with gold
19	leaf and put a slate roof on
20	MS. BELL: Um-hum.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: if their property
22	is then purchased for some other project, that may
23	well be their money lost, but there's nothing
24	prohibiting them from doing that. Is there?
25	MS. BELL: Well, painting is something

that can happen overnight, but with the changes that -- that they've suggested in -- in this proceeding, 2 it's going to take a period of time. 3 Now, with regard to the -- as I said, with 5 regard to their own representation, they expect the city to -- to -- as a result of eminent domain 6 proceedings take the property and --8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Goldberg, is 9 that what you expect? 10 MR. GOLDBERG: No, the -- the accurate 11 characterization is as follows. We believe that the District assumes they will take the property. 12 Our belief which is even set forth in our 13 -- in the complaint she's referring to in one of the 14 15 paragraphs is that is far from a foregone conclusion. If nothing else, there's an issue as to 16 17 whether the District has eminent domain power at all. 18 It's before the Supreme Court on a related case right The Kelough case. That case may come out and 19 now. say that a similar type of taking is not a public use. 20 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And we're expecting 21 22 to see that remanded to us from the Supreme Court. The point -- the point is 23 MR. GOLDBERG: that we do not --24 25 Leave that for CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS:

another day. Right?

MR. GOLDBERG: Right. The point is that we are not saying okay, yes, we know we'll be gone in two months and that will be that at all. That's not our case. It never was. Nobody knows what the future will bring, but at this point and we can put it on the record if it's helpful, the property is owned. The property owner has been trying for a year and a half to get the permit.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.

MR. GOLDBERG: The property owner still intends to do the work if and when they get the permit.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It seems to me a very clear case as I have in terms of the submission. That look, we have what is come into play as -- as the -- what I used to and still refer to as the Buzzard Point Overlay, the Capitol Gateway Overlay which started years and years ago. Was then set down and now has been adopted into the regulations and how that plays into the existing facility and then this whole request for a permit. That's what's of issue.

I don't -- I don't see where we're going with Federal -- you know, what? Quite frankly in my reading of this I don't see baseball as an issue of

introduction here at all, but help me understand why we'd be going there.

MS. BELL: Well, the only reason I raise it is because whatever decision this Board's makes and, in fact, I'm a little confused because as I understand it from -- from my counterpart, what ETW's arguing is actually that -- that DCRA and -- and the District government is sort of a part of some conspiracy to prevent them from getting a permit to modernize the facility so that the value and output of the facility remains the same at the time of this "taking" which they're now saying potentially may never happen.

I don't quite understand if potentially it may never happen why are they filing a lawsuit? Why they arquing in the Federal court that the District is engaged in an activity that -- that's possibly illegal with regard to this particular So, it's a -- it's a -- it's kind of like a process. They're -- they're sitting here circular argument. saying that they don't believe they're damaged, but they're in the Federal courts that they do believe they're damaged.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Well, Mr. Chair, I'm -- I'm very inclined to -- to -- not inclined. I agree

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with you wholeheartedly. I completely understand
where where Mrs. Bell's argument is coming from and
it it may very well perhaps in the back of their
minds be the appellant's strategy, but I don't
necessarily think that has any import or any
application in this particular proceeding.
If they want to undertake the expenses to
go through this and position themselves so they have
what could be argued a more a more lucrative asset
for consideration of takings if it is determined at

go through this and position themselves so they have what could be argued a more -- a more lucrative asset for consideration of takings if it is determined at some point that the District can do that, you know, then fine so be it, but I -- I just think it's a little to attenuated for us to necessarily try to sort out here.

I'm -- I'm extraordinarily comfortable with continuing to move forward with trying to deal with the questions that are before this body and let whatever else is going to happen in other venues happen.

But, I don't -- I don't see that compromising or troubling --

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Certainly, the Federal suit isn't based only in zoning issues. Is it?

MS. BELL: Well, it's based on -- one of

1	the things it's based on is how this Board finds. If
2	this Board allows them to have a permit and and
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, we often have
4	courts especially Federal level look to us for our
5	decisions.
6	MS. BELL: Well, it
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, outside
8	MS. BELL: well, it would be exhaustion
9	of
10	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: of that
11	MS. BELL: administrative remedies. In
12	other words, they would
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No, understood.
14	Understood.
15	MS. BELL: Okay.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And in all
17	seriousness, I I do believe that things would be
18	based on what we do and that's obviously what we
19	always keep in the back of our mind, but it goes well
20	beyond just this simple zoning issue. Of course, that
21	would be our only jurisdiction.
22	MS. BELL: Um-hum.
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: and so, I'm
24	it's not it's not shocking to me that there might
2.5	be other arguments or other cases presented at a

different forum or -- or especially at the Federal level and I -- just, I guess, just say it again, I think it would be difficult for us to step into listening or understanding some of the arguments that each the government or the property owner is making in another forum in order to inform us for what I see is a very straightforward and -- and frankly very concisely put appeal that we're now looking at.

Ms. Miller.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I just want to make a couple of comments on this.

I mean I think the issue here is pretty simple whether or not DCRA erred in denying the permit and I don't think that that issue is moot yet because of something that the DCRA characterizes as a likely event that the District might take or what might happen.

It hasn't happened yet. So, I think it's still a live dispute and secondly, from the very limited information that we have about what may be pending in another court which was provided by the appellant in Exhibit 12, it says that the District is asking that the claims be dismissed in that court because the issues are local in character and it seems to me that you may be referring to this body which is

1	local in character.
2	So, it doesn't make sense to me that both
3	would be dismissed for opposite reasons.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Anything else?
5	Anybody else?
6	MS. BELL: Okay. We can go forward.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Let's. Yes.
8	MS. BELL: Okay. All right. The two
9	issues then that we see as whether or not the Capitol
10	Overlay is an was an effective zoning
11	reclassification for this particular facility and the
12	second issue is whether or not it's an enlargement.
13	I'm going to ask Mr. Bello to address the
14	issue of the Capitol Gateway Overlay. I understand
15	the appellant has indicated that it is a conforming
16	use as a result of that reclassification.
17	MR. BELLO: Mr. Chair, good evening.
18	Board members.
19	Just for purposes of the record, I wanted
20	to read the definition for non-conforming use. I'm
21	well aware that the Board members are conversant with
22	it, but just for everybody's sake.
23	Section 199.1 defines a non-conforming use
24	as any use of land or of structure or of a structure
25	and land in combination lawfully in existence at the

time that this title or any amendment to title became effective that does not conform to the use provisions for the district in which the use is located.

A use lawfully in existence at the time of the adoption or amendment of this title would thereafter require special exception approval from the Board of Zoning Adjustment shall not be deemed a non-conforming use.

I think the appellant's factual representation is that the Zoning Administrator erred in designing this a non-conforming use. For purposes of the record, the appellant agrees that the current zoning of a property as vested is Capitol Gateway Overlay and also the Commercial Residential Overlay.

So, not only was there an imposition of an overlay district on the subject property, there also was a change, an amendment to the underlying zone.

So, to -- to reach the threshold of non-conformity, one would have to not only look at the impact of the overlay but also of the underlying zone.

Those have been mapped.

Whereas the overlay may consider existing industrial users to be conforming, the underlying zone in this respect prohibits the use and I'll refer you to -- it'll be section 602.1 O -- subsection O, 602.1

subsection O.

602.1 says the following users shall be specifically prohibited in the CR Districts. Subsection O tells us that any use first permitted in the M District is prohibited.

I believe there's consensus that the -the existing use here is a solid waster handling
facility and if we go to the use provisions of the M
District which is what this property used to zoned,
I'll refer you to the section in a minute, section
822.3 and -- and for point of reference, section 822
is special exceptions provisions of the M Districts.

822.3 any establishment to be used as a solid waste handling facility shall be permitted only in accordance with the following requirements. Therefore, the -- the use of -- of a solid waste handling facility is first permitted by special exception in the M zone.

And if you read that in tandem with the underlying CR zone in which the -- a permitted use first permitted in the M District is prohibited, then that makes this use a non-conforming use by definition.

Now, the specific section under which the application has been referred to you which under the

non-conforming provisions and I'd like to read that into the record also. 2 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Are you talking 3 4 about 3205? 5 MR. BELLO: I'm sorry. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: 3205 or 2002 --6 MR. BELLO: No, this -- this will be 2002. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. 9 MR. BELLO: And the subtitle for -- for 10 that section is non-conforming uses within structures. 11 Section 2002 -- 2002.4 reads: Ordinary repairs, alterations or modernizations may be made to a 12 13 structure or portion of a structure devoted to a nonconforming use. Structural alterations shall not be 14 15 allowed except those required by other municipal law or regulations provided the structural alternations 16 17 shall be permitted to a lawfully existing nonconforming flat or apartment house located within the 18 19 residence district. 20 We know that's not the case we're dealing with here. 21 22 So, the quest is -- is to question whether structural alterations to this 23 the premises

required by some other municipal regulations and that has not been represented here by the appellant.

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And if I -- if I may address the issue of section 3205.a -- b actually. 3205.b is -- is the -is what governs the vested rules. When the -- when the Zoning Commission has set down a map amendment and an application comes in after the date of that map amendment, the more restrictive standards applies to that application. So, at the time of the application of the appellant, the Capitol Gateway/CR Map Amendment was this property and Zoning vested on so, the Administrator is mandated to -to review this application under those regulations. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Anything else? MR. BELLO: That's it. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Hildebrand, did you have questions? COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: I quess I'd like to have your interpretation of the specific language in Capitol Gateway Overlay concerning the grandfathering in of industrial uses as matter of right or conforming uses, specific language. Could you -- could you go to that section and quote that for me too please? CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Section 1605. Is that right?

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VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 1605.1. I have it. It's --2 3 MR. GOLDBERG: I can give it to him. I've 4 got it right. 5 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Do you have it? MR. GOLDBERG: Yes. 8 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Good. 9 MR. GOLDBERG: It's right here. 10 MR. BELLO: And I'll read that. This is a 11 commercial or industrial use that was permitted in the M Zone District that is in existence with a valid 12 13 certificate of occupancy as of the date of provisions of this chapter first became effective 14 15 shall be deemed a conforming use, but shall not be entitled to expand. 16 Well -- well, what you have here a 17 18 conflicting issue. You have an underlying zone that 19 appears to be more restrictive than a overlay zone and 20 I don't see any specific language in this overlay that addresses that as to which takes precedence. 21 22 it's not, then the Zoning Administrator must apply the more restrictive standards. 23 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Well, when the 24

-- when the overlay is for a specific boundary and

1	it's talking about CR in a specific area as opposed to
2	the city at large, I would think that that would be
3	considered the more restrictive language. Do you
4	think otherwise?
5	MR. BELLO: Yes, I disagree, sir. In
6	instances where there may be conflicts between an
7	overlay and an underlying zone, the regulations would
8	generally instruct which takes precedence.
9	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Why do you think
10	the commission would have specifically spoken to this
11	issue if it didn't consider this to be definitive?
12	MR. BELLO: I'd say an oversight on the
13	part of the Zoning Commission.
14	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: And oversight or
15	an intention?
16	MR. BELLO: Well, that's subject to
17	debate. I mean we're we're talking about the
18	Zoning Administrator attempting to interpret the best
19	intentions of the Zoning Commission and then the
20	broader rule is the way you have a conflict between
21	two sections of the regulations. The more prohibitive
22	of those sections shall apply when not specifically
23	instructed.
24	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: But, wouldn't
25	you agree that if a if an overlay was talking to a

specific area as opposed to the city at large, my definition it's more restrictive. It's not comprehensive for the city. It's restrictive to an area. So, it seems to me that you could also very convincingly argue that that is a more restrictive condition than the underlying zone.

MR. BELLO: Well, I mean your point is well taken, but that -- that is to suggest that the CR zone in the Capitol Gateway area are different from other CR zones in the city and -- and that will be -- I think that runs contrary to the uniformity clause of the Zoning Act.

COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Isn't that the entire purpose of the overlay? To grant additional flexibility for zoning in -- in specific areas to encourage certain things or discourage others.

MR. BELLO: Well, overlays are stand alone zoning districts in themselves. At least as applied by the Zoning Commission. So, the fact that there's an overlay here which may serve to protect certain interests in the -- in the geographic area does not eliminate the uniformity clause of the Zoning Act where the CR zone is perhaps viewed to be different from other CR zone in the -- in the -- in other parts of the city.

1	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Thank you.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mrs. Miller.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Mr. Bello, you
4	may have already answered this, but I I want to be
5	clear on it. In looking at the specifics of 1605.1,
6	can you tell me with respect to this particular type
7	of operation, is it first permitted in the CM or M
8	Zone Districts?
9	MR. BELLO: Solid waste handling facility?
10	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: If that's how
11	this is characterized.
12	MR. BELLO: Sure. Well, I believe it is
13	permitted by special exception also in CM Zone.
14	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: It's permitted
15	by special exception in the CM Zone and what about in
16	the M Zone? Is it permitted in the M Zone as a matter
17	of right?
18	MR. BELLO: By by special exception.
19	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
20	MR. BELLO: You're welcome.
21	MEMBER ETHERLY: If I could, Mr. Chair,
22	just just a quick question on the 2002.4
23	interpretation because I'm going to still need some
24	help sorting out the first part of the argument
25	regarding the the more restrictive zone piece.

With respect to 2002.4, so, is it -- is it the District's intention that any type of structural alteration has to be tied to a specific municipal law or regulation?

MR. BELLO: Absolutely and I think that you have to view that in the context of what the intent of the regulations are, vis-a-vis nonconforming uses.

The interest of the zoning regulations quite frankly bring about the demise of non-conforming uses.

To that extent, those sections are written to be very restrictive as to allow structural alterations. I don't think that there's -- there's any argument here that the scope of work here meets the threshold of a structural alteration.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Is there -- with respect to that particular point, however, is there a distinction within 2002.4 as it relates to the other types of actions that are referred in that section? Meaning if I were the appellant, would I argue or I might be inclined to argue once again the EISF consistently refers to repairs. By virtue of the fact that 2002.4 by its terms in that second sentence specifically refers to structural alterations, one

argument that I might try to make is well, isn't that
setting out a distinction between ordinary repairs,
alterations or modernizations because of that seriatim
listing of the types of things that are allowed with
respect to a non-conforming use? If something can be
characterized as a repair does that take you out of
the scope of that second sentence?
MR. BELLO: Absolutely. Clearly, the
section permits what's deemed to be ordinary repairs,
alterations, and modernizations of the existing
structure.
MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
MR. BELLO: But, it prohibits the the
structural alteration of of such a structure.
MEMBER ETHERLY: So, it would be the
District's position that what we have here is not a
simple repair even though that's what the EISF is
stating, but rather you have structural alterations.
MR. BELLO: Yes, sir, from the Zoning
Administrator's standpoint, the office's determination
would would be related to the building permit
application and the plans submitted.
MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
MR. BELLO: And not so much the EISF

statement.

MEMBER ETHERLY: And what in the -- in the project description would you identify as a structural alteration? If you go back to, for example, the appellant's pre-hearing statement, the page that I spent some time walking through, page four which lifts in part the language that was placed on the EISF, what in that list would you define as structural alteration or would you -- or would the District define all of that essentially as structural alteration? And once again, that's construction of the one weight scale, repair, replacement of existing structural steel. I mean what in that listing would you identify as a structural alteration?

MR. BELLO: Replacement of the existing structural steel, replacement of existing structural roof, existing concrete floor replacement.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. And then the second part of my question is with respect to the continuation of 2002.4 in that second sentence except those required by other municipal law or regulation, you heard reference from one of the appellant's representatives, and that might have been Mr. Florance, speaking to the issue of a number of things that were being done as part of an effort to insure compliance with this existing regulation.

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specific issue of the it might have been the UST
and I can't recall what the other item was that we
spoke about. But, there was a reference to the fact
that some of the things that were being done were, in
fact, to remain in to insure continuing compliance
with existing regulations. What would the District's
response be to that to that argument?
MR. BELLO: Well, I mean it is not
inconceivable that that some of the work may be so
related, but then all of the work are not so related.
MEMBER ETHERLY: Um-hum.
MR. BELLO: Clearly, the the work
proposed here is to insure the longevity of this use
and that runs contrary to the interests of the zoning
regulations with respect to non-conforming uses.
MEMBER ETHERLY: Thank you. Thank you,
Mr. Chair.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes.
VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Just to hammer
this point one more time, I want to make sure I
understand your position. You're not saying that the
use is not permitted in this zone. Are you?
MR. BELLO: What I'm saying would be the
new zoning for the property which the Capitol Gateway

I think it was perhaps with regard to the

underlines on CR does not permit the use. But, because the -- the use predates the amendment, the map amendment, they're deemed a non-conforming use from the date of the vesting of their map amendment.

In other words, perhaps --

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: They're -- to me, they're two separate issues. Whether or not you think that 1605.1 takes precedence over the other regulations. I -- I -- I understand that argument.

Separate from that argument, when I'm looking at the language in 1605.1, just looking at that, do you believe that this is a use that's permitted in this -- I believe that you said it was a use that was permitted in the CM and M Zone by special exception.

MR. BELLO: Correct.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So, it is a permitted use. Correct?

MR. BELLO: Sure. It is a permitted use under the old zoning designation of the property and if you go back to the reading of my definition of non-conforming uses, it's tells you that a use lawfully in existence prior to an amendment of the regulations actually picks up the status of a non-conforming use once that map amendment is vested.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. My next question is then do you believe they had a -- they 2 have a valid certificate of occupancy? 3 MR. BELLO: That's subject to debate, but 4 5 they do have a certificate of occupancy. VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That's the 6 second criteria in this regulation which I know you 8 say doesn't -- you don't believe applies, but what --9 do you want to elaborate on that or not? 10 MR. BELLO: On --11 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: On whether -why they would not have a valid certificate of 12 13 occupancy or why their certificate of occupancy would not be considered valid? 14 15 MR. BELLO: Well, I'm -- I'm cautious about that because I recognize that the city's been in 16 17 long-standing litigation with some of these facilities 18 and their manner of operation. But, that's not an 19 issue here. 20 The question you asked me was whether they had a valid certificate of occupancy. I'm willing to 21 22 recognize that they have a certificate of occupancy. I think whether it's valid or not may still be subject 23 to some legal outcome that I have no control over. 24

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER:

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That wasn't a

1	factor in the in DCRA's
2	MR. BELLO: Absolutely not.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: denial of the
4	permit?
5	MR. BELLO: Absolutely not.
6	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
7	you.
8	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Does any of the
9	damage again, we haven't had purview of of the
10	proposed work plans, but does any of the damage that
11	they're trying to repair rise to the level of a
12	structural deficiency that would cause an an
13	occupancy hazard?
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Could you answer
15	that question in your class as Zoning Administrator?
16	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Oh, that's true.
17	MR. BELLO: Well
18	COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: You're
19	absolutely right. Sorry.
20	MR. BELLO: well, I I really can't
21	because I didn't personally review the plans and
22	actually find it odd that the appellant did not
23	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. But, I think
24	the pertinent point in what your question is going to
25	is what your testimony actually stated is that you did

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1	not see if I'm correct in understanding it, you did
2	not see evidence of any agency or department requiring
3	the work. Is that correct?
4	MR. BELLO: Absolutely. That's correct.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. What else?
6	Anything else?
7	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Well, my
8	understanding is that the permit was denied because
9	the work was perceived by DCRA to involve an expansion
10	and can you is that correct?
11	MR. BELLO: Absolutely not. If you read
12	if you read the text of the section under which
13	they've been referred to the Board of Zoning
14	Adjustment, there's nothing in there about expansion.
15	That only speaks to structural alteration.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: 2002.4. Okay.
17	Anything else from the Board? Ms. Miller.
18	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Sorry. Maybe
19	it's the late hour, but is is structural
20	alterations defined somewhere or differentiated
21	between what's a structural alterations and what's a
22	modernization or what or the other or a repair
23	or alteration?
24	MR. BELLO: Not specifically, but I think
25	that our professional training makes us understand

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when the structures are built and is being altered or moved and here we're talking about moving steel beams, roofs. Those are structural elements of that building.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: So, does that mean a roof can't be repaired if something happens to it? For instance, they say because of snow storm or something. They can't repair their roof because that's a structural alteration.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Can I just go directly to the text of 2002.4 to answer the question where it starts out ordinary repairs, alterations, and modernizations. Mr. Bello, your testimony to the fact that your professional knowledge and convention of construction and design leads you to an understanding of the difference between repairs, alterations, and modernizations and structural alterations. Is that correct?

MR. BELLO: That's correct, sir.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. So, the direct answer to the question now then is a roof repair is covered under 2002.4?

MR. BELLO: Well, a roof repair's may be covered to the extent that you need to replace the main beam of a roof.

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1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
2	MR. BELLO: But, when you're removing the
3	structural elements of that roof, then that's
4	that's
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: It becomes a
6	structural alteration.
7	MR. BELLO: Absolutely.
8	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
9	MS. BELL: I I don't I don't know if
10	we've we've talking about this, but I don't know
11	if we added all the language. In in their
12	submission, they indicate that the roof it's the
13	roof and the substructure as well as the six or seven
14	other items.
15	So, it might be helpful. For the record,
16	they want to construct one weight scale. That's a new
17	50 pound weight scale. They want to replace existing
18	structural steel. They want to repair the existing
19	weight scale.
20	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. That's not
21	lost on me. Is everyone following that? Yes, I think
22	we fully understand the the scope of work that's
23	being proposed.
24	MS. BELL: All right.
25	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Ms. Miller,

399 was your questioning -- did you have follow-up? VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 2 One more 3 I see what you're saying with respect to question. the referral that it references -- it needs to have 5 BZA approval because it's a structural alteration. Is that evident in any of the other -any of 6 correspondence to the appellant? 8 MR. BELLO: Which specifically? 9 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: That -- that the 10 permit's being denied because this is a structural 11 alteration. MR. BELLO: Okay. Let me try to explain 12 Because I think that perhaps you're -- you're 13 paying undue attention to the language, the precuser 14 15 language to that referral letter. and clearly here, 16 and -the 17 correspondence of pertinence would only be the one between the Zoning Administrator and the applicant and 18 not the EISF, the EIS correspondence. 19 20 But, the section under which a referral is -- is given is the substantive part of a referral and 21 22 2002.4 it's very clear in its language notwithstanding that the word enlargement was employed here, but the 23

nothing to do with potential enlargement of

Zoning Administrator's determination again will have

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existing use.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I didn't follow that. You said they use the word enlargement, but it had nothing to do with the enlargement of what?

MR. BELLO: I'm not sure I understand your question. Your question was whether there was some use of the word enlargement in correspondence with the applicant?

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: No, my question is I think that you've stated here that it was referred to the BZA because this involves a structural alteration pursuant to 2002.4.

MR. BELLO: Correct.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: My question to you was with respect to the correspondence between DCRA and the appellant, is there any indication there that the permit was being denied because it was a structural alteration which wasn't allowed pursuant to this provision?

MR. BELLO: I'm not sure what specific correspondence you refer to, but the correspondence of relevance here which is the determinant factor in -- in the disposition of an application is the referral that is generated as a result of the review of that application and -- and that's a copy of that referral

which is the Zoning Administrator's memo.

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So, there -- there -- my point is there -- there isn't requirement in the zoning regulations that an applicant be pre-informed in a letter that they were enlarging.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Ι quess general understanding of this case is that there was a lot of correspondence about the issue of whether or not this was an enlargement and that they were being denied the permit because it involved an enlargement and that they had the opportunity to respond over several months to show you why it wasn't an enlargement and if you're saying to me that no, that's not the reason the permit was denied. It's being denied because it's a structural alteration. like that should have been corresponded the appellant previously so they would have had the opportunity to say yes or no, this isn't a structural alteration.

MR. BELLO: Well, I can provide a bit of an explanation and background to that. Clearly, this application was in process before I -- I became the Zoning Administrator. So, I pretty much dealt with this application towards the tail end of -- of the process.

1	Do I find questionable some of the
2	correspondence that has exchanged hands between
3	MS. BELL: I I think I if I could
4	interject, you know, it was during a time when Denzel
5	Noble was acting as both the Acting Zoning
6	Administrator and the BLRA Administrator.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, let's go to
8	the pertinence. We have an appeal before us. Is it
9	it is a requirement that the that you would have
10	notified at some point or have you have you mislead
11	the appellant in this case of what actual relief they
12	needed to seek before the BZA.
13	MS. BELL: Well, the reason why I jumped
14	in is because when Mr. Noble sent correspondence
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right.
16	MS. BELL: he did not make he did
17	not distinguish whether he was raising zoning issues
18	or BLRA issues because he was wearing two hats and so,
19	some of the correspondence that that you see here
20	in this case
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I don't want to get
22	wrapped to wrapped to tightly around
23	MS. BELL: Okay.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: this because look

letter, second point. The first point is a letter of referral which is sent under separate cover. We already have testimony that there nothing attached.

The second point says statement regarding the reduced scope of work at this location that would not require BZA approval. That's direct zoning and he starts saying well, if you didn't increase machinery or equipment or the square footage or operation, that goes directly to expansion.

I mean I'm not surprised that we were prepared to hear a whole lot of testimony and argument on expansion and so, I think what Ms. Miller is really directly stating is that this whole argument that starts with section 602 leads us to 822 which gets us to 2002 which then gets us into 35 or 3205 is a fascinating argument that now needs digestion, but it comes as a surprise to me and so, I cannot imagine that Mr. Goldberg is prepared to -- to address all of it tonight.

commissioner Hildebrand: I guess I have one follow-up question. If -- if you -- if one was to consider, what is it, 1605.1 to be designating this use as a conforming use, would then not 2002.4 not apply? And then --

MR. BELLO: Absolutely correct, sir.

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COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: Okay. So, that is part of the question as well. 2 3 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I'm sorry. What 4 would not apply if 1605.1 did? 5 COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: 2002.4 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: 2002.4. Which is the COMMISSIONER HILDEBRAND: 8 restriction that you couldn't do structural repairs to 9 a non-conforming use. 10 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Exactly and I think 11 that was well put together before us. We now have obviously a counter argument to it. 12 13 Okay. Other substantive questions at this point? No? Okay. 14 15 Where are we then? Anything else on this? No, other than the government 16 MS. BELL: 17 does concede that there was an error made. We agree 18 with the appellant with regard to the OP report. 19 understand that the OP report did incorrectly identify the ten extra employees as part of their analysis. 20 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Was that the 21 22 basis of not issuing a permit? No. No, because our -- because 23 MS. BELL: our argument is that it -- it was not part of 24 25 consideration for the Zoning Division, but

1	obviously, that's something that they've raised.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: I have to ask
4	one more question. Is there any other documentation
5	that the the Zoning Division considered 2002.4, the
6	rationale that you're addressing today with respect to
7	structural alterations, as the reason for the denial
8	of the permit?
9	MS. BELL: I think Mr. Bello can best
10	answer that.
11	MR. BELLO: That determination is squarely
12	mine given the time at which I came into the
13	application and and the overview of the review of
14	one of my review staff.
15	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: When did you
16	make that determination?
17	MR. BELLO: Within a week of seeing the
18	application.
19	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Well, when? Can
20	you give me a date? Just a a month?
21	MR. BELLO: I'm not the best with dates,
22	but the obviously, the application I believe had
23	been lying around for awhile and as soon as I assumed
24	responsibility for that office, my tech reviewer
25	approached me with the application. I simply based on

1	my interpretation of the regulations told her to draft
2	a letter for referral to the BZA. Based on
3	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Well, we can go
4	by the date of the date of the memorandum at least.
5	MR. BELLO: Sure.
6	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: November 3rd,
7	2004.
8	MR. BELLO: Absolutely.
9	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. Thank
10	you.
11	MR. BELLO: Right.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What else? Anything
13	from the Board? Okay. Finished?
14	MS. BELL: Yes.
15	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Excellent. Thank
16	you all very much.
17	Mr. Goldberg.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Thank you. Good evening,
19	Mr. Bello.
20	I notice you did not have 1605.1 with you
21	in your regulations tonight. Is that correct?
22	MR. BELLO: Answer that.
23	MS. BELL: I I do.
24	MR. BELLO: Well, actually, these
25	regulations belong to the General Counsel and

1	obviously, their's are not up as up-to-date as mine
2	are, but that is not to say that the division is not
3	cognizant of the existence of the Capitol Gateway
4	Overlay.
5	MR. GOLDBERG: Well, when is the first
6	time you saw 1605.1? Was it tonight?
7	MR. BELLO: Absolutely not. I believe I
8	saw it perhaps I saw it when I was working with
9	the Board of Zoning Adjustments here.
10	MR. GOLDBERG: So, that would be before
11	November 3rd?
12	MR. BELLO: Way before November 3rd. Yes.
13	MR. GOLDBERG: And did you make a specific
14	determination for purposes of ETW's permit application
15	that you decided that this was a non-conforming use as
16	opposed to a conforming use under 1605.1?
17	MR. BELLO: Absolutely.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: And when did you make
19	when did you make that determination?
20	MR. BELLO: At the time that I was
21	approached by the review technician which would be
22	close within a week of the date of this referral
23	memo.
24	MR. GOLDBERG: And just to clarify I think
25	from Mr. Hildebrand's question, that if 1605.1 is

1	deemed to apply by the Board, then you would agree
2	that the question of whether 2002.4 would apply is a
3	is a not a relevant question? Is that correct?
4	MR. BELLO: Oh, absolutely.
5	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Now, let's take a
6	look at 2002.4. That talks about structural
7	alterations. Is that correct?
8	MR. BELLO: That's correct.
9	MR. GOLDBERG: And it does talk about
10	alterations made to a structure in the first sentence.
11	Ordinary repairs, alterations or modernizations may
12	be made to a structure or portion of a structure
13	devoted to a non-conforming use. Is that correct?
14	MR. BELLO: That is correct.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: So, some alterations can be
16	made to a structure
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sorry. Your mike
18	went off for some reason.
19	MR. GOLDBERG: Oh, sorry. Some
20	alterations can be made to a structure without it
21	being a a structural alteration. Is that correct?
22	MR. BELLO: That is possible.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: Now, let's take a look at
24	the definition of structure which you have to go back
25	to let's see. It's on page 126 in my copy. It's

1	in the definitions at the very beginning of the Title
2	11 and it specifically states that the term structure
3	shall not include mechanical equipment, but shall
4	include the supports for mechanical equipment. Are
5	you familiar with that definition?
6	MR. BELLO: Absolutely.
7	MR. GOLDBERG: So, would you agree with me
8	that a a scale is mechanical equipment?
9	MR. BELLO: Absolutely.
10	MR. GOLDBERG: So, if you put in a scale,
11	that's not a structural alteration. Is it?
12	MR. BELLO: I agree.
13	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Now, are you
14	familiar with the regulations that your agency has
15	promulgated with respect to either that or the D.C.
16	Counsel rather, with respect to the solid waste
17	transfer facilities?
18	MR. BELLO: As reflected in the zoning
19	regulations or in terms of
20	MR. GOLDBERG: Not zoning regulations.
21	Title 21 specifically
22	MR. BELLO: No, I'm not.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: Section 7. Okay.
2324	MR. GOLDBERG: Section 7. Okay. MR. BELLO: No, I'm not.

731.15e provides that proposed solid waste facilities
shall be constructed or an existing facility shall be
modified so as to prevent diseased vectors from
entering the building through the facility's
foundation, roof, exterior walls, doors or conduits?
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is this Title 21?
MR. GOLDBERG: Yes, it is.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: You just asked him
if he was familiar and then you read him a section and
asked he was familiar with the section?
MR. GOLDBERG: Well, I'm asking whether
he's familiar with the general obligation of the solid
waste facility that have such a structure.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Under Title 21.
MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Mr. Bello?
MR. BELLO: No, I'm not.
MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Does it make sense
to you that if if your agency requires that there
be such a roof to prevent disease vectors from
entering the building that that roof would need to be
impermeable?
MR. BELLO: I agree.
MR. GOLDBERG: So, if a roof needs to such
that it doesn't leak, would you agree with me that

	chac is something that b.c. law requires:
2	MR. BELLO: I agree.
3	MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. Another provision
4	MS. BELL: Well, I'm going to object to
5	this line of questioning because it it really is
6	forcing him to make an assessment about regulations he
7	hasn't had a chance to review and it also you know,
8	the solid waste transfer stations have been the
9	subject of a lot of litigation. There's a lot of
10	legislative intent tied up in in the regulations
11	and so, I think it's a little a little difficult to
12	balance that against the obligations for the zoning
13	regulations.
14	Whether or not there's a a roof has
14 15	whether or not there's a a roof has nothing to do with whether the roof requires a
15	nothing to do with whether the roof requires a substructure and a whole lot of other things.
15 16	nothing to do with whether the roof requires a substructure and a whole lot of other things.
15 16 17	nothing to do with whether the roof requires a substructure and a whole lot of other things. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's the heading
15 16 17 18	nothing to do with whether the roof requires a substructure and a whole lot of other things. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's the heading of Title 21?
15 16 17 18	nothing to do with whether the roof requires a substructure and a whole lot of other things. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: What's the heading of Title 21? MS. BELL: It's the solid waste section.
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1	MR. GOLDBERG: Um-hum.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And what's the
3	regulatory agency that enforces Title 21?
4	MR. GOLDBERG: DCRA.
5	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: And the subagencies
6	that look at it?
7	MR. GOLDBERG: The subagencies that look
8	at it?
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Is the Department of
10	Health involved?
11	MR. GOLDBERG: Department of Health might
12	get involved. Sure.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
14	MR. GOLDBERG: Certainly Department of
15	Public Works.
16	MS. BELL: Yes, DPW and it's like three or
17	four agencies.
18	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Indeed. I tend to
20	agree with the objection in terms of making on the
21	spot determinations zoning determinations based on
22	a Title 21 that Mr. Bello has already indicated that
23	he's not familiar with.
24	I think if these obviously, if these
25	agencies would have informed the the Zoning Branch

of the Zoning Administrator as to requirements, but I haven't heard those kind of questionings. Whether there was actual evidence of requirements under 21 that would have impacted a review. Unless that's where you're going with it.

MR. GOLDBERG: Well, I believe on direct one of our witnesses did say, in fact, that some of these changes were required to comply with D.C. law.

Then I believe on -- on the government's case, we heard statements that we didn't say that and then we heard allegations that frankly are different than the explanation issue. That this is a -- a structural alteration.

So, we're responding to that by putting out on the record the fact that -- in fact, they're not structural alterations for three reasons. One is because they don't fall in the definition because they're really just an alteration to a structure. These aren't significant types of changes that would be that.

But, second of all, I'm not sure you need to go there because as the witness has already said, the scale is not a structural alteration. So, that's completely out of this whole 2002.4 equation.

Then you get to basically many of the

1	other changes deal with a a floor that is permeable
2	and a roof that is not permeable and siding and
3	there's specific provisions that address that.
4	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Direct me to it
5	then. Where was it evidenced? Is there an exhibit
6	that shows that it was a requirement? There was a
7	code violation. There was something of hard evidence
8	that was established. This the work the scope
9	of work was required to meet some applicable code.
10	MR. GOLDBERG: We can submit evidence. We
11	didn't because again the issue that was presented was
12	that it was an improper enlargement or an expansion.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. And I
14	understand that.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
16	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, here's
17	here's what I'm faced with in looking at all the
18	evidence at this point. Mr. Bello said nothing was
19	presented to him in terms of evidence that this was a
20	requirement to meet municipal codes. You're saying
21	well, you do have them. We're just at a back and
22	forth.
23	So, I think at some point that we would
24	show some some hard evidence on that.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Yes, I would agree with

you, Mr. Chair. I -- there's nothing that I see in the submittal that would suggest that there was an explicit statement on the part of the appellant and in the -- the EISF submittals that connected this to -- to a specific regulation or requirement and I don't perhaps means to turn this into a reverse cross on the appellant.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure.

MEMBER ETHERLY: Because I'm still -- and I'm just going to shut up. I'm still struggling with -- to get to 2002.4, you still have to -- you have to find that this is a non-conforming use and I still don't understand that argument yet.

MR. GOLDBERG: And we don't -- and we don't want to accept that argument. We're trying to cover the bases, but --

MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay.

MR. GOLDBERG: -- but, we don't accept that argument. In fact, I would ask the witness to take a look Exhibit 5 on that issue.

Now, we're not shy and now, the government agrees that the Office of Planning got something desperately wrong in this argument, but we would submit -- I would submit to the witness and see if he agrees that the Office of Planning assumed this was a

conforming use. Didn't they in the third paragraph?

Don't they specifically state that the Capitol Gateway

Overlay states that existing industrial uses with

valid certificate of occupancy shall be deemed

conforming use, but are not entitled to expand?

So, the Office of -- my question is the

Office of Planning agreed with our position that this

is a conforming use. Didn't it?

MR. BELLO: Well, they may have, but they

do not have the statutory responsibility for

MR. BELLO: Well, they may have, but they do not have the statutory responsibility for interpreting the zoning regulations and I think records abound on disagreements over zoning interpretations between Zoning Administrator's Office and the Office of Planning.

MR. GOLDBERG: You'll agree that there's no indication of your thought process in any document that has been presented to the Board in this case as to a determination by you that this was a non-conforming use as opposed to a conforming use.

MS. BELL: You know, I -- I will take the hit for that and I intended to ask the Board for an opportunity to memorialized our statements. Unfortunately, we have gotten records in an untimely fashion and that's not related to the appellant and

1	so, as a result, we were not able to memorialize his
2	statements to this date.
3	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: But, you intend to
4	in some fashion?
5	MS. BELL: Yes, I do. That was something
6	I was going to ask at the conclusion.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.
8	MR. GOLDBERG: Are you familiar with
9	you you referred to language about a special
LO	special exception process for solid waste transfer
L1	facilities in an M District. Do you remember that
L2	testimony?
L3	MR. BELLO: That's correct, sir.
L4	MR. GOLDBERG: For example, that would
L 5	include the 300-foot setback?
L 6	MR. BELLO: That's correct.
L 7	MR. GOLDBERG: And do you know when that
L 8	was put into place? Became effective.
_9	MR. BELLO: When the regulations were
20	amended?
21	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
22	MR. BELLO: I don't remember the exact
23	the exact date, but I know it's at least easily seven
24	years old.
25	MR. GOLDBERG: Right. It's in the 1990s.
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1	The latter part of the 1990s.
2	MR. BELLO: Exactly.
3	MR. GOLDBERG: Are you familiar when
4	Eastern Trans Waste starting using the facility for a
5	solid waste transfer facility?
6	MR. BELLO: I can't say I remember Eastern
7	Trans Waste particularly, but I I remember in
8	general the issues that we had with how these uses
9	came to be established prior to the amendment of the
10	regulations to create this use classification.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: So, it was a preexisting
12	use prior to the special exception process coming into
13	law. Is that correct?
14	MR. BELLO: That's correct.
15	MR. GOLDBERG: Just give me a moment if
16	you would.
17	MEMBER ETHERLY: In the interim, Mr.
18	Chair, let me take an opportunity to jump in with a
19	question of Mr. Bello.
20	With respect to there was a question
21	regarding where you have two provisions that are
22	conflicting, I recall there is language somewhere that
23	speaks to that. Do you recollect what that language
24	is in the zoning regs where you have two seemingly
25	conflicting zoning designation? How you would

necessarily resolve that, i.e. -- or -- or is that simply --2 MR. BELLO: Actually, I believe that it's 3 4 -- it's a court opinion. 5 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. MR. BELLO: I'm sure that General Counsel 6 show be able to provide you with that. 8 MEMBER ETHERLY: Okay. Okay. If we could 9 -- if our legal counsel could take a look at that, 10 that would be helpful for me. Thank you. 11 MR. BELLO: Thank you. MR. GOLDBERG: Nothing further. 12 13 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: No further cross? 14 Okay. I'm -- I'm sorry. Mr. Etherly, you were 15 looking for the provision that says in -- in the zoning regulations you defer to the -- the more 16 17 restrictive where two are in conflict. Is that 18 correct? Is it not interpretation and application 19 101? That's my first guess. That's all. I may be 20 mistaken. MR. GOLDBERG: Do you want to borrow mine 21 22 again? There you go. 23 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: All right. Well, we'll find it and cite it somewhere. I don't think it 24 25 is. Okay.

We're at 7:30. We would not go to calling all the other people that are filling the room for their -- well, okay. There's no one else in the room but you guys. But, we can go to closings right now or I can set this off. I don't imagine that rebuttal and closing summations are going to take much time. I can give you a week. I can give you two weeks. I can do it tonight.

It's up to you, Mr. Goldberg, how you'd like to proceed in this fashion as we have had quite a bit of case presentation tonight that was not previously anticipated.

MR. GOLDBERG: Well, we're -- we're prepared to -- to close and finish this proceeding.

I mean there -- you know, let me just state that there's no -- we've checked many times. We've got no submission from the government. So, I'm -- we're going to object to any non-routine submission.

Now, I understand the routine would be to have I guess a transcript and then time to do proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law. We're certainly not going to object to that and we're happy to do that as well.

But, you know, the idea that somehow we're

going to get a new basis for a decision at this late stage we don't think is appropriate, you know, I mean we think the record is procedure to happen. what the record is at this point. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. MR. GOLDBERG: And we're prepared to, you know, make a brief closing statement based on the 8 evidence that has come to light tonight. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: That's fine with me 10 and -- and I wasn't anticipating to keep the record 11 open for a week, but rather just give you additional time to prepare --12 13 MR. GOLDBERG: Sure. CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: -- closings, but if 14 15 you're ready to go, I think we are. MR. GOLDBERG: Okay. 16 17 VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Can I ask one question? 18 19 CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Sure. Mr. Bello, I VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: 20 just want to -- it's a very basic question, but I just 21 22 want to understand before I hear closing. When you decide upon denying or accepting a permit -- granting 23 a permit, the project description here we've -- we've 24

heard discussion, well, there are different things.

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There's a scale. There's a roof. There's a floor, whatever. Do you ever grant it in part? For if the scale instance, has nothing to do with structural alteration, would you be granting a permit in part for work to replace the scale, et cetera? That may very well be what the MR. BELLO: correspondence between the applicant and the Denzel Noble was about. If -in your primary review of application, an applicant who does not want to come to the BZA reserves the right to modify the application to -- to the extent that it is approvable as a matter of right. CHAIRPERSON MILLER: When that VICE happens, do you give them some indication as to what -- what they can do and what they can't do within the project description as a matter of right? MR. BELLO: Yes. Yes, that often occurs. Yes, and our first preliminary review of applications actually generate comments as to what the issues of the application may be. So, at least afford the applicant the opportunity to respond as to what direction exactly it is they want to go.

VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Okay. My last question is did that occur in this case?

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1	MR. BELLO: It may very well have occurred
2	prior to my taking up the job. I don't know, but I
3	never personally met with the applicants.
4	VICE CHAIRPERSON MILLER: Thank you.
5	MS. BELL: And, you know, I I sort of
6	want to raise the point. As I understand the
7	applicants' argument, they have no idea what the basis
8	for the referral was or that they got this memo from
9	as a result of this appeal, that they never saw the
10	memo before.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: No, that's not our
12	position.
13	MS. BELL: Okay.
14	MR. GOLDBERG: No.
15	MS. BELL: So
16	MR. GOLDBERG: Is a timing issue. We
17	we did get it. We we once we knew that there
18	was an attachment alleged or talked about, we pursued
19	it and pursued it and finally, I think in late
20	November or December, we got it.
21	MS. BELL: Okay. And and so the so
22	the the specific provisions that are outlined in
23	this exhibit as the basis for the referral were
24	identified. Correct?
25	MR. GOLDBERG: We're challenging November

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MS. BELL: Right.

MR. GOLDBERG: -- as what was identified. That's right.

MS. BELL: Okay.

MR. GOLDBERG: True.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay.

MR. GOLDBERG: Thank you and thank you for member of the panel.

We appreciate the opportunity to put the -- the factual evidence before the panel here. We think this is a very straightforward matter.

We had a decision that is right before you, it's Exhibit 4, that we're appealing from.

The word -- it's not a very long decision, but the word enlargement is certainly a finding there.

They refer to it as a proposed enlargement.

We've heard tonight for the first time testimony that said that that word had no relevance there, but we would dispute that. It's I think -- you know, when you have a record of a decision and it's a pretty short decision and they refer to work as a proposed enlargement and that's one reason why a variance is being sought, then I don't think that can be ignored, but the record is clear that there's no

evidence of a proposed enlargement.

I mean we spent on the expansion issue and we wanted to address that issue, but now, we hear that their not making that claim.

So, that really goes to this non-conforming/conforming issue. The evidence is before the panel that when the Capitol Gateway Overlay became final, 1605.1 included and I believe we've cited to language in the legislative history if you will of the Zoning Commission action.

That's from the January 5th <u>D.C. Register</u> of 2005. That expressly states we're not trying to get rid of industrial uses. We understand that's part of what's going on in that area here.

The Office of Planning did consider this to be part of a conforming use. So, there was no real issue there as far as we're concern, but obviously an issue that appeared was that well, even with the conforming use, it can't be an enlargement or an expansion. But, the record is now clear that DCRA is not claiming they made such a finding.

So, therefore, you have a -- a conforming use and there's been no finding by DCRA that there's been any expansion.

So, let's go to the second part of it.

They call it a non-conforming use and then do make reference to 2002.4. Well, that's an erroneous decision. That's a matter that we feel comfortable the panel can -- can look at and -- and weigh in on as to whether or not when you have the Zoning Commission go out their way to put that language in there, whether it's a nonentity. It means nothing. As no legal significance whatsoever.

I mean there is -- it's a lot of case law we could cite if necessary and I guess maybe we will in our conclusions of law as to why that is not the case.

The Zoning Commission, you know, with their vested authority took the action they did in this overlay and they did protect the existing industrial uses in that regard and that's protection we're entitled to.

Now, if the panel was to come out and say well, we actually do find it's a non-conforming use because we don't think that language does apply here, there is no evidence in the record. There's no basis. There's no record of decision. There's no finding. There are no correspondence or, you know, notices or any type of minimal due process where they've said, you know, ETW, the problem we have with your -- your

thing is it's a non-conforming use. This zoning change is out there. It's effective and, therefore, we think it's, you know, it's a structural alteration. That was never raised before.

Maybe that came on. We've heard the first time tonight that there's a new administrator and he made that decision. But, you know, that's the first we've heard of it.

So, we don't think you have to go there because the law clearly states it's a conforming use and everybody agrees that if it's a -- if it's a conforming use, you don't get to 2002.4.

If on the other hand there is a determination, then it's still arbitrary and capricious because there's no finding whatsoever in the record that this is a structural alteration nor is there support in the record for that to be a structure alteration.

I suppose if -- if the decision was made, it's a -- a non-conforming use, one possibility would be that the Board would remand it to the DCRA to have a proper record made so that we can make a submission on all the legal points as to why this work actually was required so that we would not have issues in that regard.

And clearly, that also would not be the case with the scale which he -- he has already -- the witness admitted is not a structural alteration.

Well, we'll close it at that. We think it's a straightforward case of a legal error, an arbitrary and capricious error made by the DCRA. So, therefore, this panel has jurisdiction to reverse that decision on that basis.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Thank you very much.

Do you have a current schedule? Okay. We're going to get a date for a decision on this based on the fact that we're going to need to get transcript. We're going to set it off at least, two, three -- I think we can make our first decision in May which would be the 3rd unless there's any difficulty with that.

Board members, I'm not keeping the record open for anything at this point outside of proposed findings and conclusions which means there would not be any responses unless the Board feels differently on that.

MEMBER ETHERLY: I'm -- I'm comfortable with that, Mr. Chair. I think any -- any necessary argumentation probably can be provided in the -- in the proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law.

1	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. There it is
2	then. We'll set it for the 3rd of May. It is
3	possible then we'd have submissions in on the
4	MR. GOLDBERG: Let me interrupt for
5	minute, Chair. I'm sorry. I missed that May 3rd
6	date. Obviously, it's a date I'd like to monitor, but
7	I am in doing a closing argument in an arbitration
8	in New York on on May 3rd.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. Of course,
10	that's our deliberation and decision.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: There wouldn't be
13	any additional you wouldn't have to be here.
14	MR. GOLDBERG: No, I know I could send
15	have somebody else. It's nice to have somebody here.
16	Well, we want a quick decision. So, we
17	can send somebody else here as long as there won't be
18	any need for clarification or anything from our side.
19	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: I can
20	MR. GOLDBERG: And that's fine.
21	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Well, there may well
22	be. You never know.
23	MR. GOLDBERG: Right.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Although it's not
25	very often the case as we are in a public meeting not

1	a hearing. It would we don't really have the forum
2	even to ask the question.
3	I don't have any difficulty setting it off
4	a week to the 10th.
5	MR. GOLDBERG: That would be preferable.
6	Right.
7	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: The scheduled public
8	meeting is something that we would end up having to
9	call. Actually, the 10th would work quite well it
10	looks like.
11	MR. GOLDBERG: We appreciate that. That
12	would be preferable for our side.
13	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. It would be a
14	special public meeting then for the 10th. We'll call
15	that at 9:30 which will delay our public hearings a
16	bit that morning.
17	I would have submissions in then well,
18	it's the day after so, it's going to be by 3:00 on
19	May 4th in the Office of Zoning. It certainly can
20	come in before that.
21	Okay. Any difficulty with that submission
22	on the 4th?
23	MR. GOLDBERG: Not at all. Thank you.
24	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: DCRA, any
25	difficulty?

1	MS. BELL: No.
2	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Okay. In which
3	case, I don't believe there's any other business for
4	us this evening unless there's any procedural
5	questions you have to ask. If there are none, very
6	well. Thank you very much. I appreciate your being
7	down here all night and all afternoon.
8	MR. NYARKU: Mr. Chairman.
9	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Yes.
10	MR. NYARKU: The special public meeting at
11	9:00 or 9:30? 9:00?
12	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Pardon me.
13	MR. NYARKU: The special public meeting.
14	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: We're going to call
15	the special public meeting at 9:30.
16	MR. NYARKU: At 9:30?
17	CHAIRPERSON GRIFFIS: Right. It will just
18	delay our hearings on that date.
19	Okay. If there's nothing further, Mr.
20	Nyarku, are you aware of any other business for the
21	Board this evening? I can't imagine that there is.
22	Very well. Thank you all very much. And
23	we'll see you or at least note your presence at the
24	the May hearing. Very well. We'll adjourn the

afternoon session.

432 (Whereupon, the hearing was concluded at 7:41 p.m.) 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20